

Process-oriented versus energy-based constraints on cloud microphysics: Implication for aerosol-cloud interactions

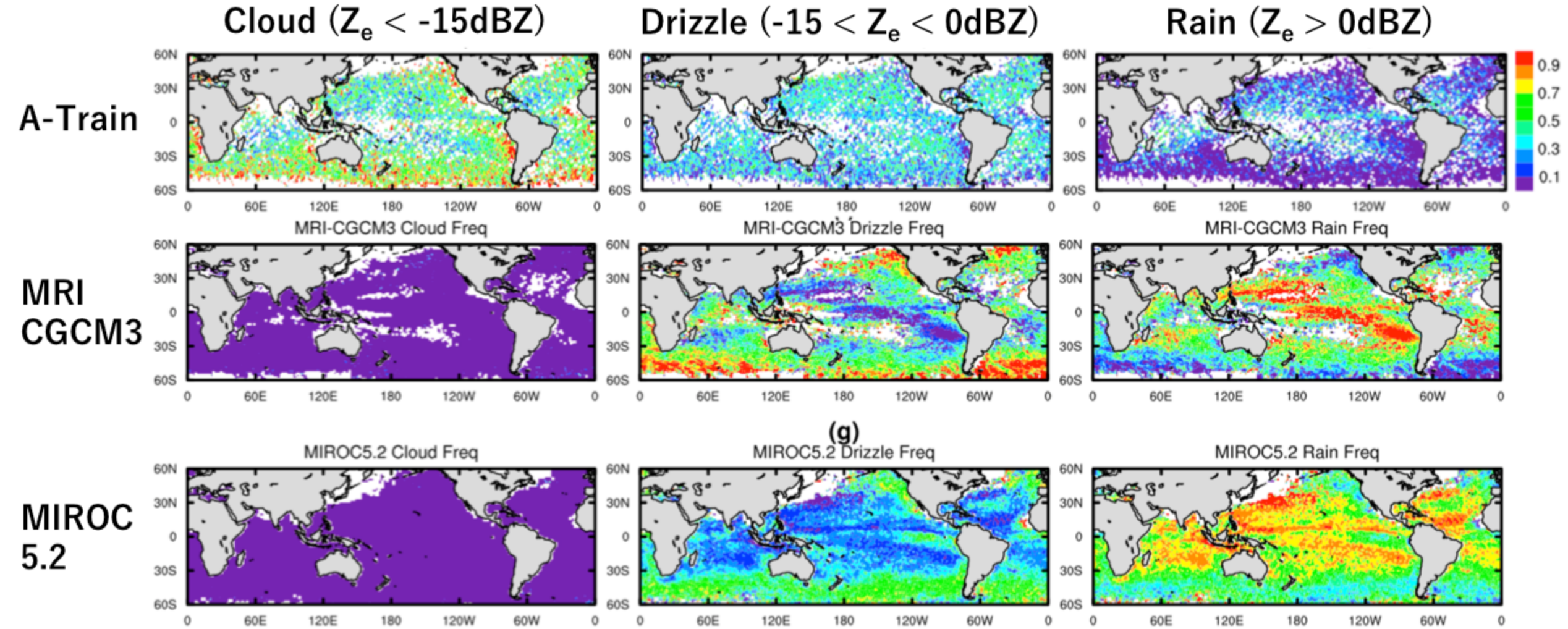
Kentaroh Suzuki (Univ. of Tokyo)

Contributors: Xianwen Jing and Takuro Michibata

GEWEX Science Conference @Canmore, Canada

5/8/2018

Satellite obs offers information about rain formation



■ Too frequent occurrence of drizzle/rain in models

Jing *et al.* (JGR '17)

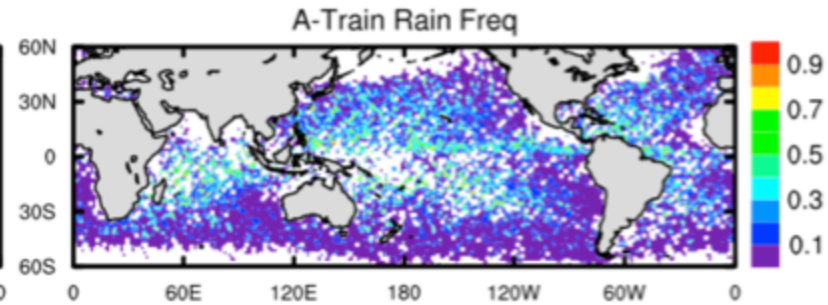
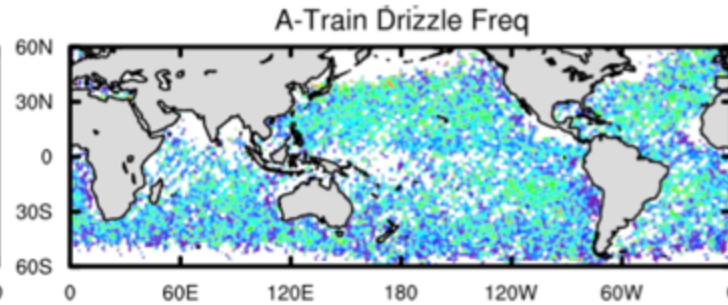
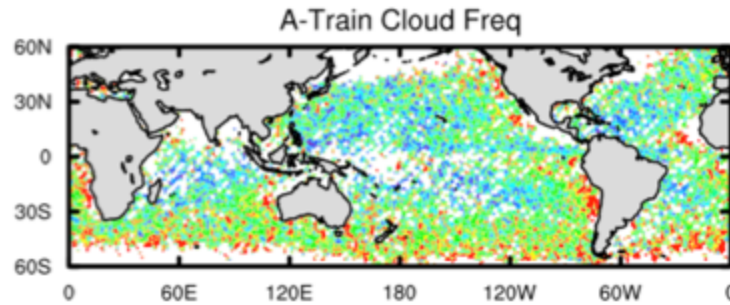
Satellite obs offers information about rain formation

Cloud ($Z_e < -15\text{dBZ}$)

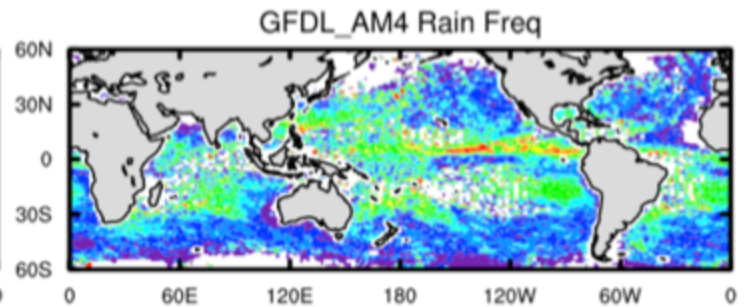
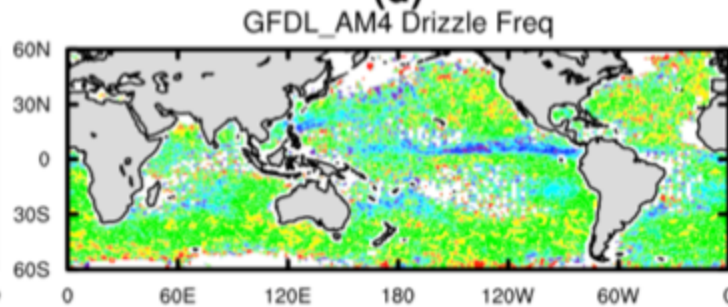
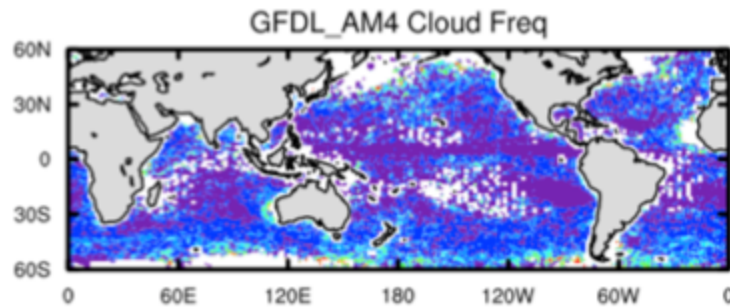
Drizzle ($-15 < Z_e < 0\text{dBZ}$)

Rain ($Z_e > 0\text{dBZ}$)

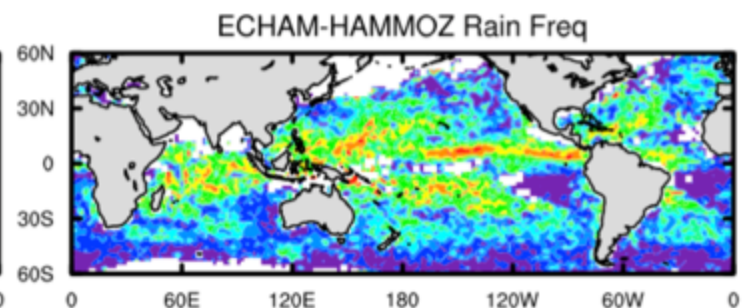
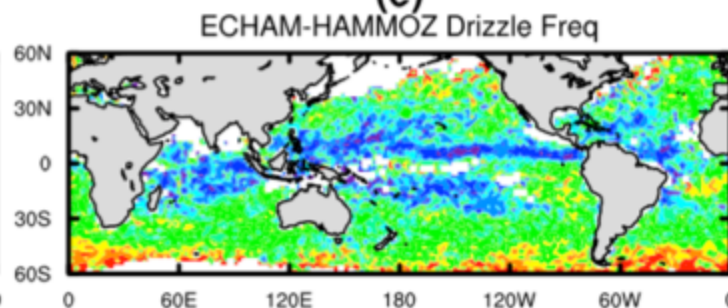
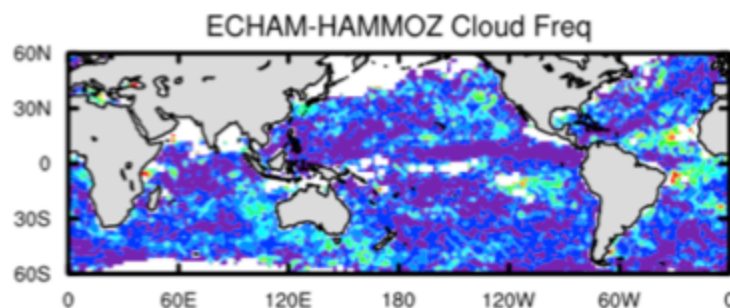
A-Train



GFDL
AM4



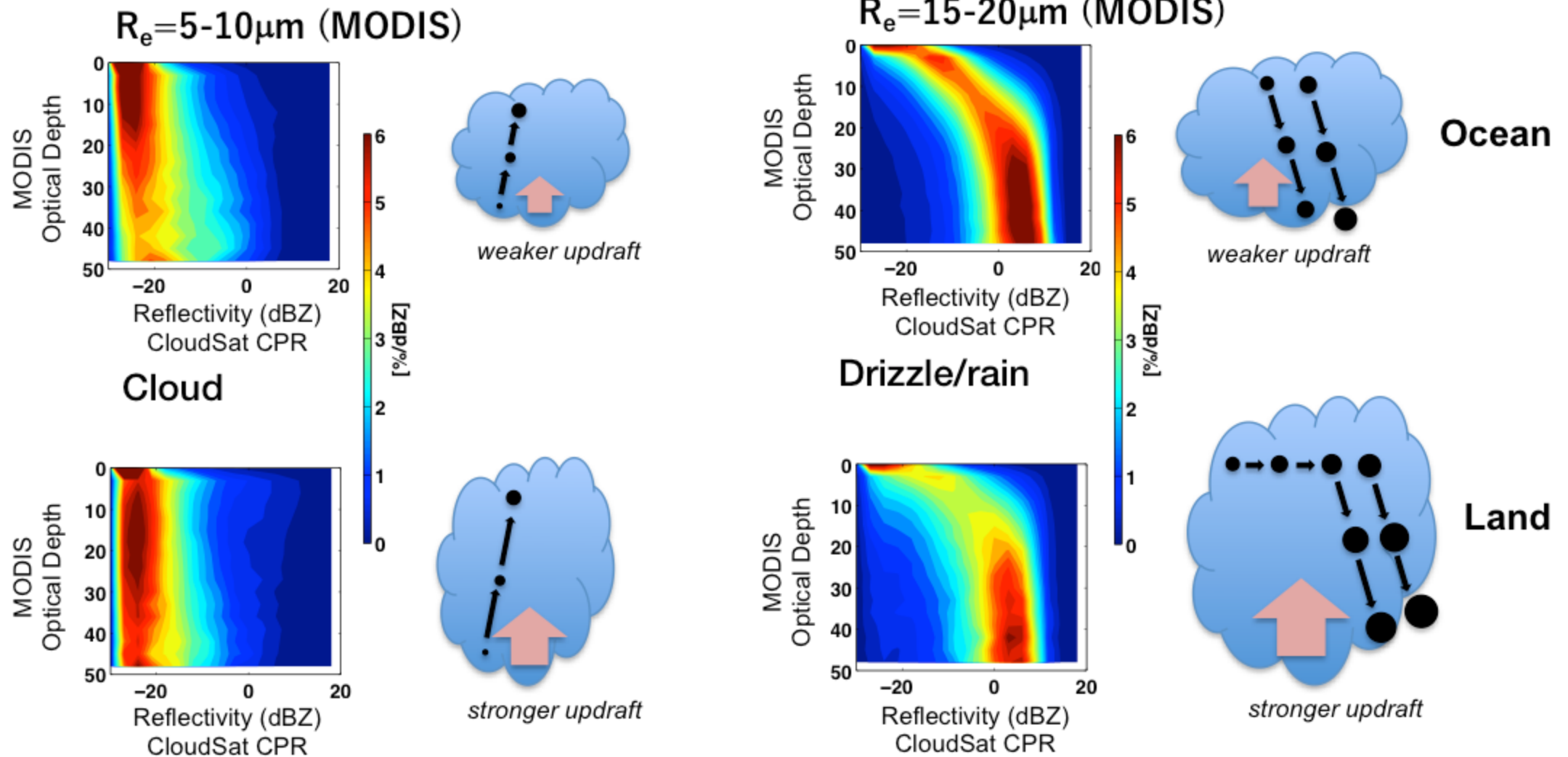
ECHAM
HAM



- Too frequent occurrence of drizzle/rain in models: Common issue
- Why this happens? How to fix?

Jing *et al.* (JGR '17)

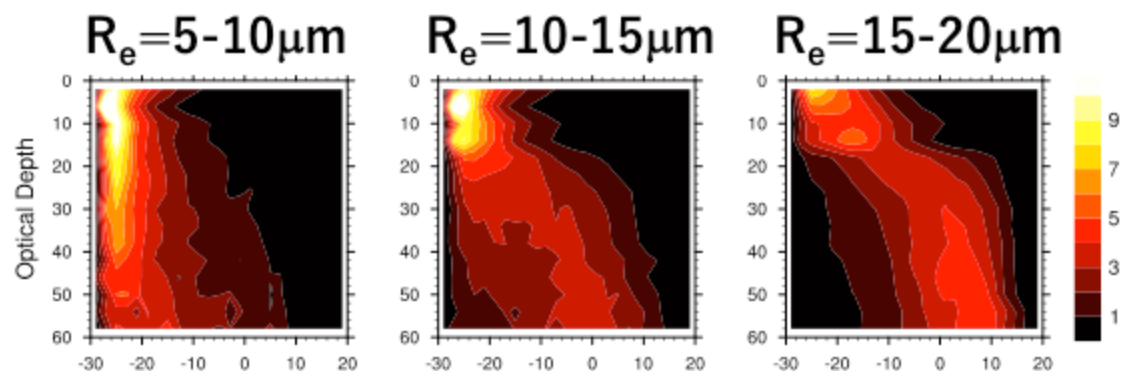
Satellite-based insight into the warm rain process



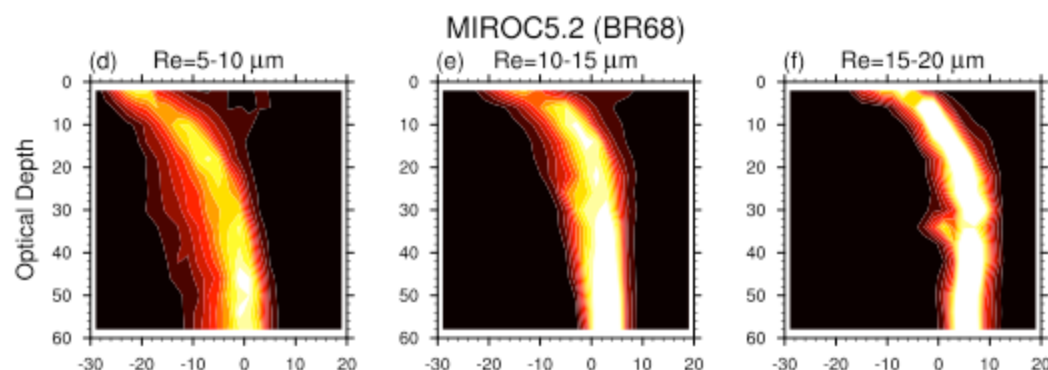
Stephens *et al.* ('18) adapted from Takahashi *et al.* ('17)
based on the CFODD method of Suzuki *et al.* ('10)

What if the model precipitation constrained with satellite?

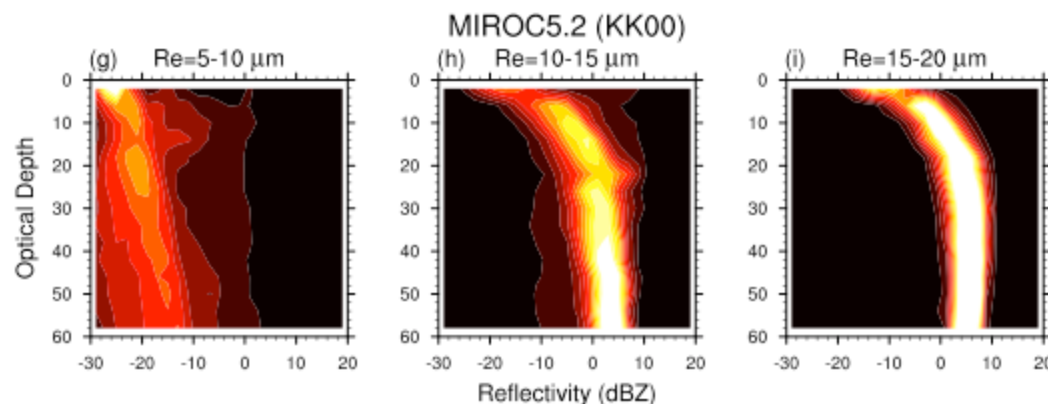
Satellite
Obs.



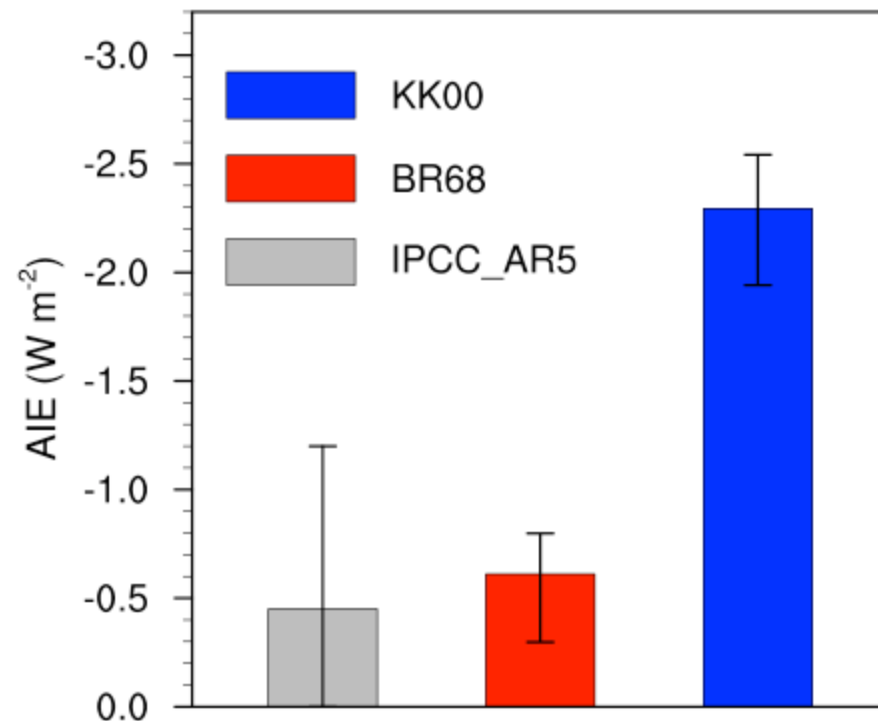
MIROC
(Berry)



MIROC
(K-K)



Aerosol Indirect Forcing (PD minus PI)



$$P_{\text{auto}} \propto N_c^{-1.0} \text{ (Berry)}$$

$$P_{\text{auto}} \propto N_c^{-1.79} \text{ (K-K)}$$

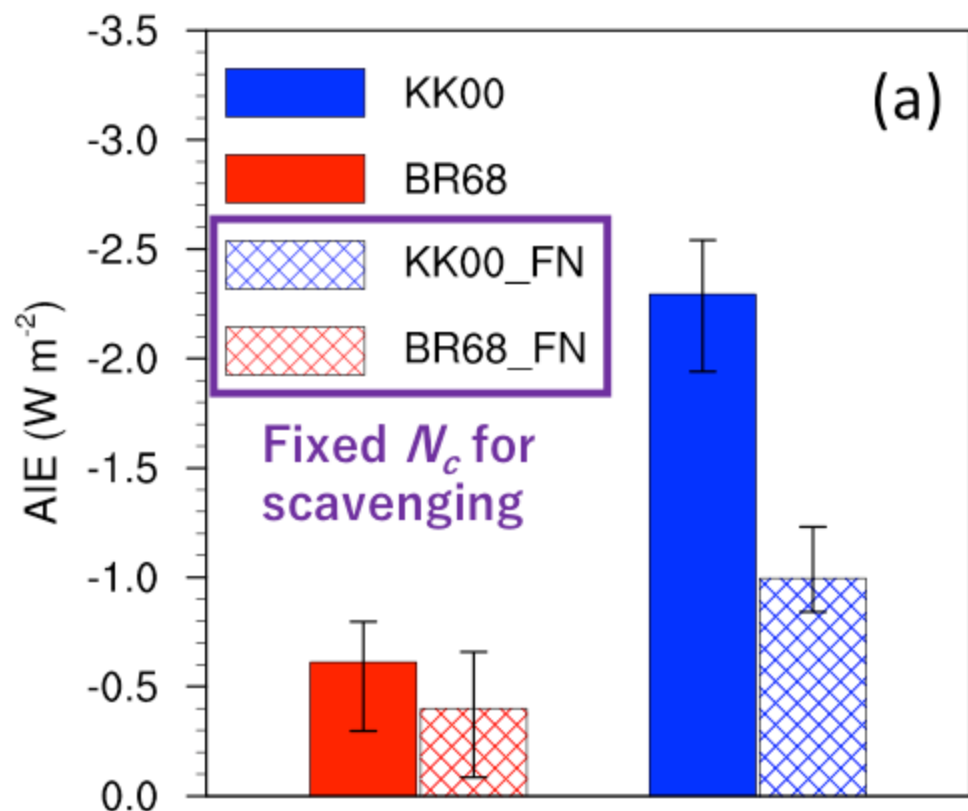
Jing and Suzuki (GRL in revision)

What's happening in the model?

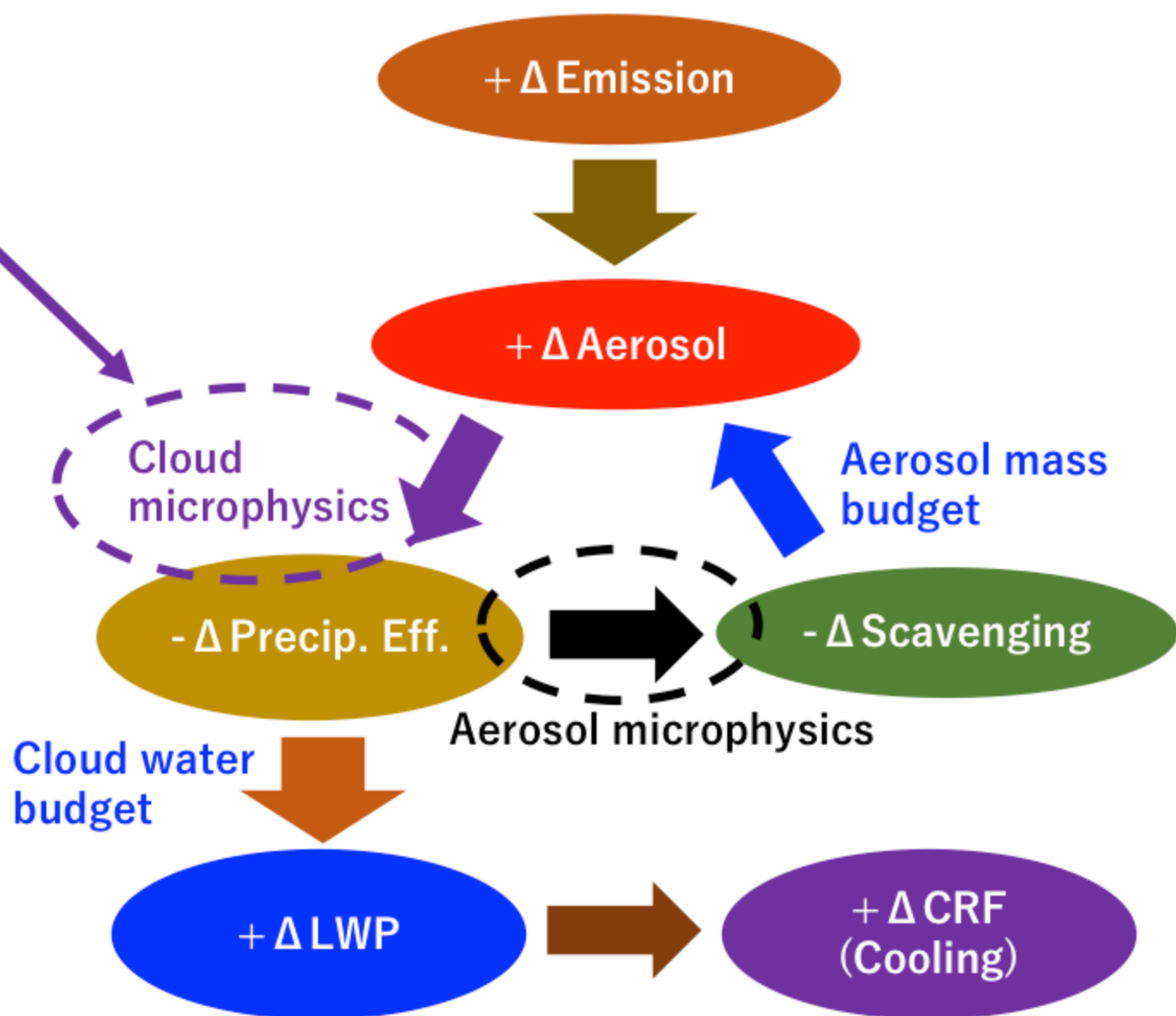
$$\Delta = (\text{PD}) - (\text{PI})$$

$$P_{\text{auto}} \propto N_c^{-1.0} \text{ (Berry)}$$

$$P_{\text{auto}} \propto N_c^{-1.79} \text{ (K-K)}$$

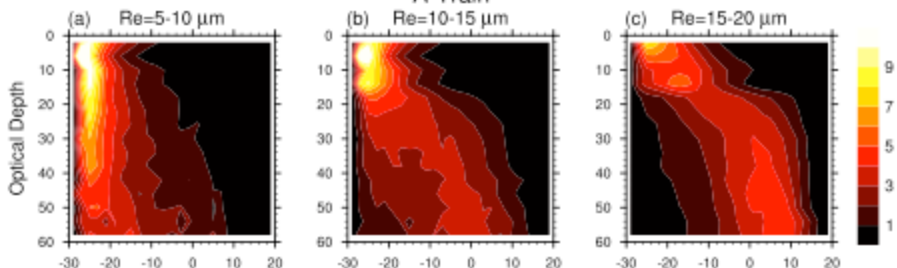


Jing and Suzuki (GRL in revision)

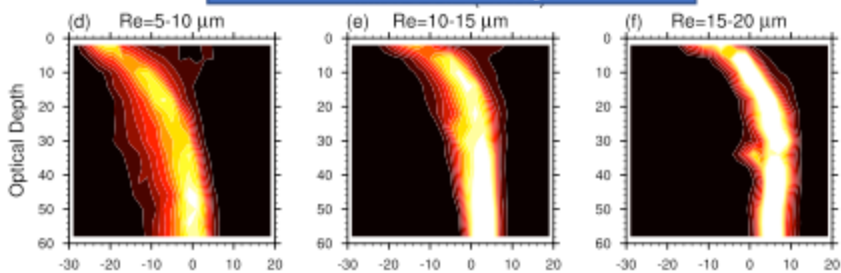


Behaviors of different microphysical schemes

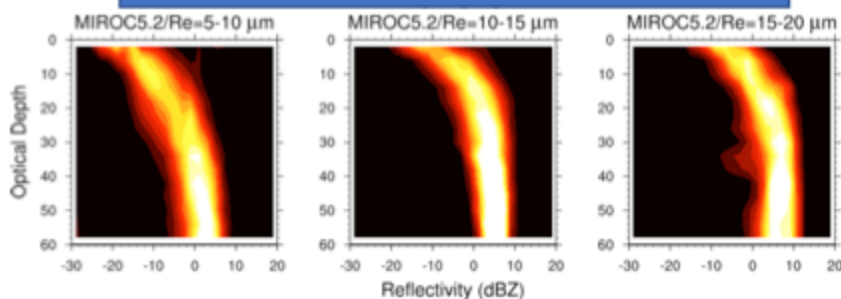
A-Train



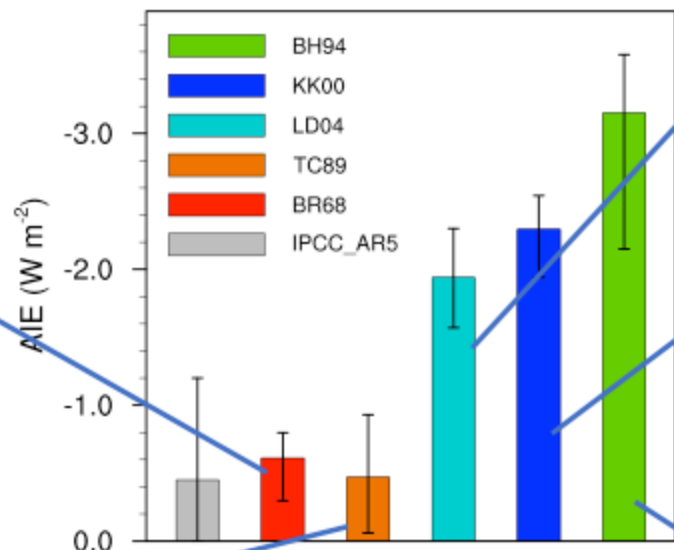
MIROC (Berry '68)



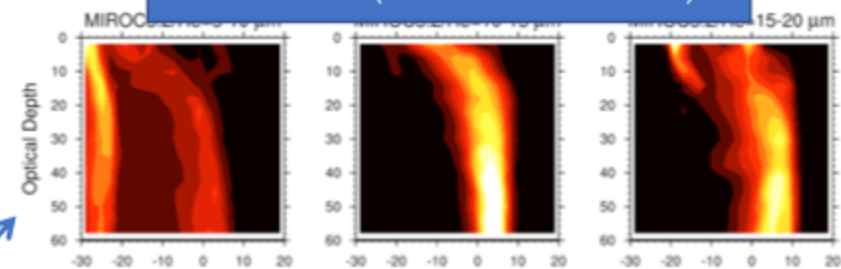
MIROC (Tripoli-Cotton '80)



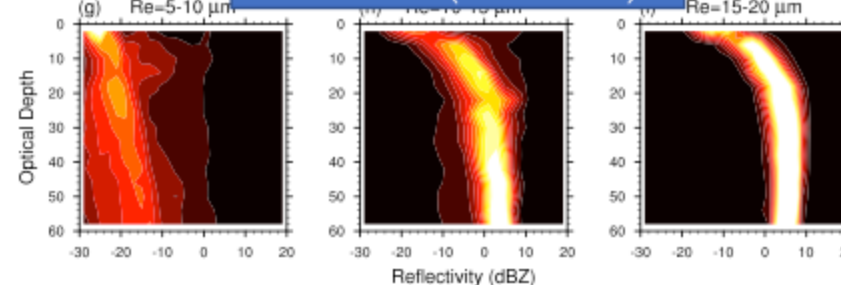
Δ CRE: AIE forcing



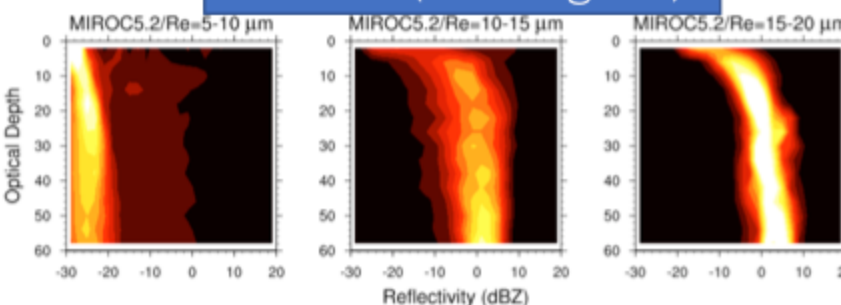
MIROC (Liu-Daum '04)



MIROC (K-K '00)



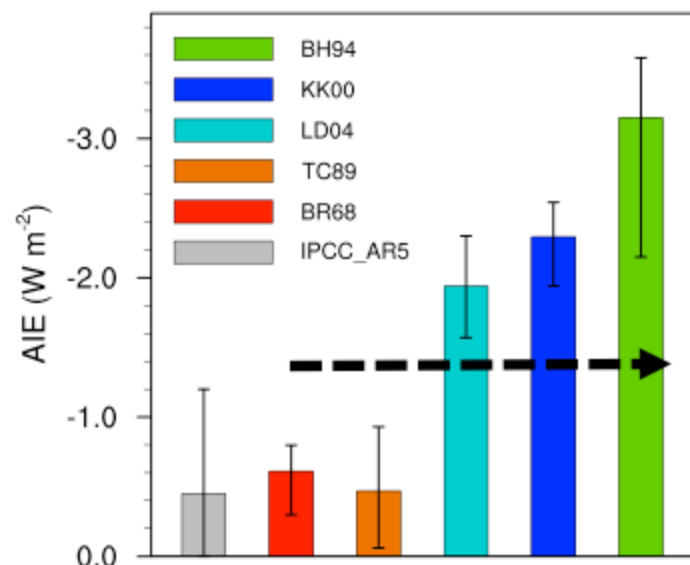
MIROC (Beheng '94)



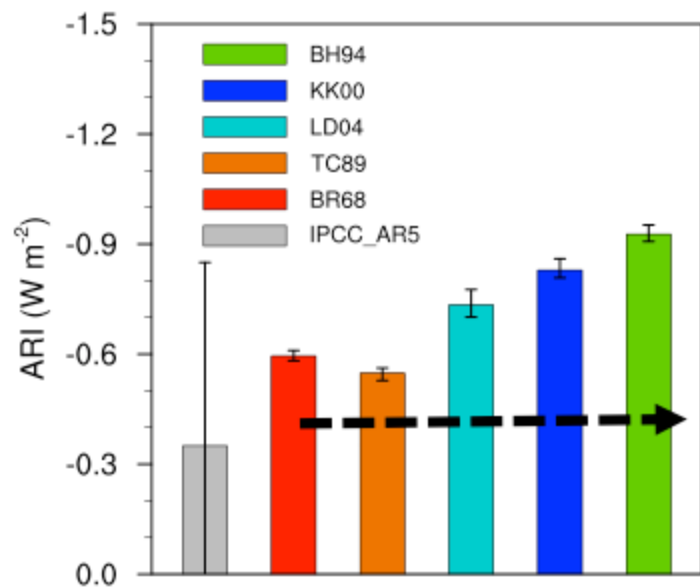
This diagnostic is proposed for **GEWEX/PROES-WR (Warm Rain)**

Jing and Suzuki (In prep)

Aerosol Indirect Forcing



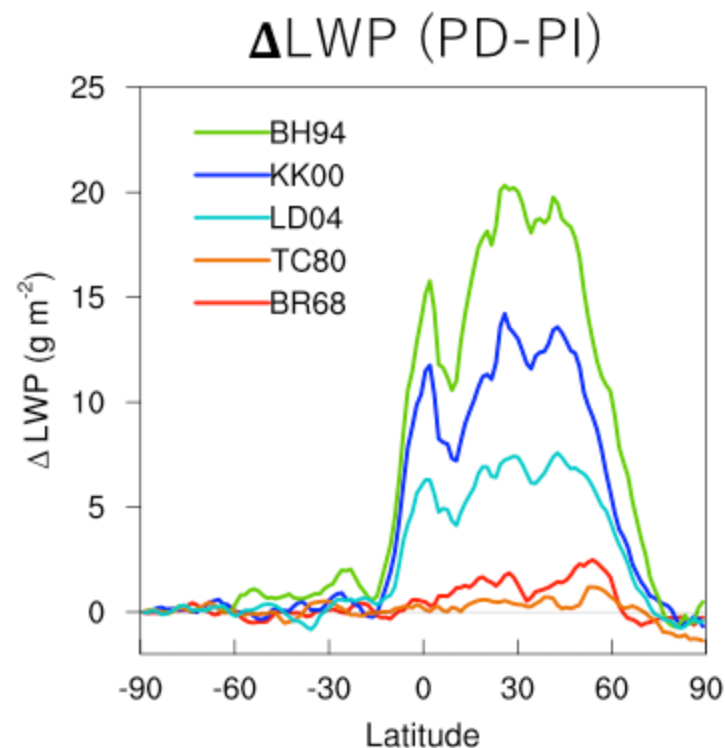
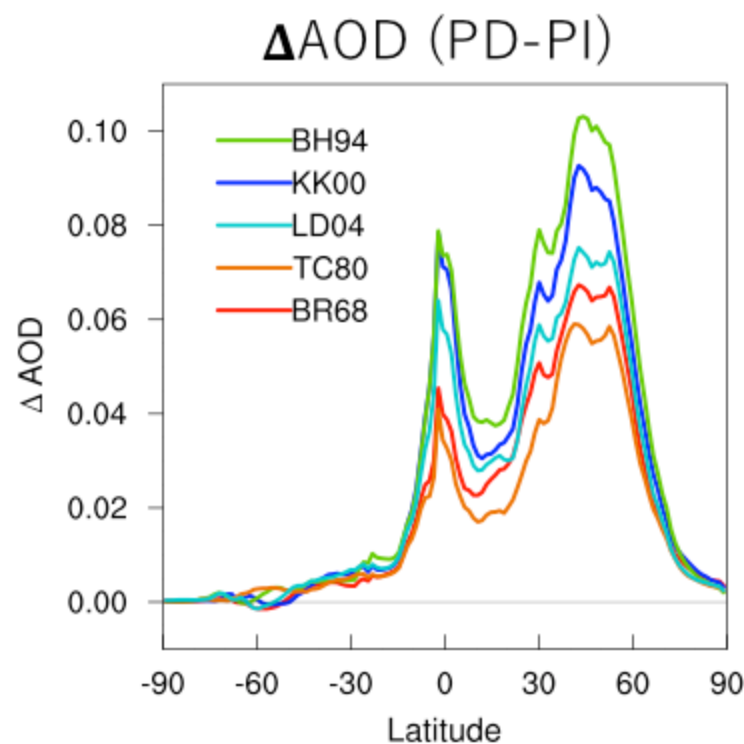
Aerosol Direct Forcing



Possible coupling of direct & indirect effects

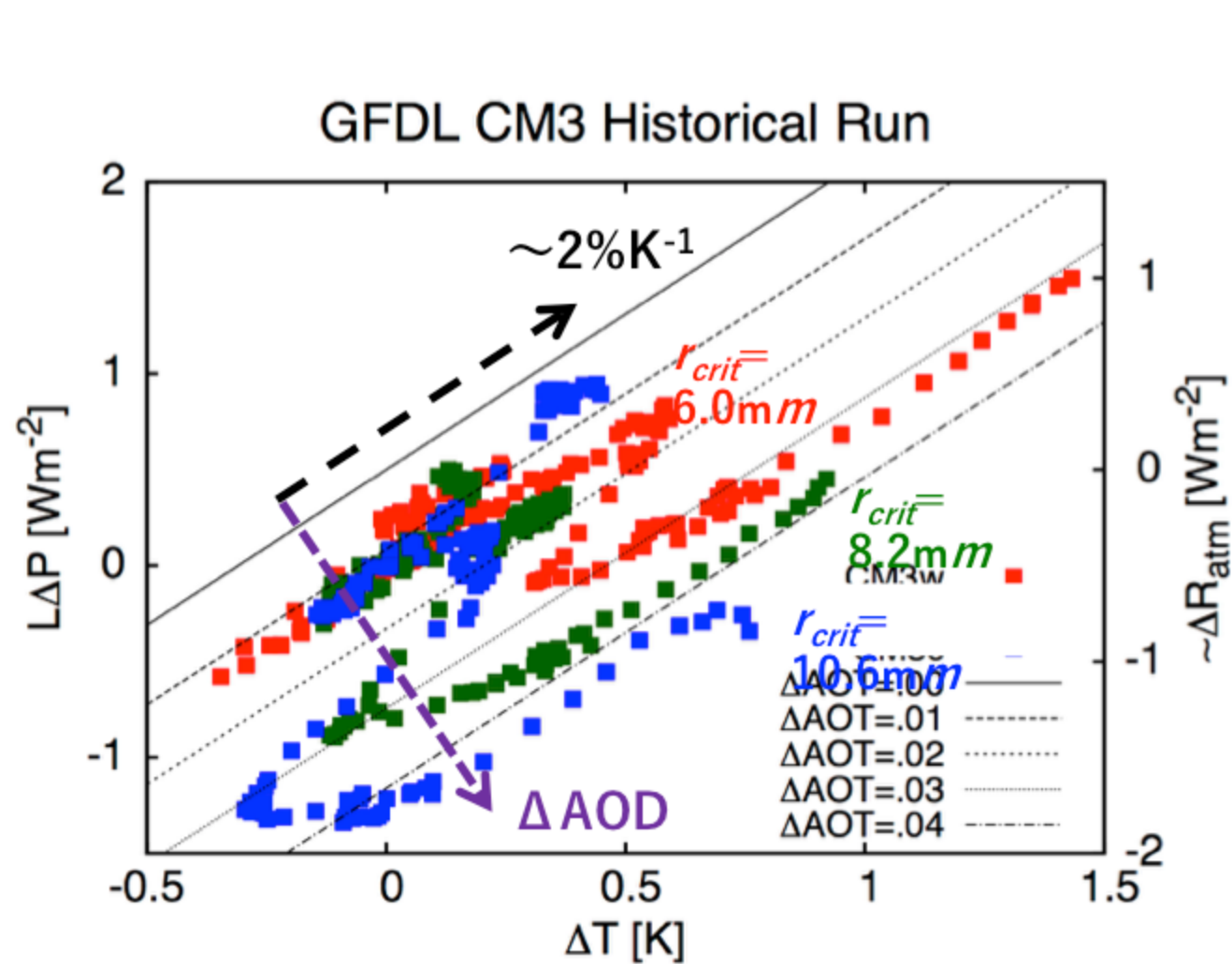
Rain formation time scale:

$$\tau_p \propto (\rho q_c)^{-\alpha} N_c^\beta$$



- Switching μ -physics scheme changes aerosol loading
- This influences direct as well as indirect radiative forcing
- Possible impact on atmospheric energy balance

Implication for historical change of global precipitation



Suzuki *et al.* (ASL '17)

$$L\Delta P \approx -\Delta R_{atm}$$

$$\approx (\alpha\kappa - \lambda)\Delta T_s - \beta\Delta\tau_a(r_{crit})$$

μ -physical assumption

WV cooling

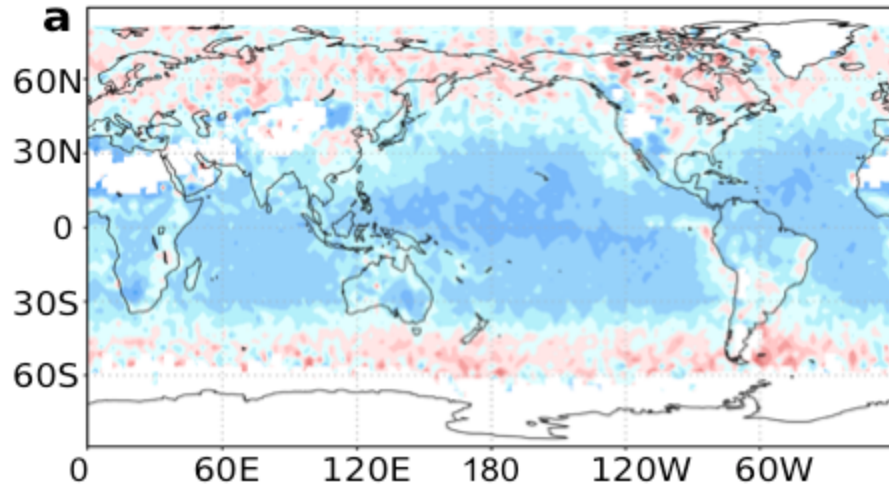
Cloud feedback

Aerosol radiative heating on ATM

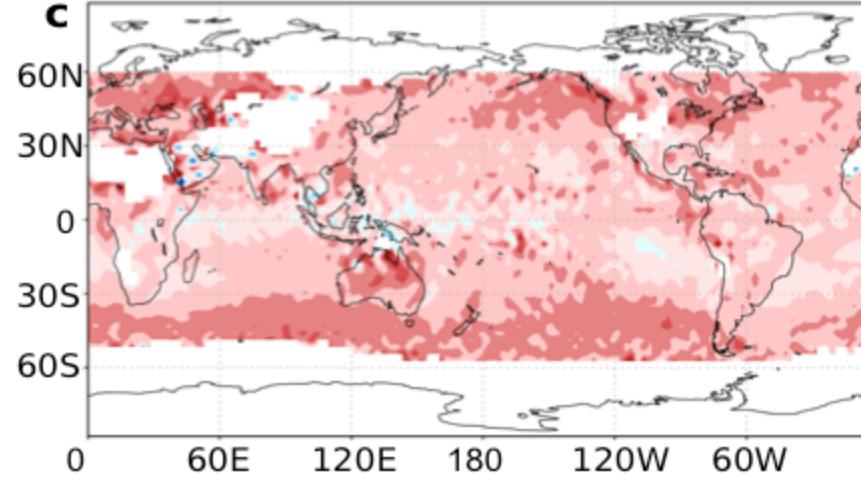
- Cloud μ -physical assumption (r_{crit}) influences the aerosol loading via scavenging process
- Coupling of indirect with direct effect of aerosols perturbs global precipitation

Possible overestimate of indirect effect in traditional GCMs

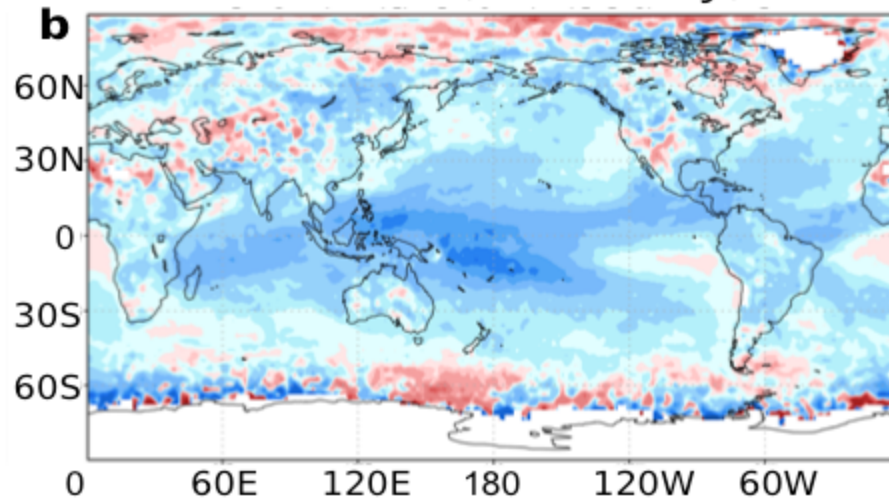
Satellite Obs.



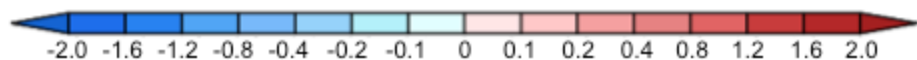
MIROC (w/ Berry)



NICAM (w/ Berry)



- What's different b/w MIROC and NICAM?
 - Resolution: O(100km) vs O(1-10km)
 - DIAG vs PROG rain schemes
- What makes the negative response in NICAM?
 - Enhanced cloud-top evaporation



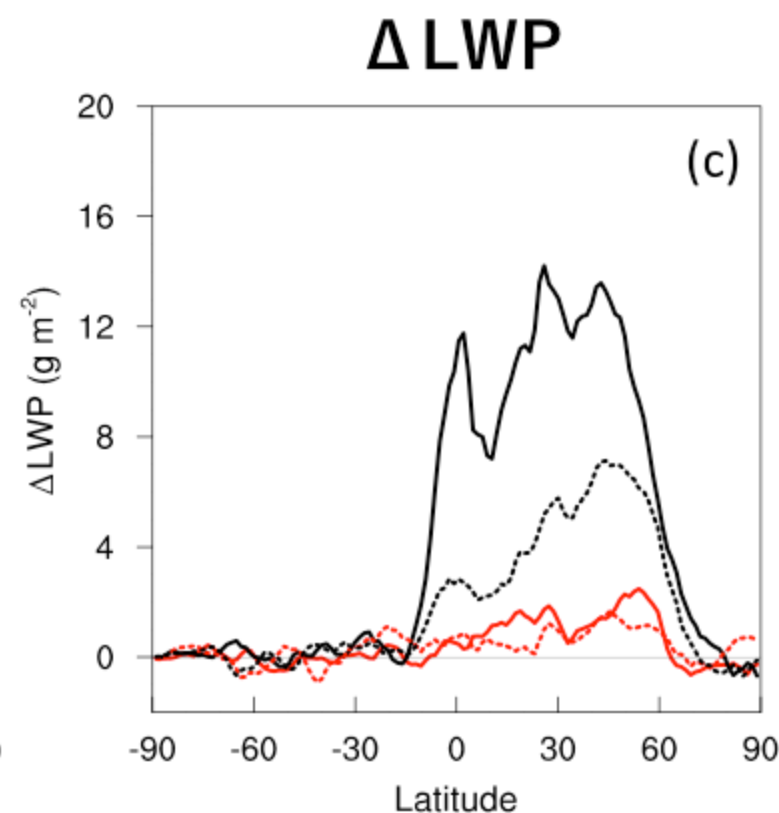
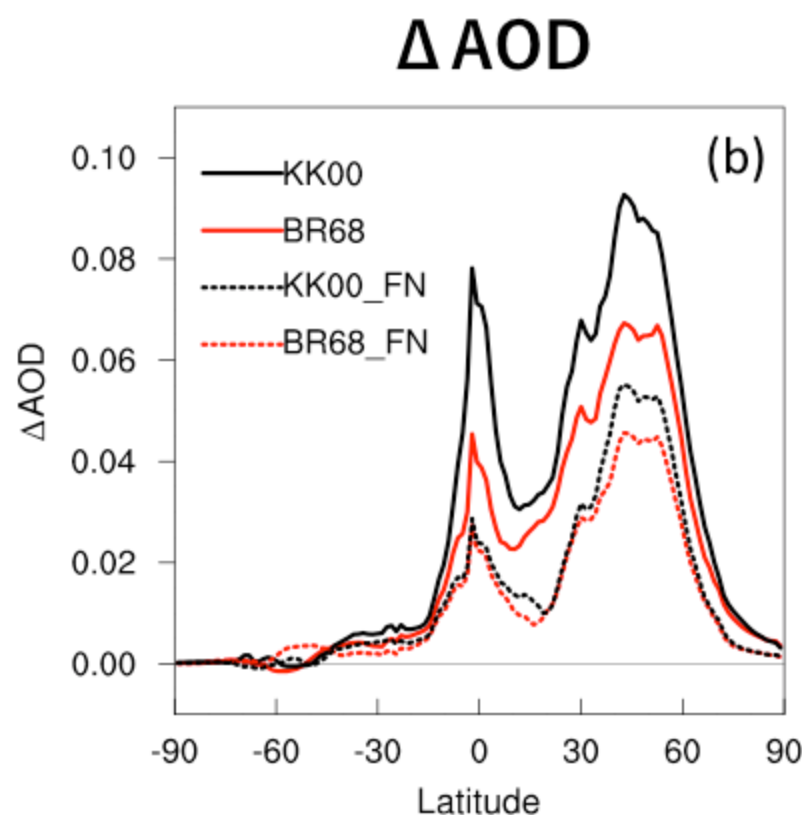
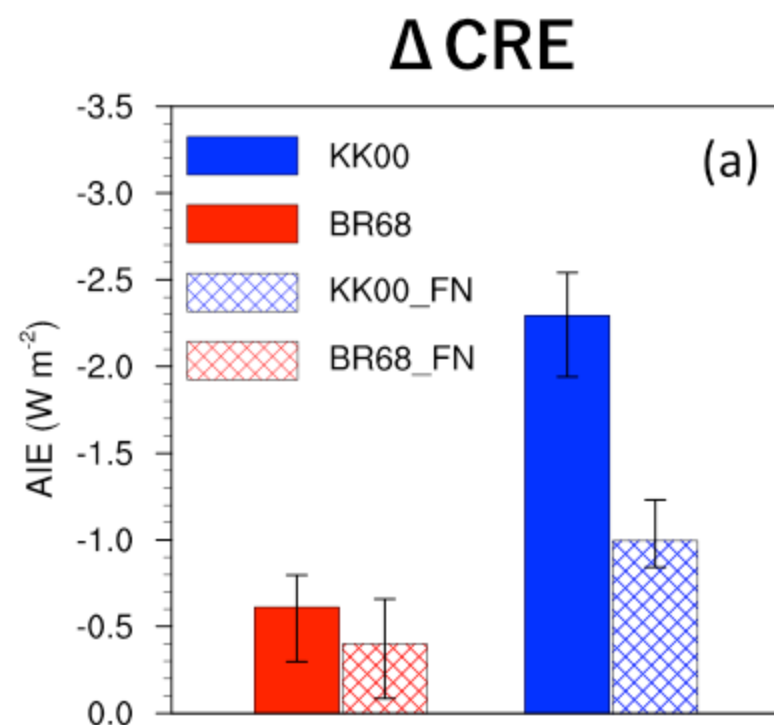
$d\ln(LWP)/d\ln(N_c)$ Y. Sato *et al.* (Nature Comm. '18)

Summary

- **GEWEX/PROES Warm Rain (WR) is being proposed exploiting satellite-based insight into the process**
- **Inconsistency b/w “process” and “energy”: A fundamental gap in our understanding of their linkage**
- **This is amplified through possible coupling of indirect and direct effects of aerosols: Implication for global precipitation change**
- **Possible overestimate of aerosol indirect forcing by traditional GCM: NICAM shows a promise**

What's happening?

$$\Delta = (\text{Present-Day}) - (\text{Pre-Industrial})$$



Jing and Suzuki (GRL submitted)

- The cloud response is more pronounced in K-K than in Berry
- This happens via wet-scavenging change with precip efficiency

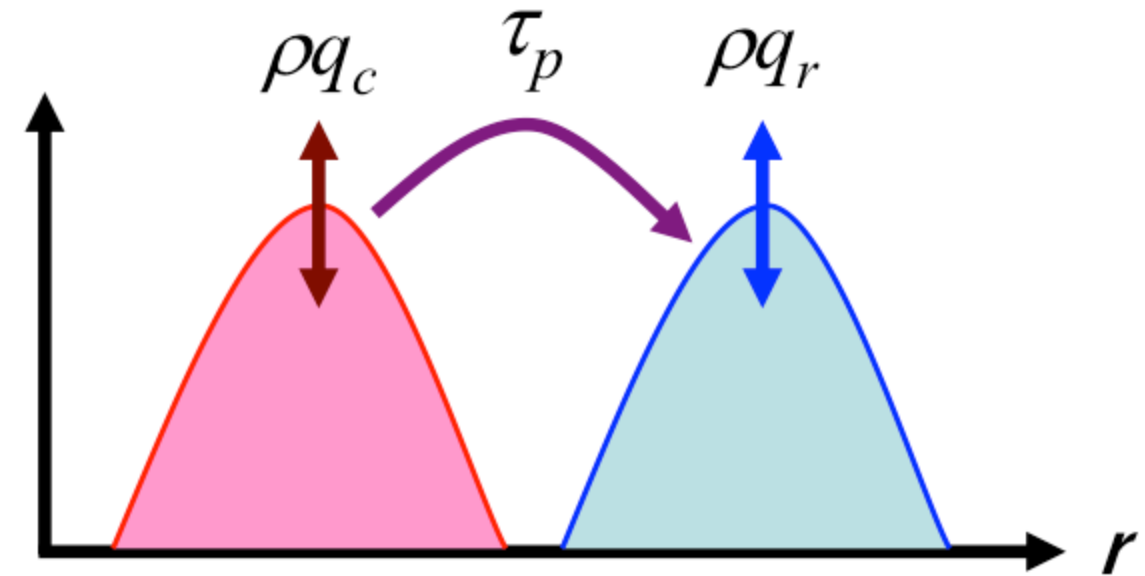
$$P_{auto} \propto N_c^{-1.0} \text{ (Berry)}$$

$$P_{auto} \propto N_c^{-1.79} \text{ (K-K)}$$

Uncertainty of cloud microphysics in global models

$$\frac{\partial(\rho q_c)}{\partial t} = -\frac{\rho q_c}{\tau_p}$$

$$\tau_p \propto (\rho q_c)^{-\alpha} N_c^\beta$$



Auto-conversion Scheme	Model	α	β
Berry (1968)	MIROC, NICAM	2.0	1.0
Tripoli and Cotton (1980)	UKMO, GFDL	4/3	1/3
Khairoutdinov and Kogan (2000)	PNNL/MMF, NCAR	1.47	1.79
Beheng (1994)	ECHAM	3.7	3.3