



UPPER TROPOSPHERIC WATER VAPOUR AND ITS INTERACTION WITH CIRRUS CLOUDS

INSIGHTS FROM TWO DECADES OF IAGOS IN-SITU OBSERVATIONS

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AND THE IAGOS – TEAM

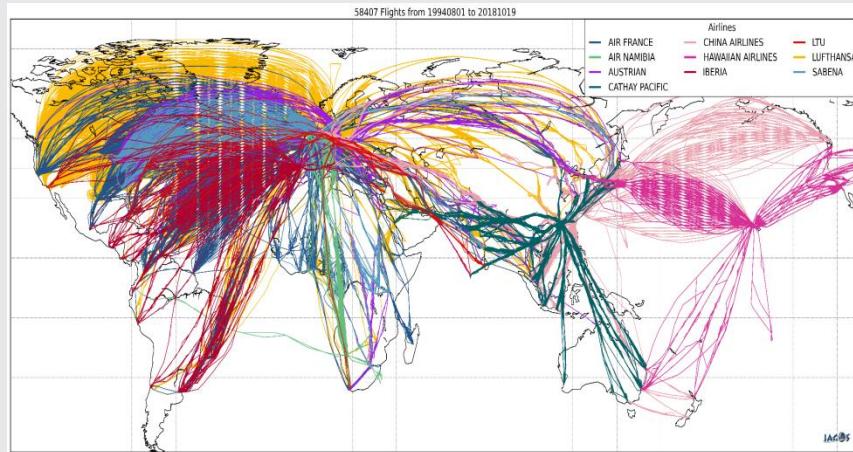
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IN-SERVICE AIRCRAFT FOR A GLOBAL OBSERVING SYSTEM

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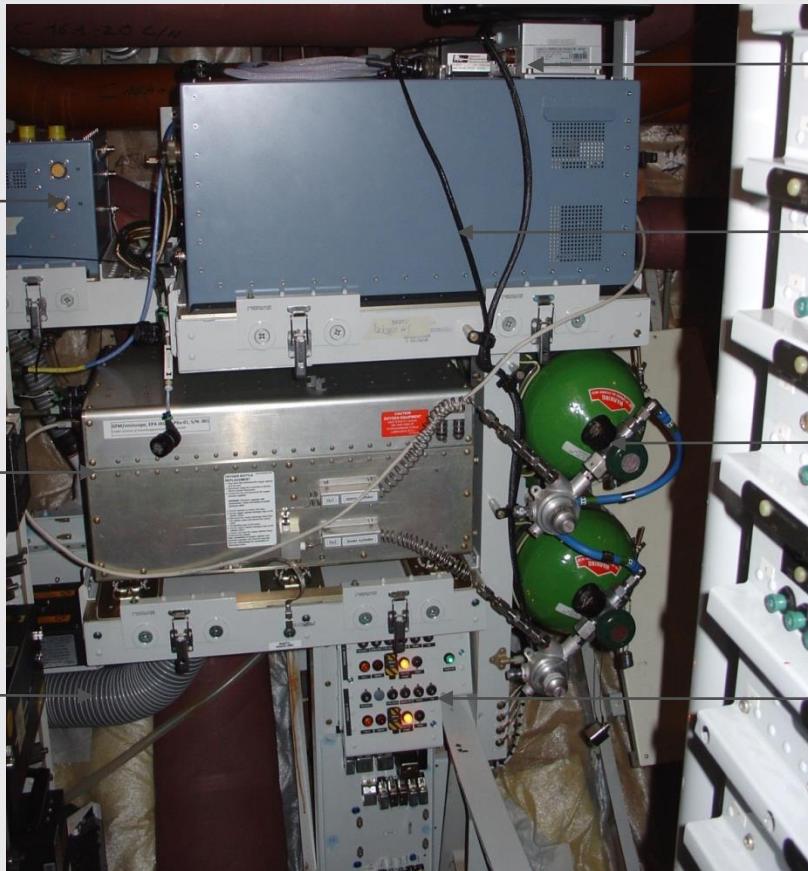


- European Research Infrastructure for Earth observation by passenger aircraft since 2014
- Regular *in situ* global-scale monitoring of essential climate variables H₂O, O₃, CO, NO_x, CO₂, CH₄, aerosols, clouds
- Long-term deployment envisaged (> 20yrs)
- Today, 8 long-haul aircraft (IAGOS-CORE) and one flying laboratory (IAGOS-CARIBIC)



- Open data policy; visit www.iagos.org
- Provision of data in near real time for Copernicus and other services
- Long time series from available for
 - tropopause temperature (> 20 yrs)
 - O₃, H₂O, RH_{ice} (> 20 yrs)
 - CO (> 15 yrs)
 - NO_x (2 yrs)

THE IAGOS – CORE SYSTEM



Pump

Instrument:
 NO_x or NO_y
 CO_2 , CH_4
or Aerosol

Ventilation
Smoke Det.

H_2O
Cloud Det.

O_3
 CO
DAS/Modem

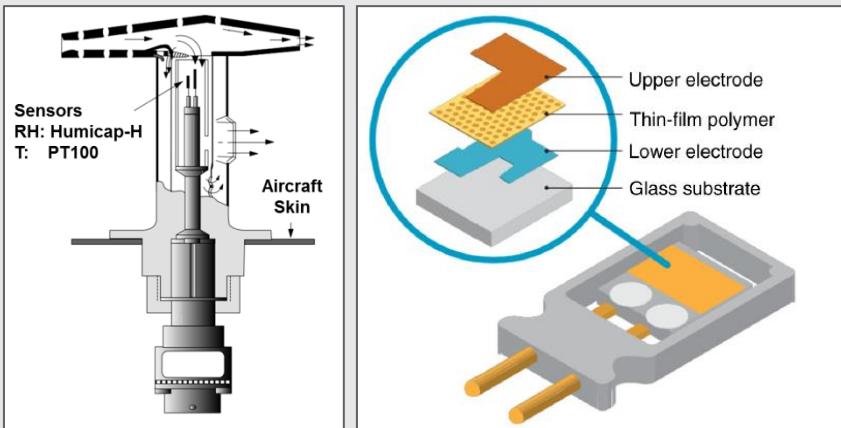
O_2
Synth. Air

Safety Panel
Breaker

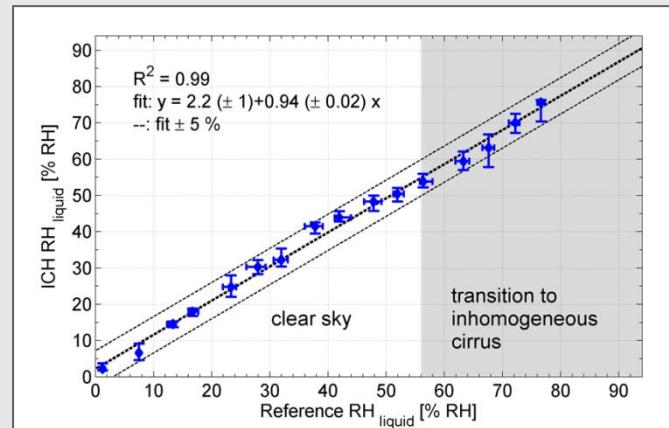
THE IAGOS – CORE SYSTEM



IAGOS CAPACITIVE HYGROMETER (ICH)

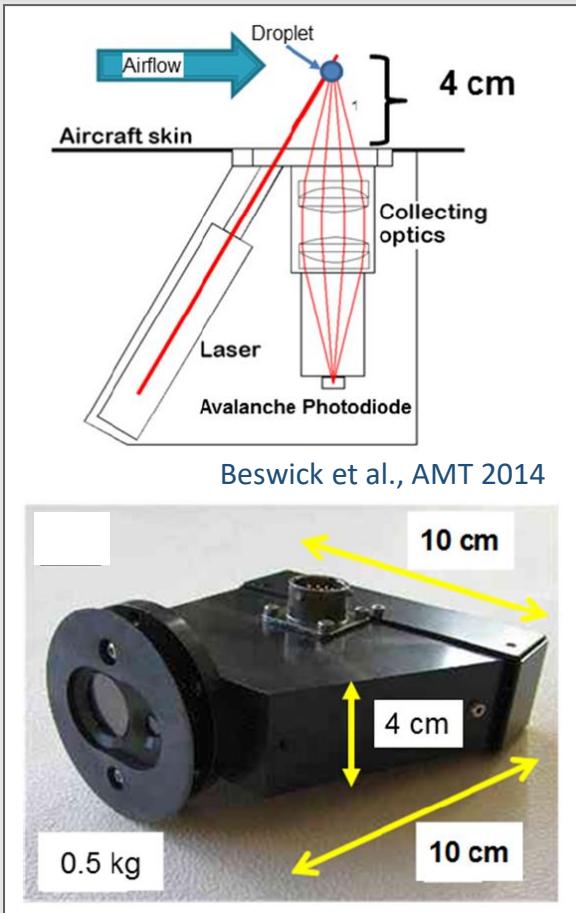


- Hydroactive Polymer Film which adsorbs H_2O molecules
- Capacitance depends on relative humidity (RH); $C = 180-220 \text{ pF}$
- Strong temperature dependence
- Measured Signal = $\text{RH}_{\text{LIQUID}}$



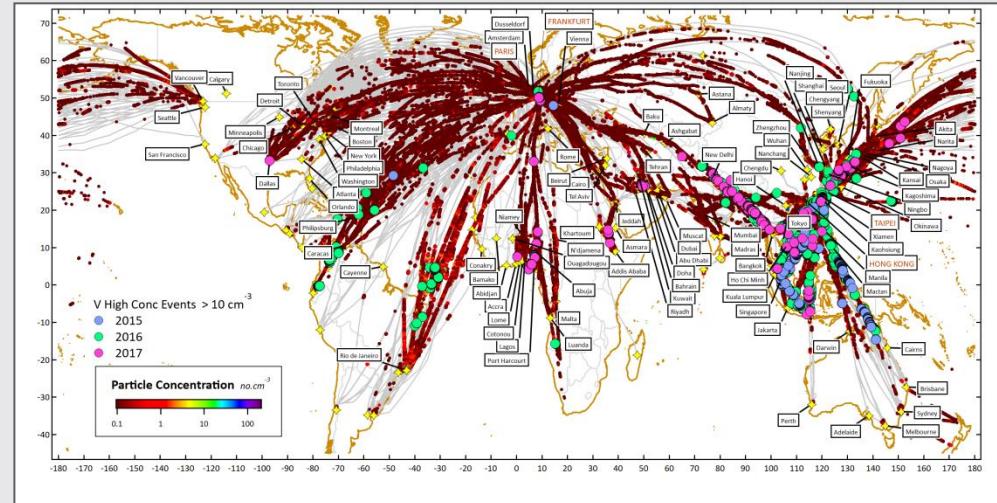
- In operation since 1995
- Established technique for balloon soundings
- Low maintenance requirements
- Calibrations traceable to frost point mirror
- In-flight blind intercomparison:
 $5\% \text{ RH}_{\text{liquid}}$ uncertainty, LOD approx. 20 ppmv

BACKSCATTER CLOUD PROBE (BC)



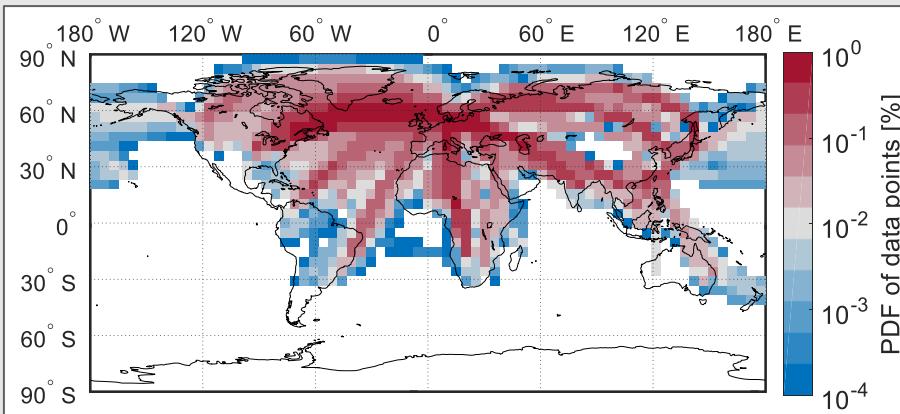
Beswick et al., AMT 2014

- Particles pass through open laser beam and backscattered light is collected by a photodiode
- Size range: $d_p = 5 - 75 \mu\text{m}$
- $N_{\text{ice, min}} = 0.015 \text{ cm}^{-3}$ with 50% uncertainty
- No size distribution information provided
- In operation since 2011

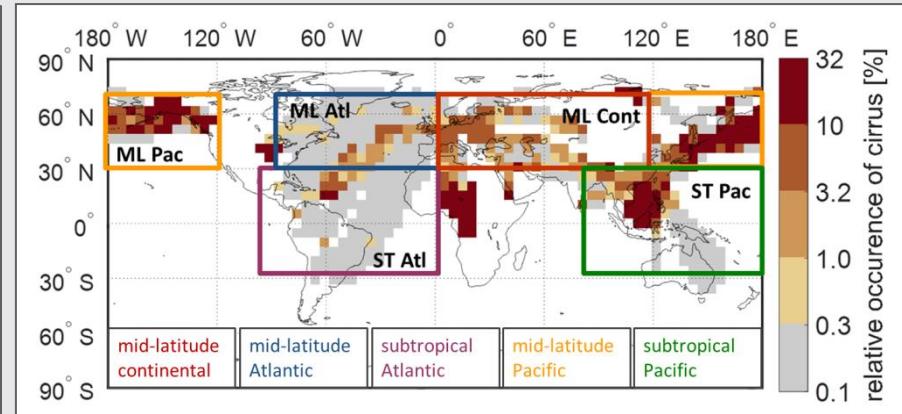


THE IAGOS DATA SET - COVERAGE

IAGOS - MOZAIC UTH / RH_{ice} data



IAGOS Cirrus RH_{ice} - N_{ice} data



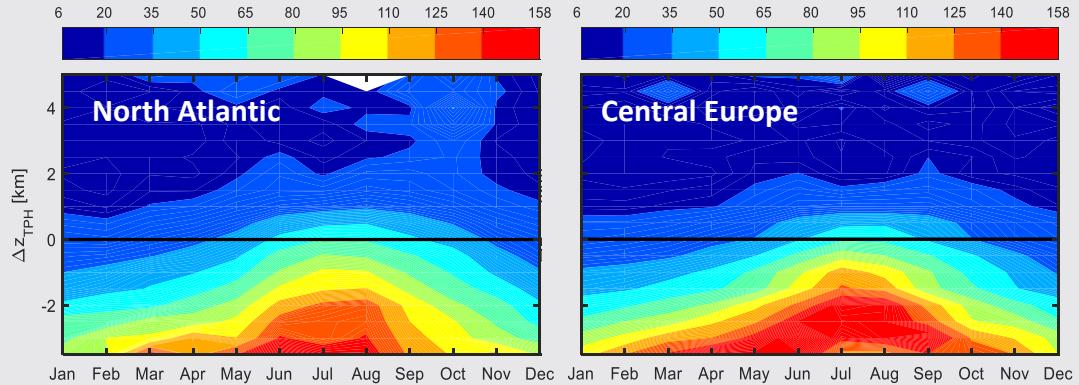
- Data available since 1995
- > 20 years of UTH data
- > 57000 flights, 500 flights/year/aircraft

- Data available since 2011
- 360 hours of in-cloud RH_{ice} – N_{ice} data from 2014 to 2015 analysed

Data selection criteria

- Altitude > 8 km, p < 350 hPa
- T_{amb} < 233 K to exclude super-cooled water droplets

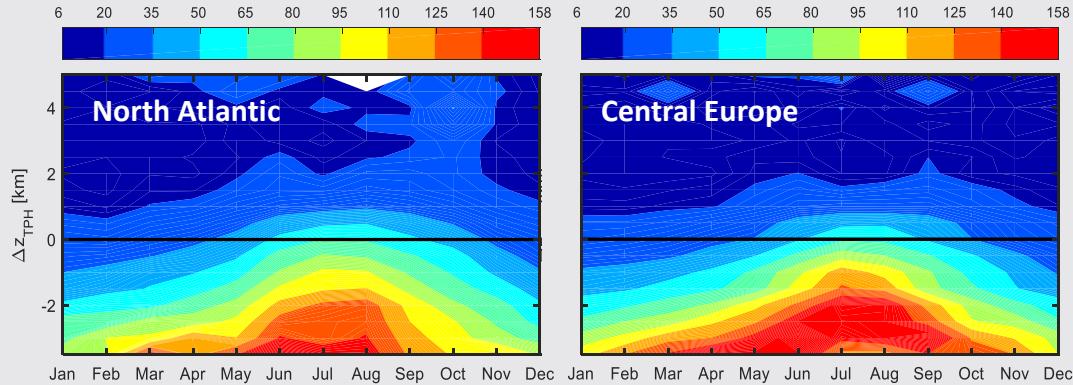
UTH VERTICAL VARIABILITY



Seasonal variation of 15 yrs. mean monthly median H_2O VMR [ppmv]

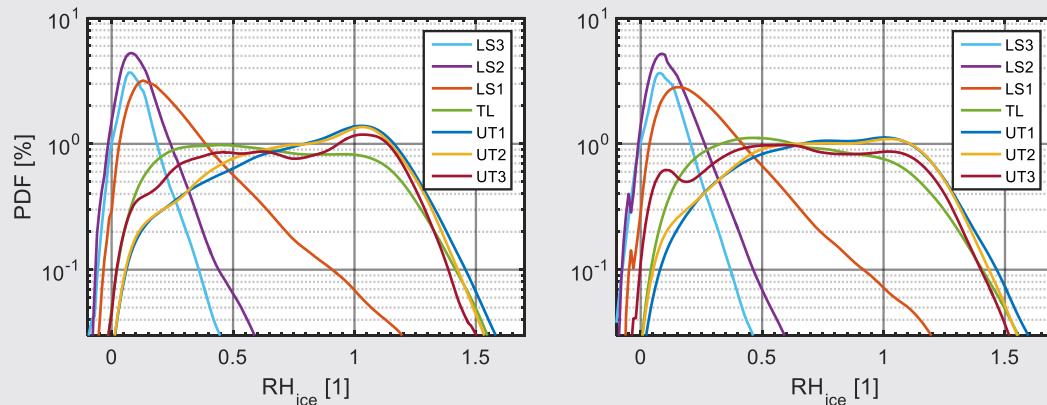
- Distribution relative to the thermal tropopause height z_{TPH}
- clearly visible moistening of the LMS in summer

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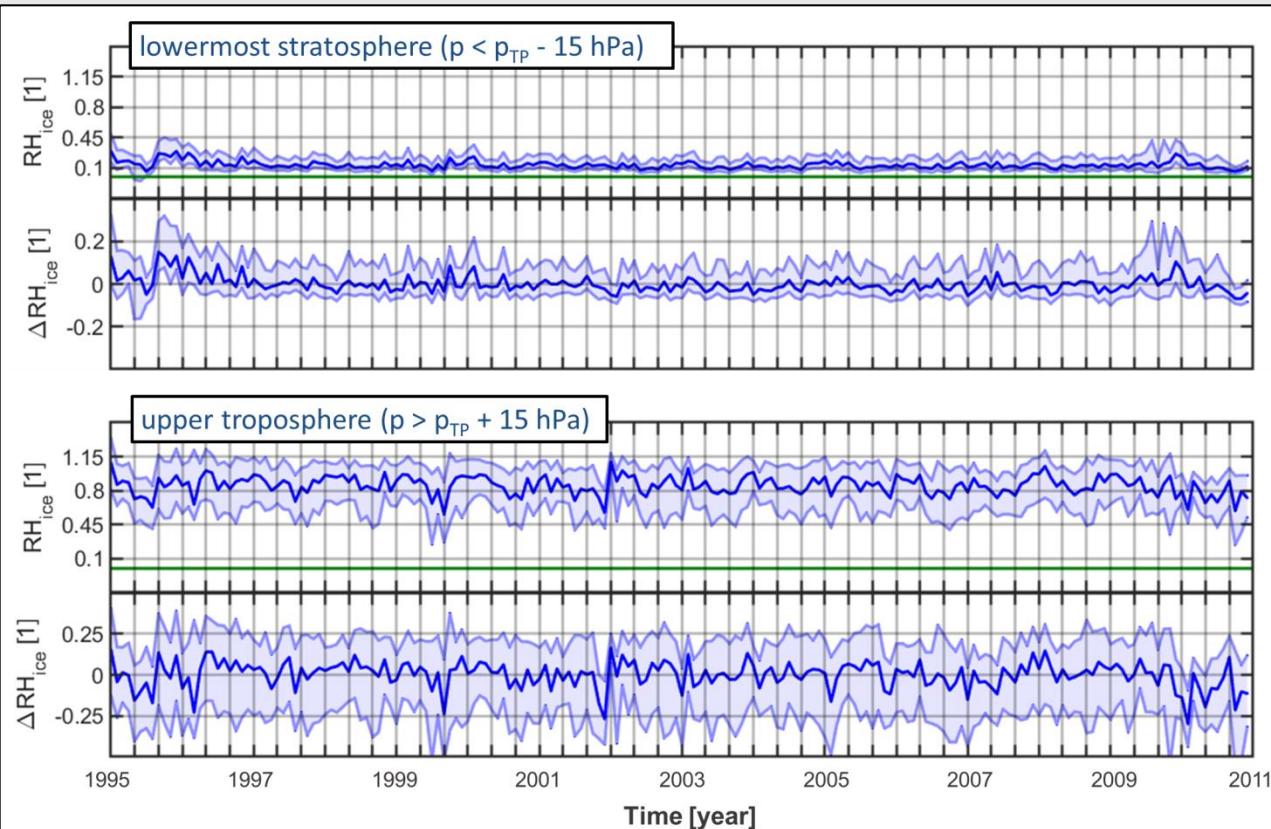
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Vertical distribution of RH_{ice} in the vicinity of the thermal tropopause

- Vertical spacing of layers at z_{TPH} is 30 hPa
- PDFs of occurrence indicate frequent supersaturation of UT

RH_{ICE} TIME SERIES



Average RH_{ice} values

LMS: approx. 10%,
close to the LOD of ICH
UT: > 80%

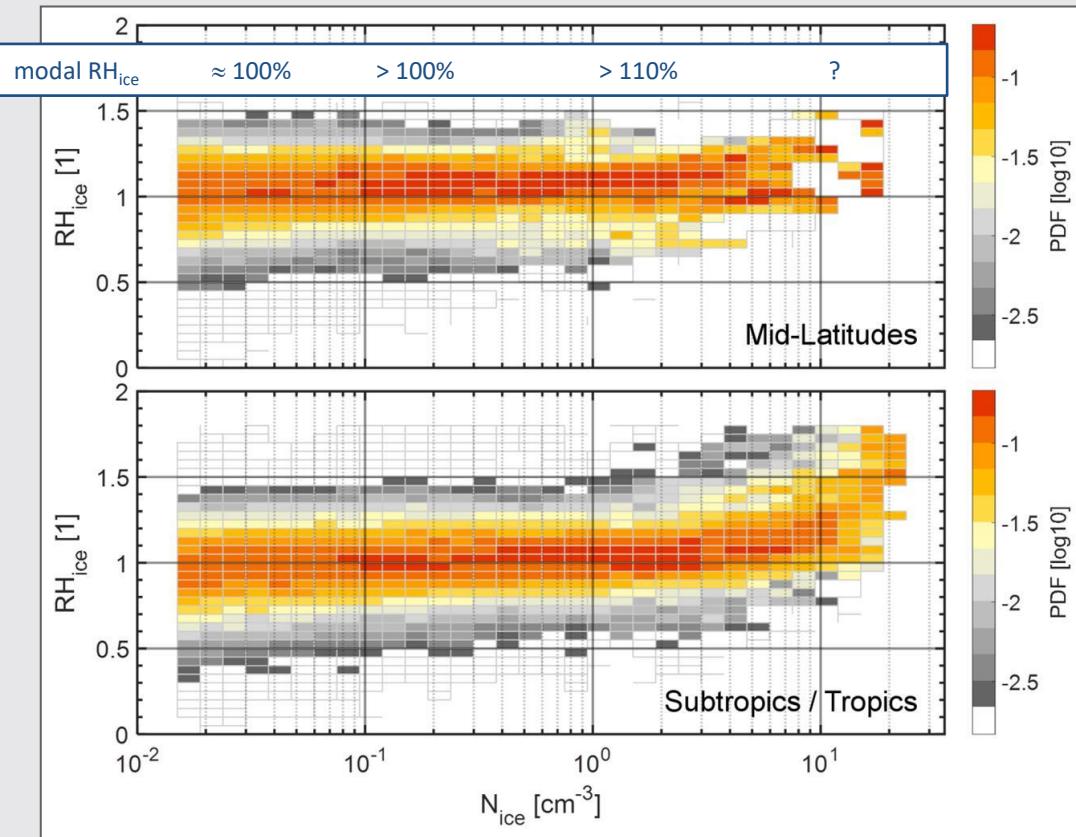
Ice-supersaturation

occurs regularly in the UT
close to the tropopause

No significant trends

of the deviation of monthly
RH_{ice} from long-time average
(ΔRH_{ice}) are observed

CIRRUS CLOUD PROPERTIES



Dynamical equilibrium RH_{ice} in clouds
 $> 100\%$ is driven by vertical velocity

cooling during air mass updraft

\Rightarrow decrease of $e_{sat,ice}$

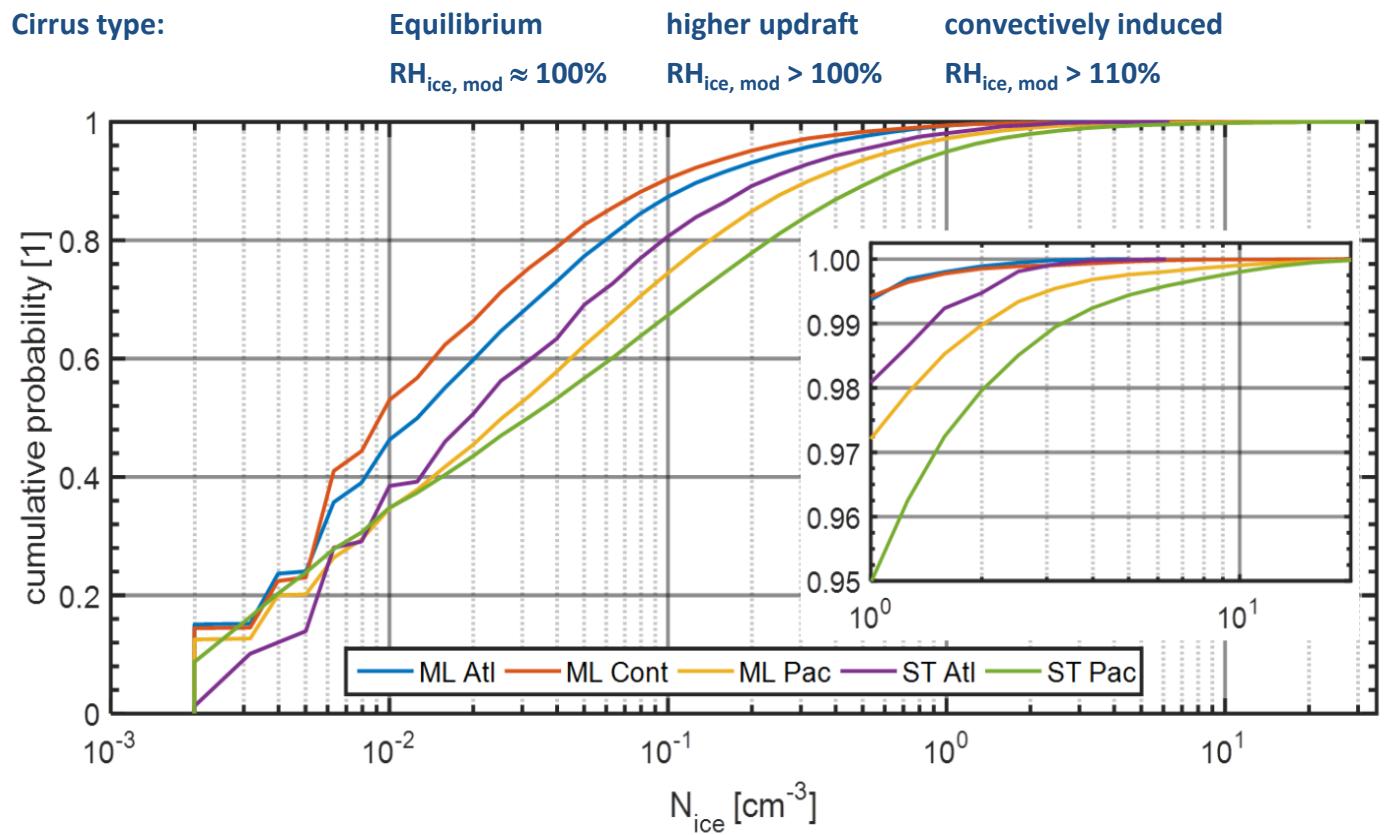
$\Rightarrow RH_{ice} \uparrow$

deposition of excess water vapour on
existing ice crystals

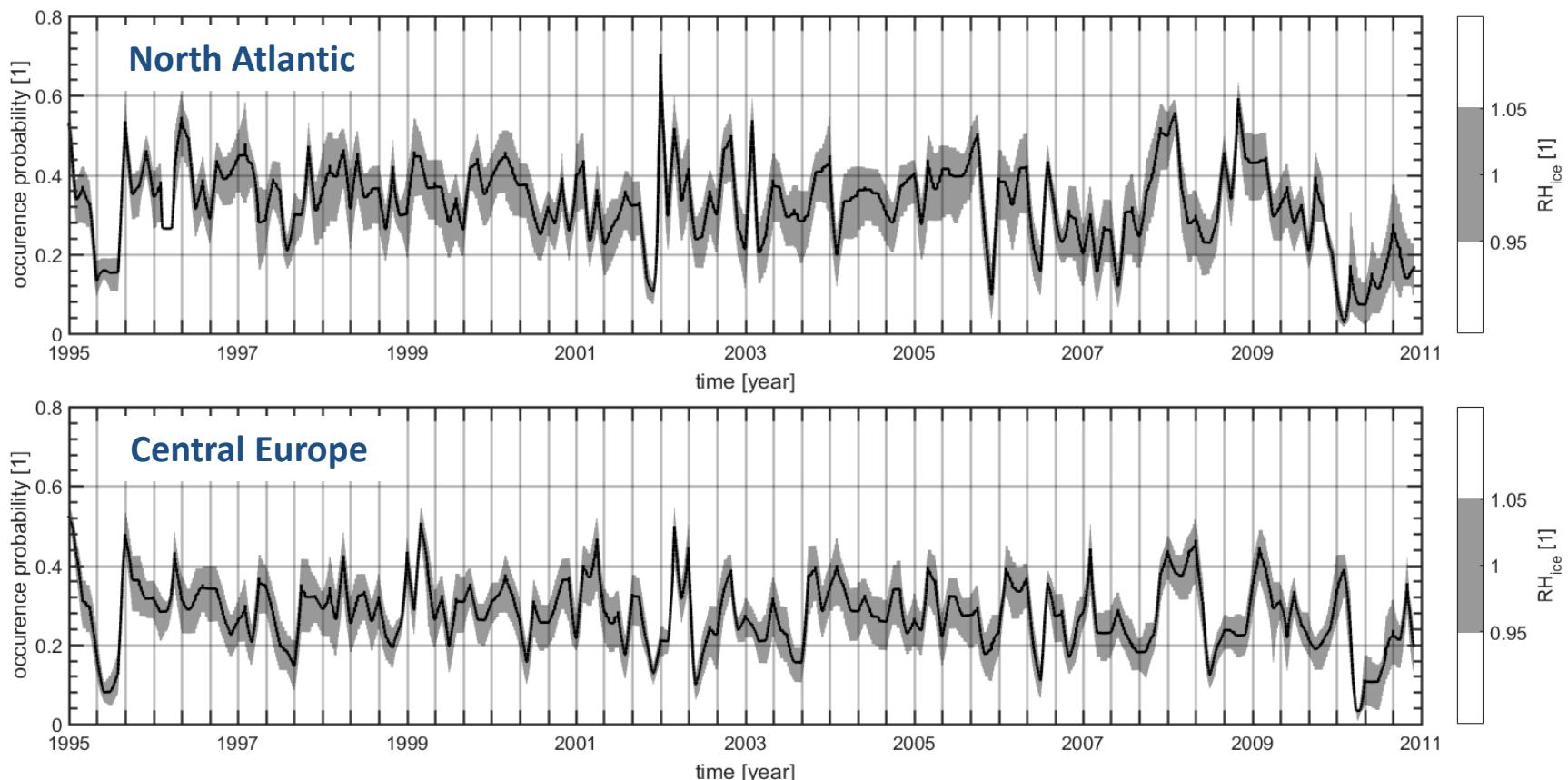
$\Rightarrow RH_{ice} \downarrow$

$RH_{ice} - N_{ice}$ correlations indicate:
dynamic equilibrium $RH_{ice} \propto N_{ice}$

CIRRUS CLOUD PROPERTIES



OCCURRENCE OF ICE SUPERSATURATION

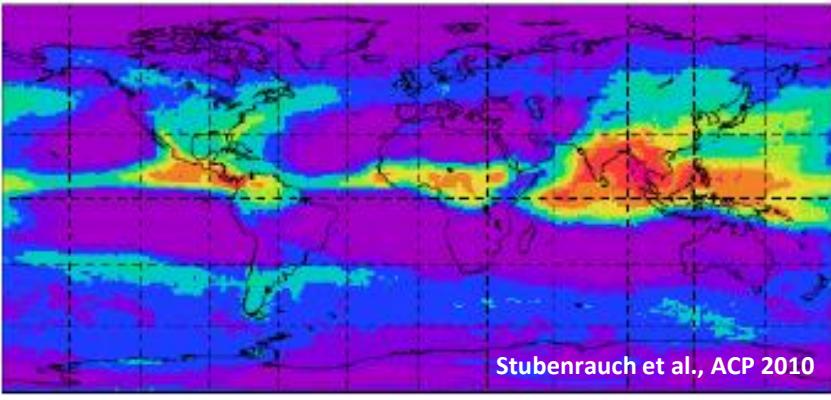
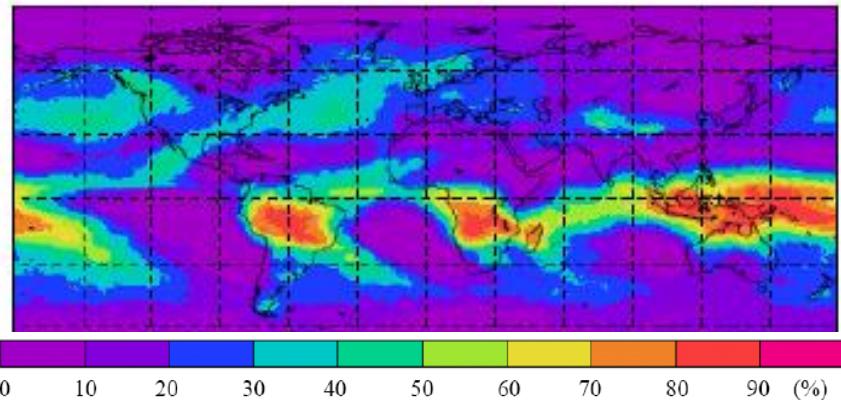


OCCURRENCE OF ICE SUPERSATURATION

January 2003 – 2008

AIRS High Cloud Amount

July 2003 - 2008

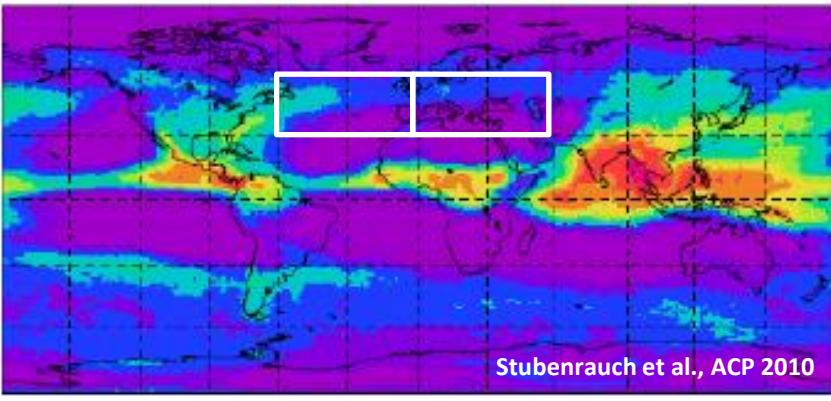
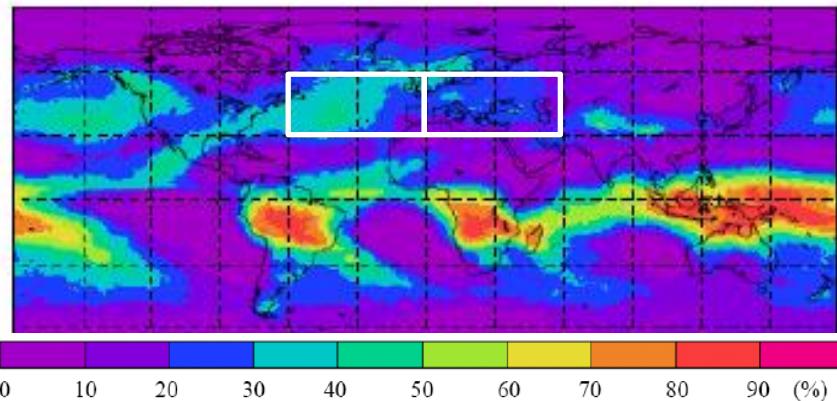


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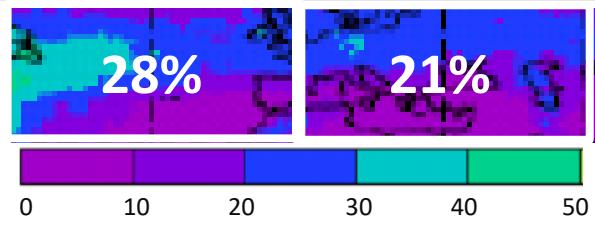
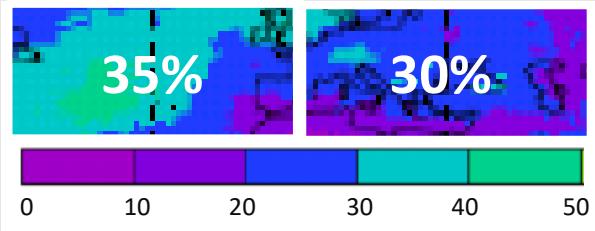
January 2003 – 2008

AIRS High Cloud Amount

July 2003 - 2008



IAGOS Occurrence of $RH_{ice} \geq 100\%$



SUMMARY & NEXT STEPS

- Regular global-scale *in situ* data from MOZAIC / IAGOS are available for open access
- RH_{ice} data since 1995 and RH_{ice} – N_{ice} data since 2011 provide a highly valuable basis for research on upper tropospheric humidity and cirrus clouds
- IAGOS water vapour data will be used for SPARC OCTAV-UTLS (Observed Composition Trends and Variability in the UTLS)
- IAGOS water vapour – cirrus data may be of value for GEWEX UTCC-PROES purposes



- Investigate long-term evolution of cirrus coverage over regions sampled by IAGOS
- Link IAGOS RH_{ice} - cirrus observations to satellite observations of cirrus coverage

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IAGOS Data Services

Available:

O₃, CO, H₂O (CORE NRT)

O₃, CO (CARIBIC L1)

Cloud Index (CORE NRT)

NO_x/NO₂ (CORE L1)

In preparation:



IAGOS data products

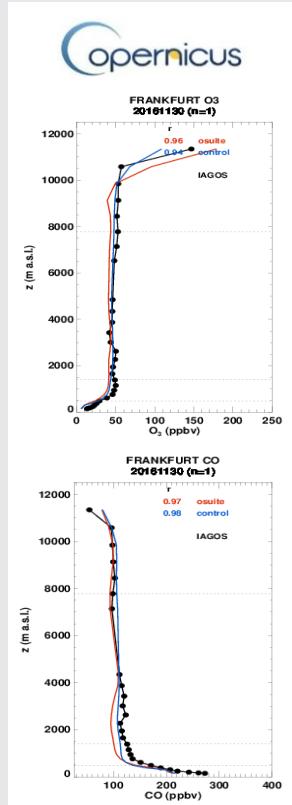


calibration data
meta data

IAGOS Data Centre
hosted by AERIS (CNES-
CNRS/INSU)
in Toulouse

near real
time data
for Copernicus
model validation

calibration maintenance



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H₂O, O₃

H₂O, O₃, CO, NO_y

H₂O, O₃, CO, clouds, NO_x, NO_y

H₂O, O₃, CO, clouds, NO_x, NO_y,
CO₂ + CH₄, aerosol



1994

2002

2008

2011

2012

2014

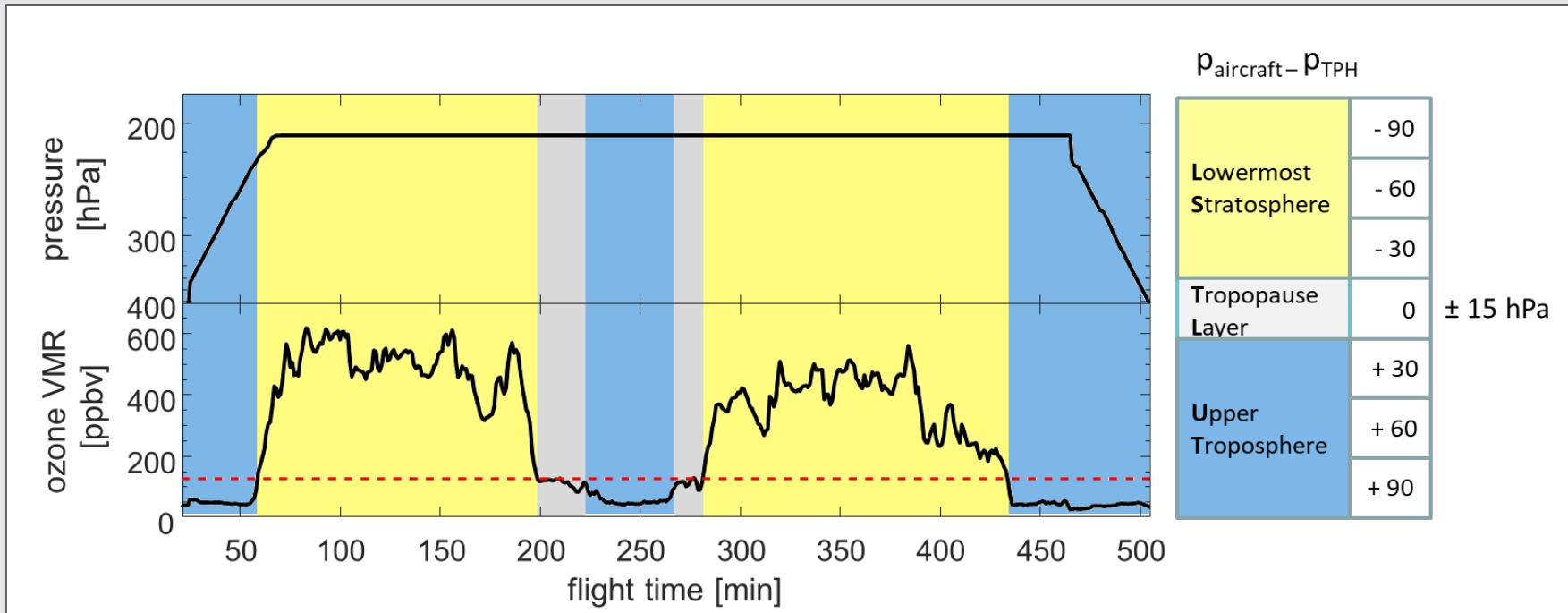
2017

2020

MOZAIC

CARIBIC

THE IAGOS DATA SET – VERTICAL COORDINATES



- Seasonal and regional variation of the tropopause height requires relative altitude coordinates.
- Data are grouped relative to the dynamical or thermal tropopause height ($p_{\text{dyn.TPH}}$; $p_{\text{therm.TPH}}$) according to Thouret et al. (JGR 2006).

