

Challenging models with data from a multi-factor CO₂ & warming experiment

Martin De Kauwe & friends ...
 @mdekauwe82

10th May 2018



Multi-factor experiments

- Widely advocated as important for evaluating model predictions in response to global change.
- But models are rarely evaluated against more than a single factor!
 - Lack of **ecosystem** scale multi-factor experiments

ECOLOGY LETTERS

Ecology Letters, (2016) 19: 956–966

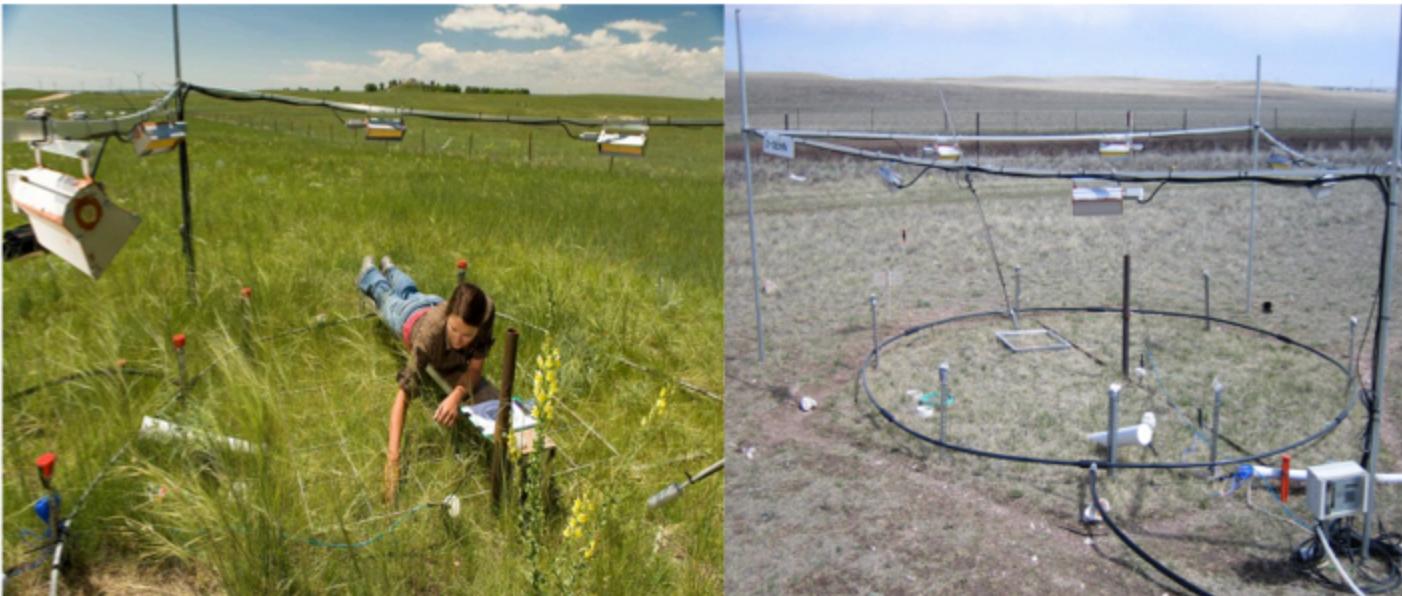
doi: 10.1111/ele.12634

K. E. Mueller,^{1*} D. M. Blumenthal,¹
E. Pendall,² Y. Carrillo,²
F. A. Dijkstra,³ D. G. Williams,⁴
R. F. Follett⁵ and J. A. Morgan¹

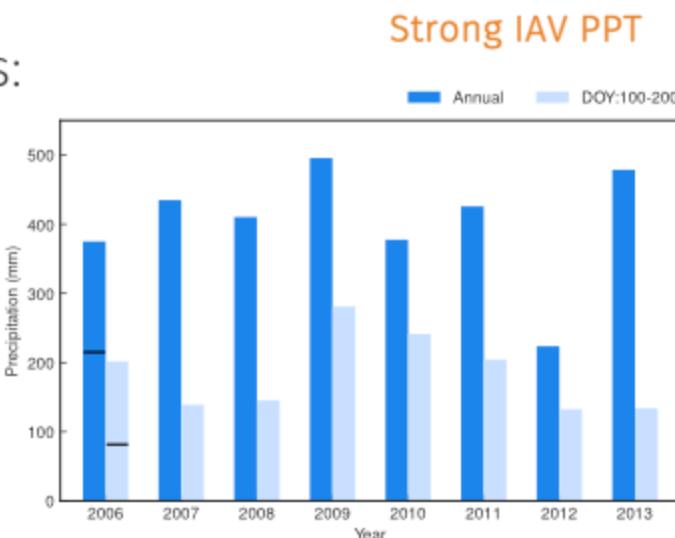
Impacts of warming and elevated CO₂ on a semi-arid grassland
are non-additive, shift with precipitation, and reverse over time

Prairie Heating and CO₂ Enrichment

- PHACE experiment (Wyoming, USA).



- 8 years, full factorial design with 5 replicates:
 - Mixed C₃ and C₄ grass prairie.
 - CO₂: 600 ppm vs. 385 ppm.
 - Warming: +1.5°C day / +3.0°C night.



Model setup

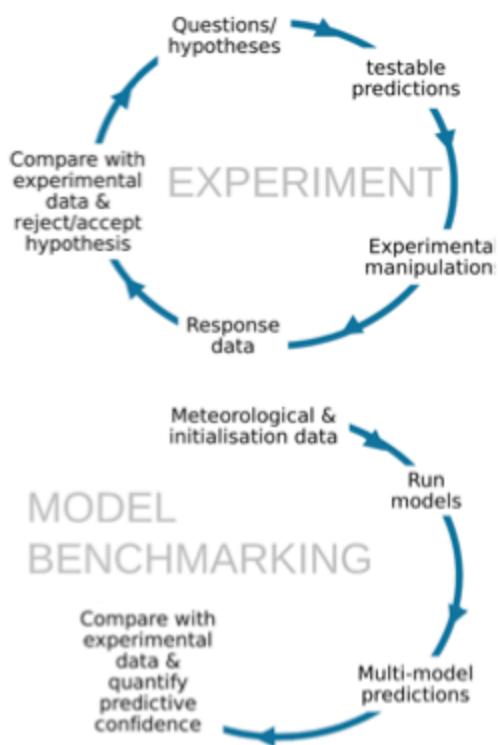
- We applied 10 models to the experiment.
 - CABLE, CLM4.5, DAYCENT, GDAY, ISAM, JULES, LPJ-GUESS, O-CN, ORCHIDEE & SDGVM.
- Modellers were provided with site characteristics to parameterise their models: **representative rather than tuned**.
- Models assumed the same effective soil water buckets.

Model benchmarking / evaluation

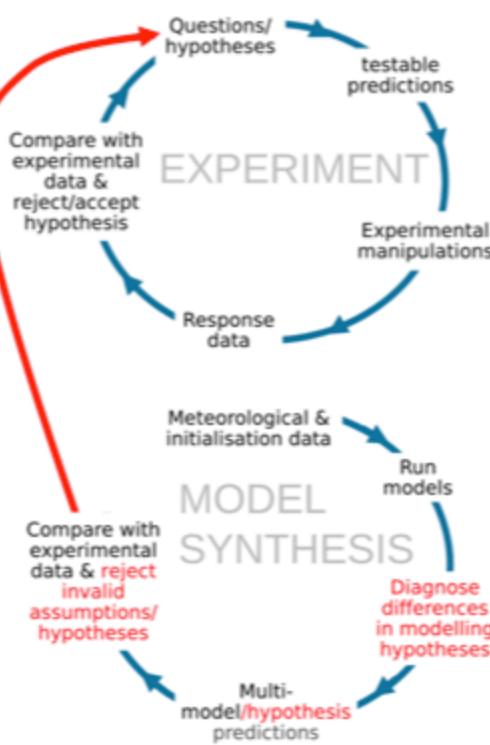
Aim was not to find the “best” model ...

“Assumption-centred modelling”

a) Model benchmarking/validation

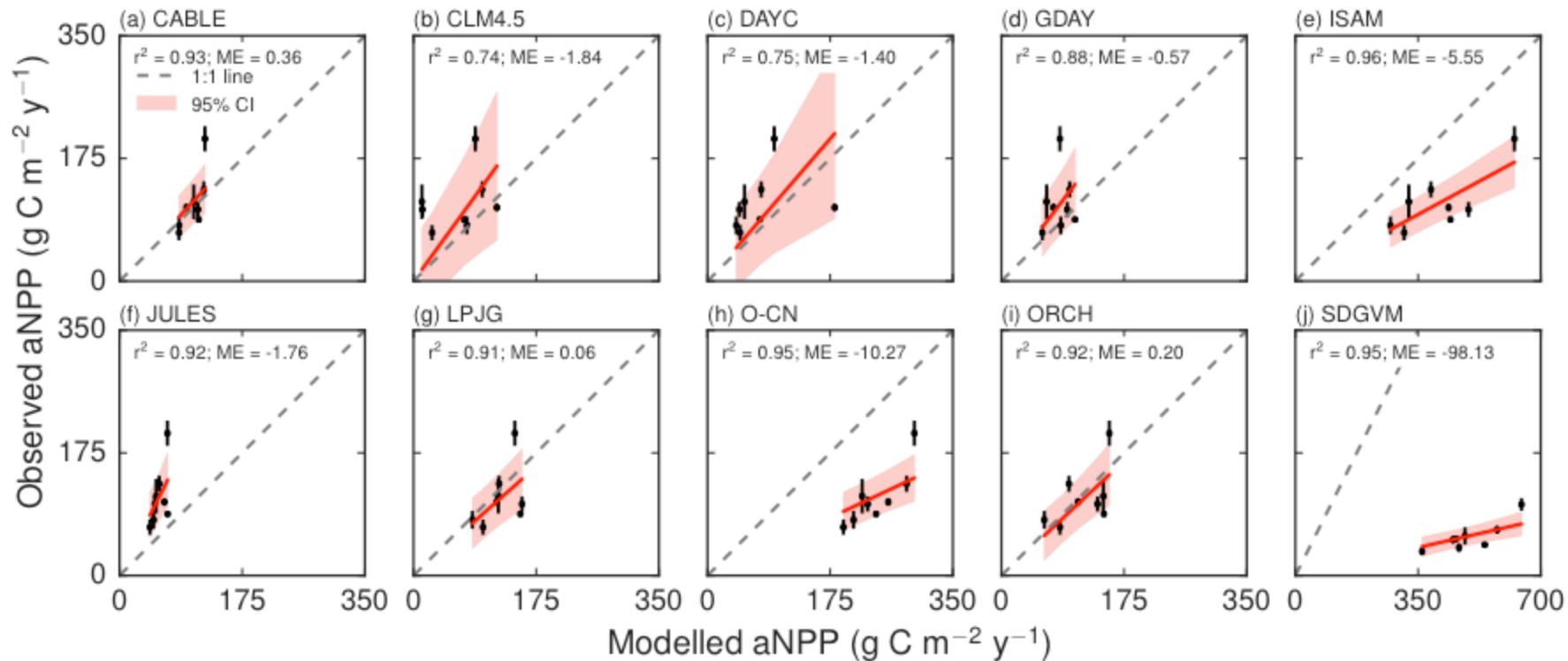


b) Model-experiment synthesis



- Explain model behaviour in terms of assumptions made
- Test competing model hypotheses with observations
- Identify key weaknesses where **new data / theory / experiments** are needed

Ambient aNPP



$$\text{aNPP} = \text{GPP}_u \cdot \text{CUE} \cdot A_b \cdot \beta \cdot \text{LAI}_r \cdot \text{LAP}_p$$

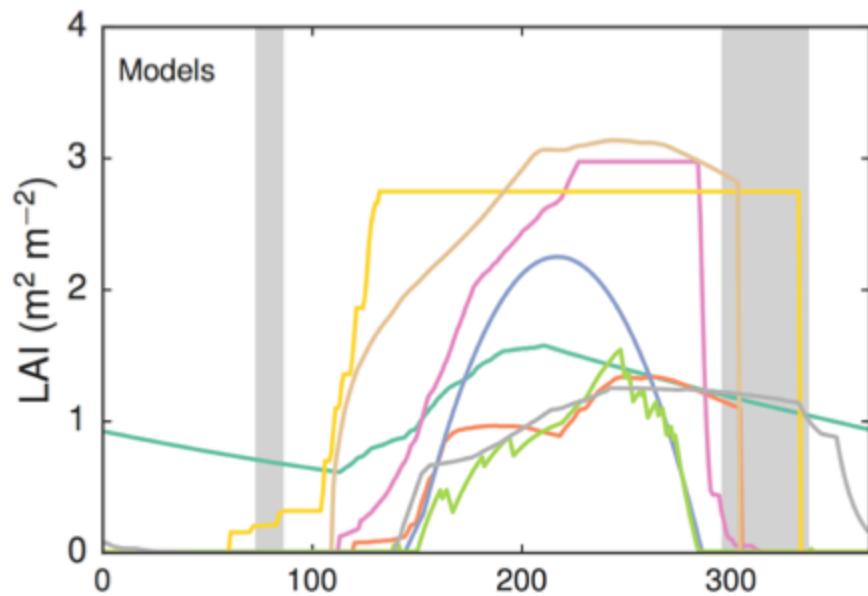
$A_b : 0.16 - 0.92$

$\beta : 0.17 - 0.97$

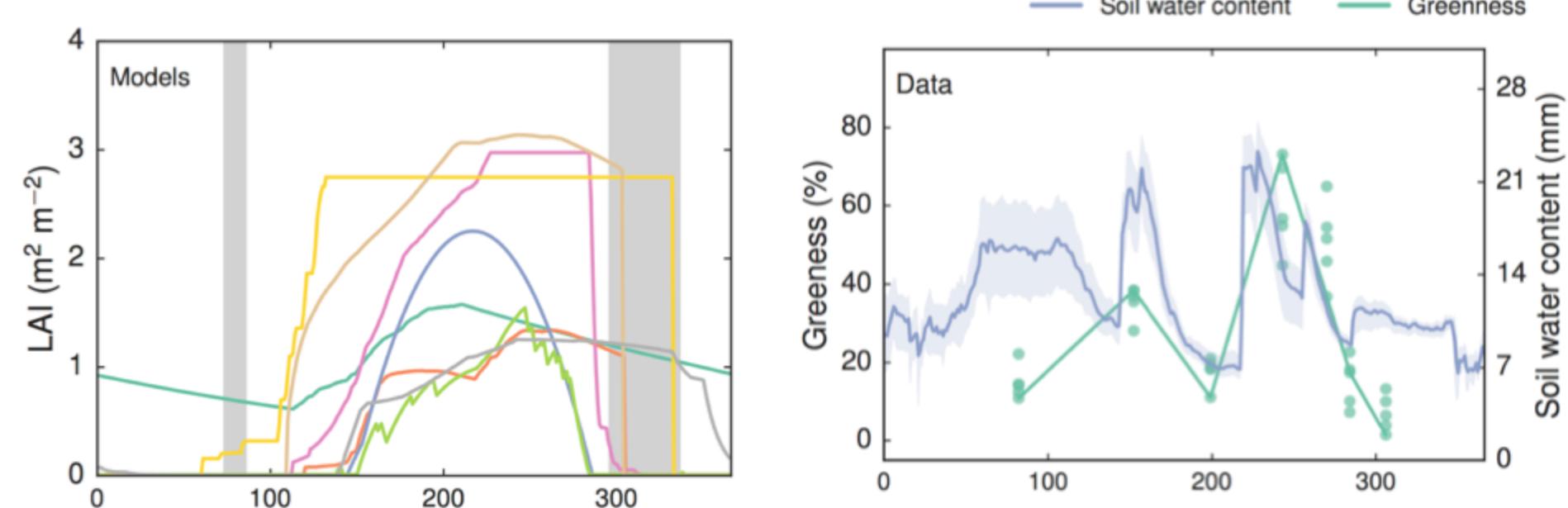
$\text{LAI}_r : 77 - 256 \text{ days}$

$\text{LAP}_p : 1.21 - 6.1 \text{ m}^2 \text{ m}^{-2}$

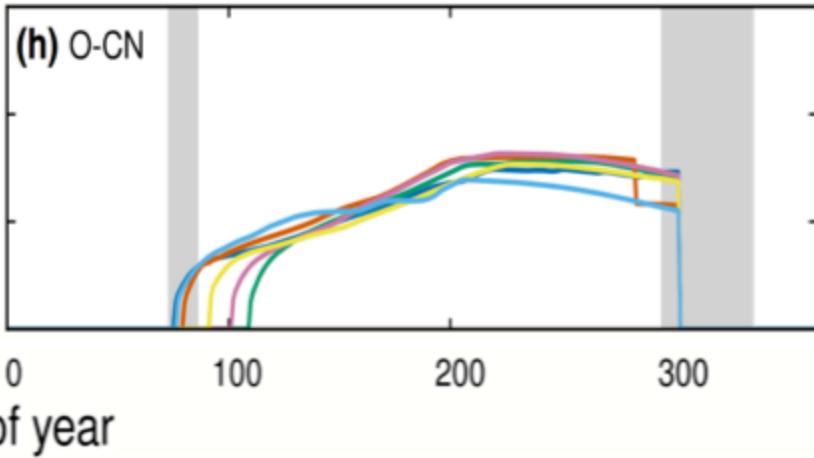
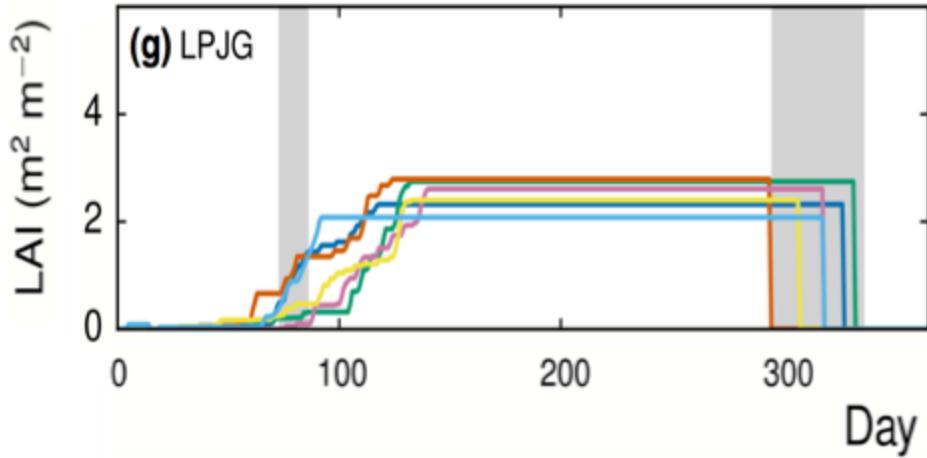
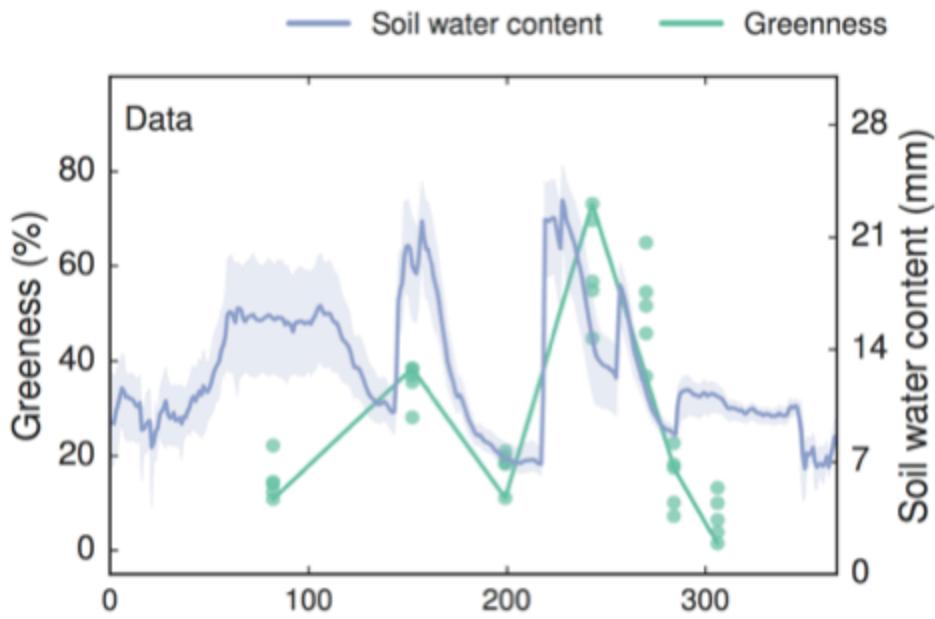
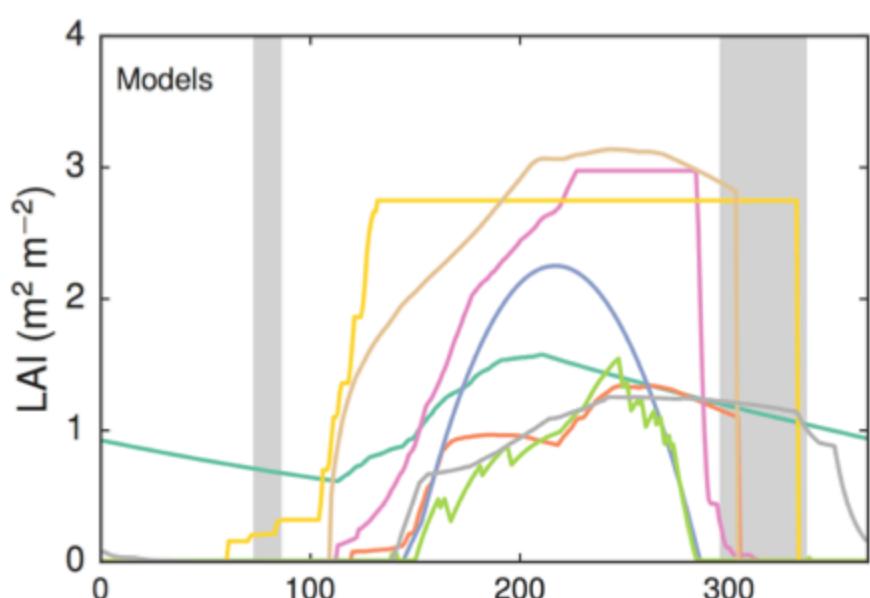
Phenology



Phenology

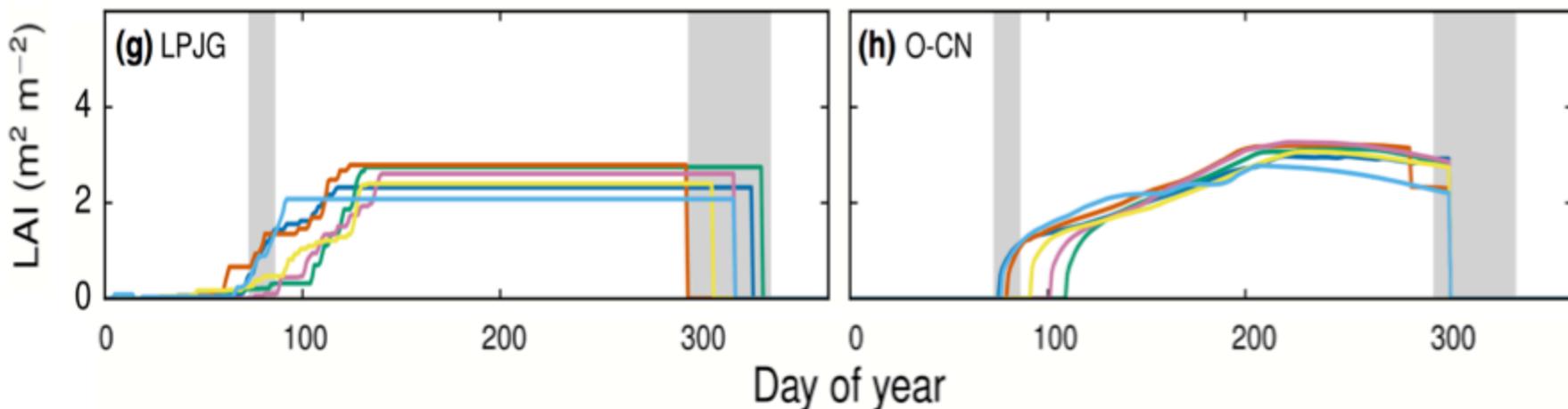


Phenology



C₄ grasses prosper as carbon dioxide eliminates desiccation in warmed semi-arid grassland

Jack A. Morgan¹, Daniel R. LeCain¹, Elise Pendall², Dana M. Blumenthal¹, Bruce A. Kimball³, Yolima Carrillo², David G. Williams⁴, Jana Heisler-White⁴, Feike A. Dijkstra^{1,5} & Mark West¹



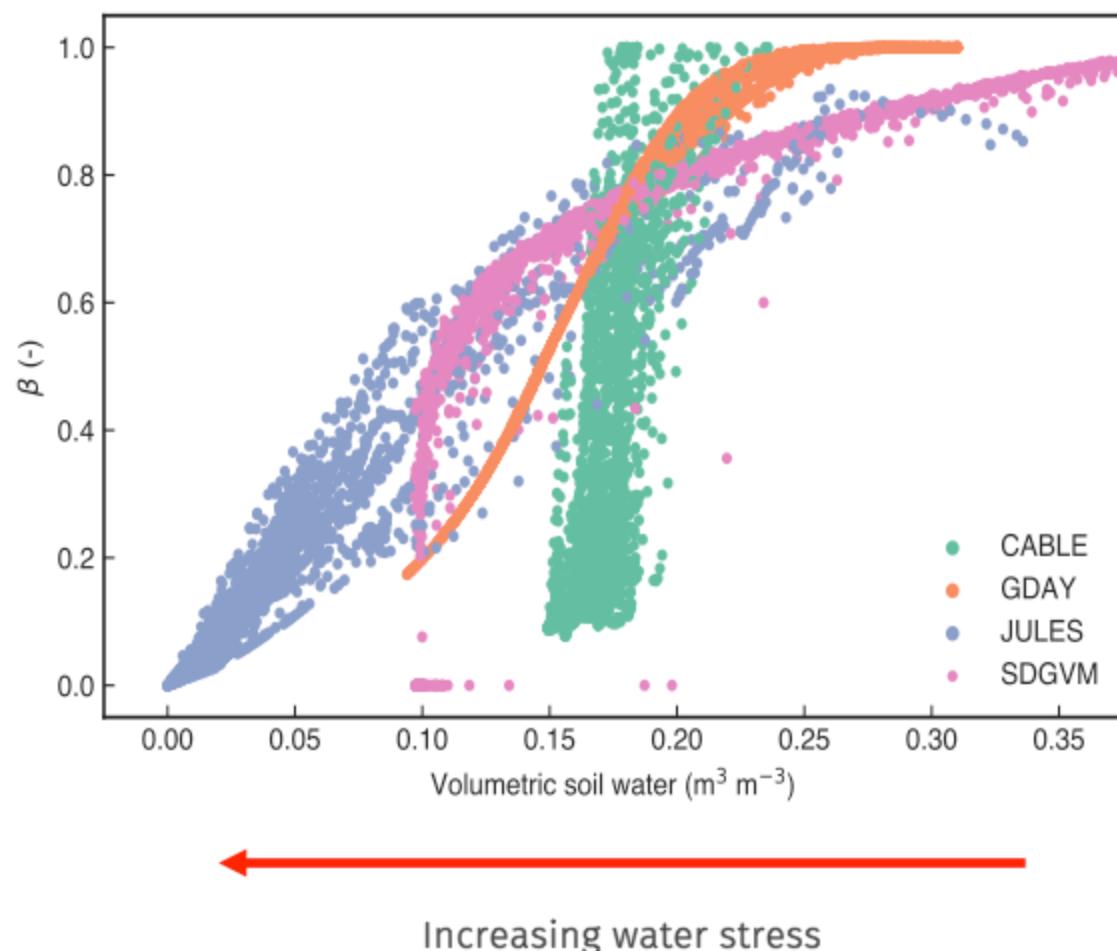
Models disagree about water stress

Differences due to:

1. LAI: 1–3 m² m⁻² (GSL=77–256 d yr⁻¹)

2. Soil evaporation: 43–256 mm yr⁻¹

3. Water stress function, β



What do we expect from a model?

CO₂

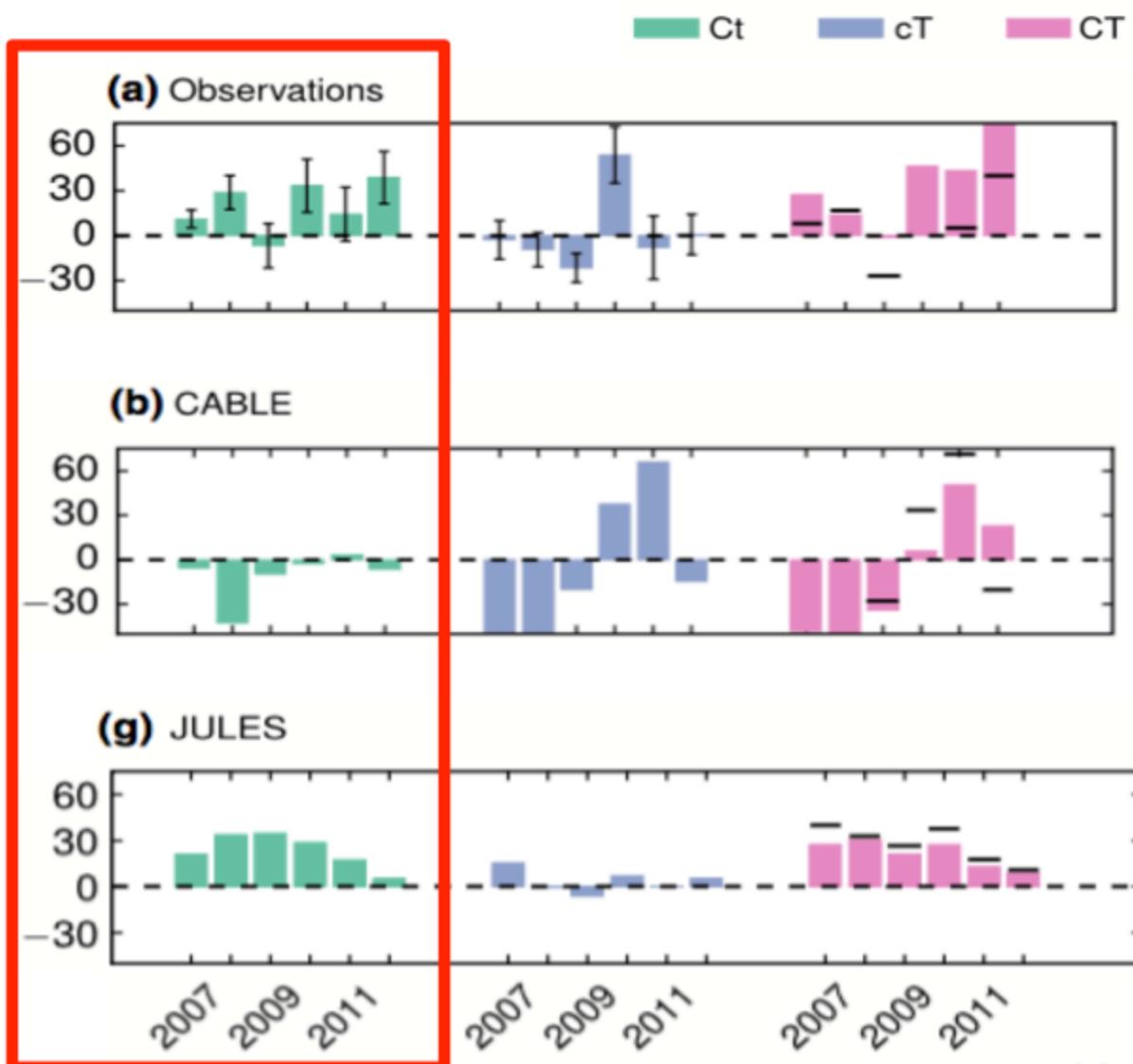
- Direct effect: ↑photosynthesis ($\leq 25\text{--}30\%$)
- Indirect effects: ↑soil moisture/ ↑LAI) ($\leq 36\%$).
- Upper limit: ~70% (1.25×1.36).

Warming

- ↑ Photosynthesis (below T_{opt}).
- ↑ Decomposition → ↑ N availability.
- ↑ Soil evaporation → ↑ water stress.

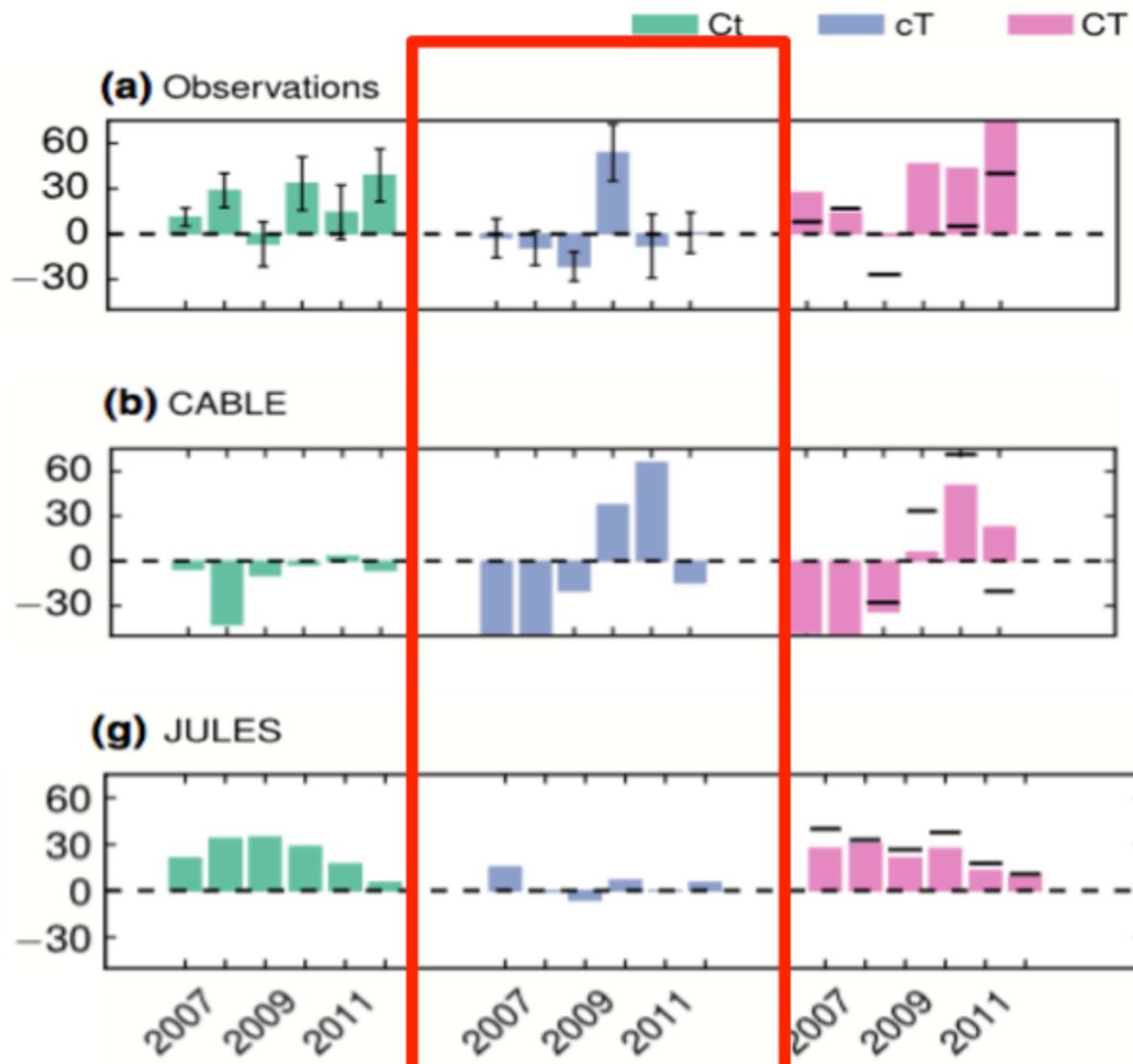
A tale of two LSMs ... CO₂

- OBS: mean response 16% (-6–39%).
- MOD (C₃): mean response 29% (-12–63%).



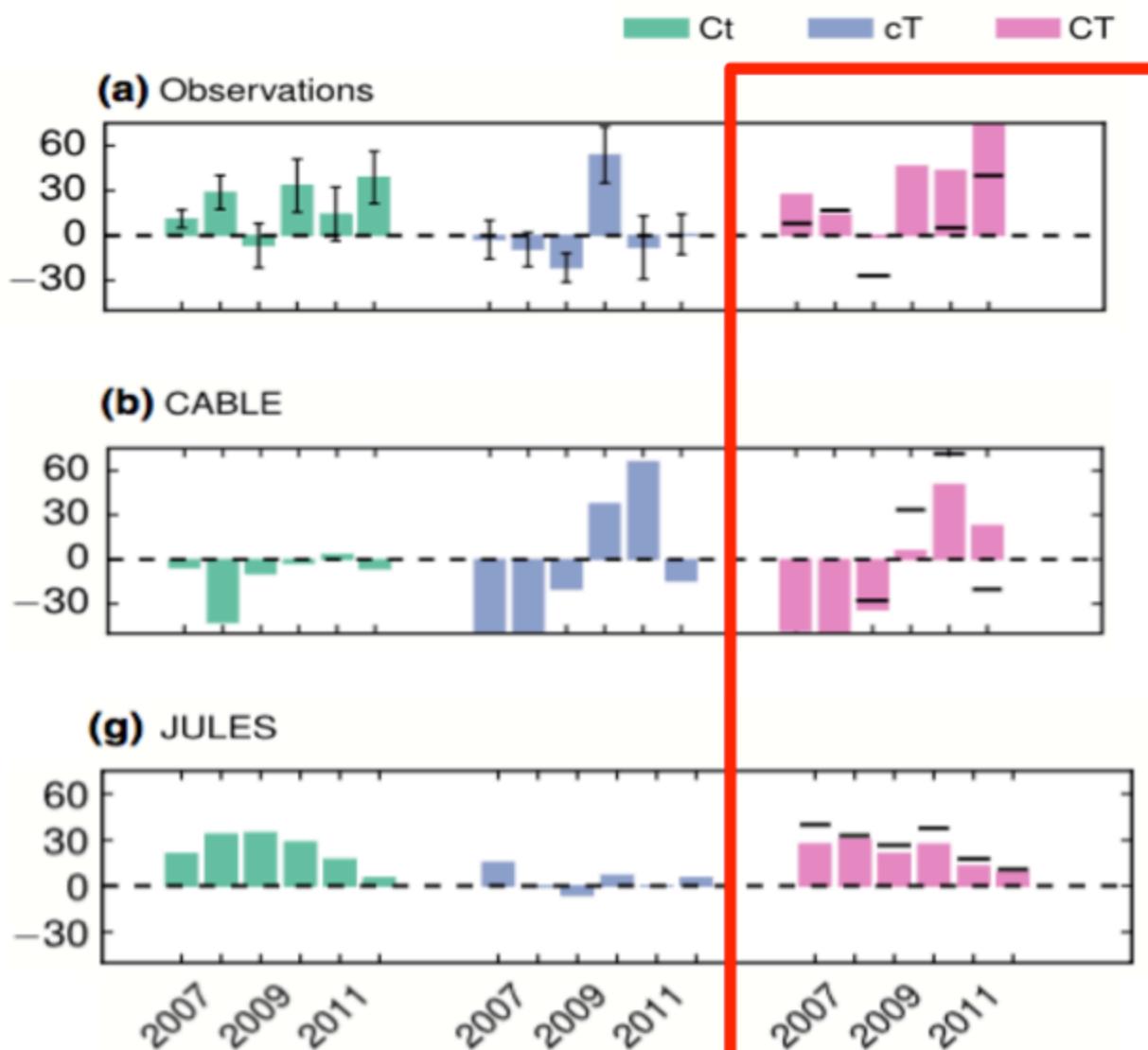
A tale of two LSMs ... warming

- OBS: Broadly negative, but large uncertainty!



A tale of two LSMs ... CO₂ x warming

- OBS: broadly, greater than additive.



Conclusions

- Results provide a framework to understand responses of other model experiments (e.g. CMIP) to global change factors.
- Model responses can be explained by contrasting water & nutrient availability.
- Resolving the role of SW is critical to improving models.
- Models unable to capture IAV in aNPP in response to CO₂.
 - How does the timing of growth relate to photosynthetic uptake?

Challenging terrestrial biosphere models with data from the long-term multifactor Prairie Heating and CO₂ Enrichment experiment

MARTIN G. DE KAUWE¹ , BELINDA E. MEDLYN² , ANTHONY P. WALKER³, SÖNKE ZAEHLE⁴, SHINICHI ASAOKA⁵, BERTRAND GUENET⁶, ANNA B. HARPER⁷, THOMAS HICKLER^{8,9}, ATUL K. JAIN¹⁰, YIQI LUO¹¹, XINGJIE LU¹², KRISTINA LUUS⁴, WILLIAM J. PARTON⁵, SHIJIE SHU¹⁰, YING-PING WANG¹², CHRISTIAN WERNER⁸, JIANYANG XIA¹³, ELISE PENDALL², JACK A. MORGAN¹⁴, EDMUND M. RYAN¹⁵ , YOLIMA CARRILLO², FEIKE A. DIJKSTRA¹⁶, TAMARA J. ZELIKOVA¹⁷ and RICHARD J. NORBY³

Poster: D-19 - Are we underestimating the capacity of the vegetation to moderate heat extremes?



@mdekauwe82