

Introduction of TPE Programme in GEWEX SSG-29



Ailikun

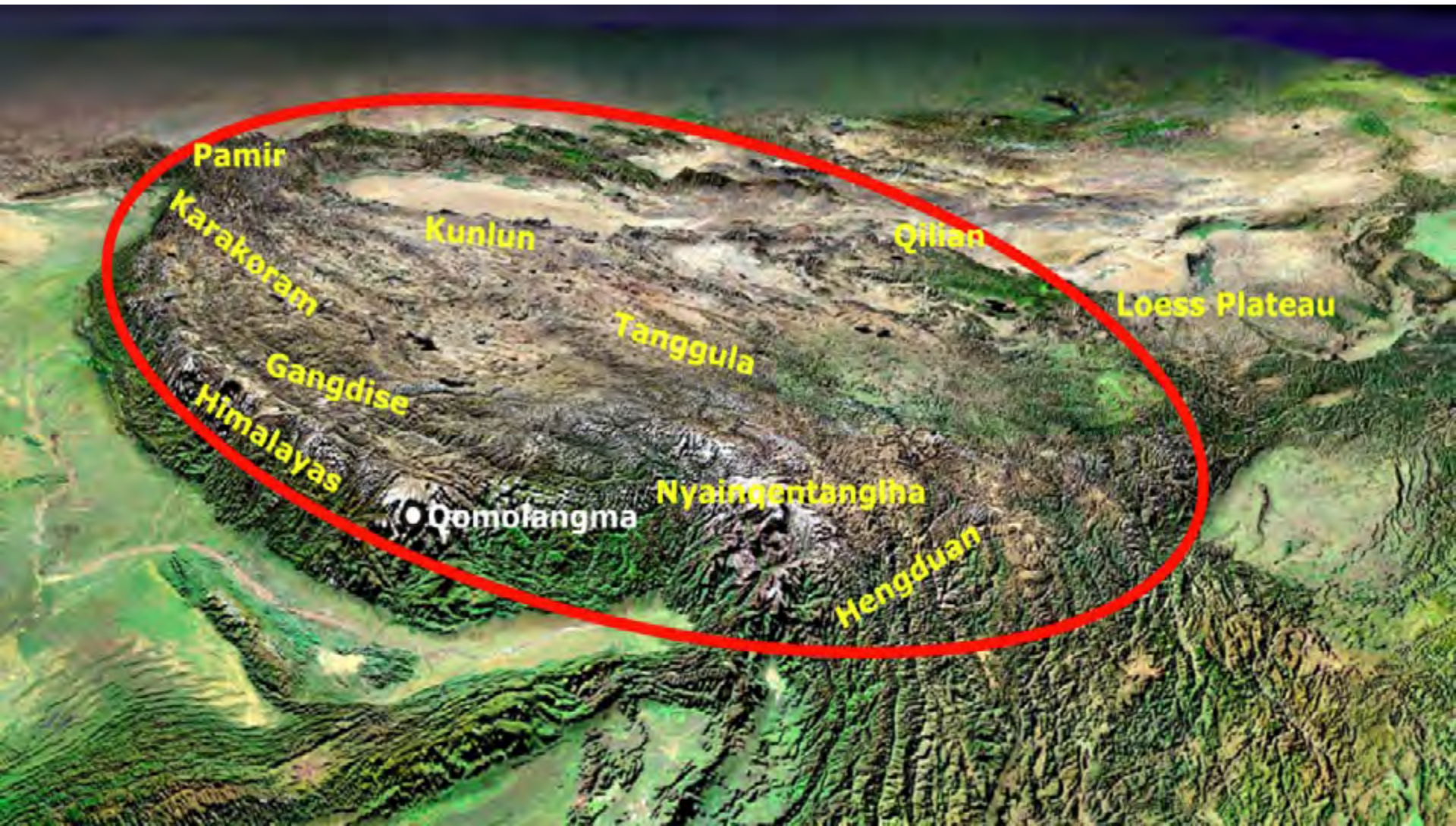
Director of TPE IPO

Institute of Tibetan Plateau Research

Chinese Academy of Sciences

Sanya, China, 6-9 Feb. 2017

The Third Pole region covers 5 million km² in area with an elevation higher than 4000m by average

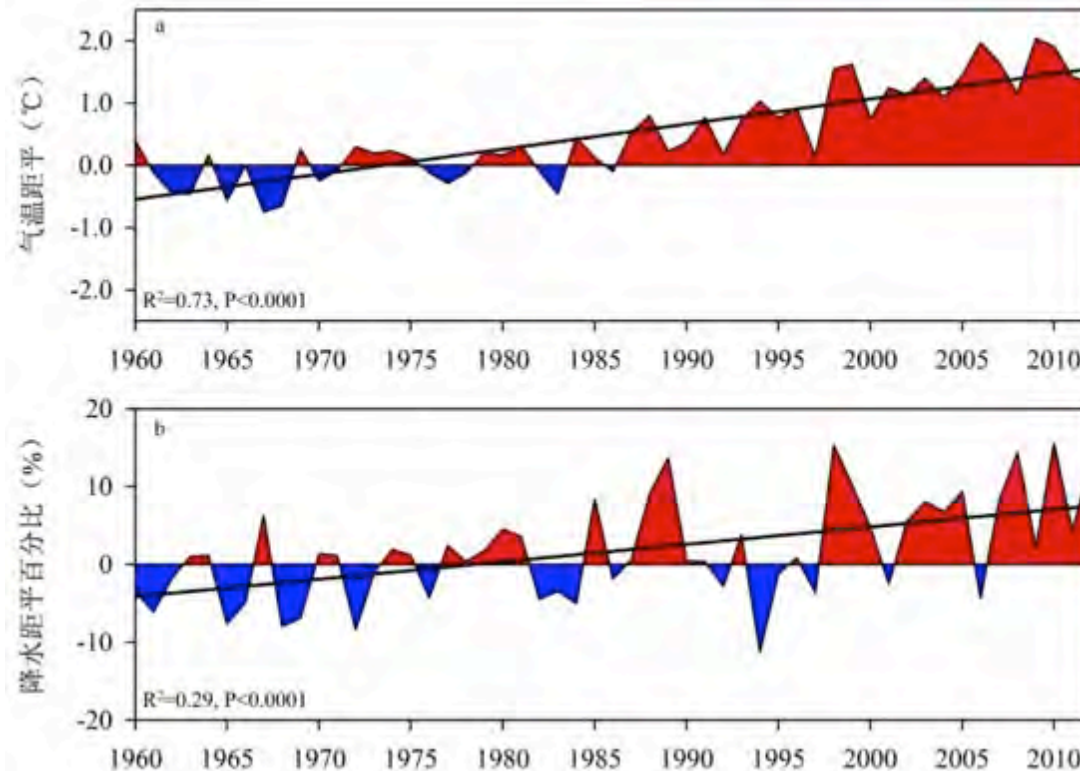


The Third Pole Provides Water Resources for About 2 Billion People



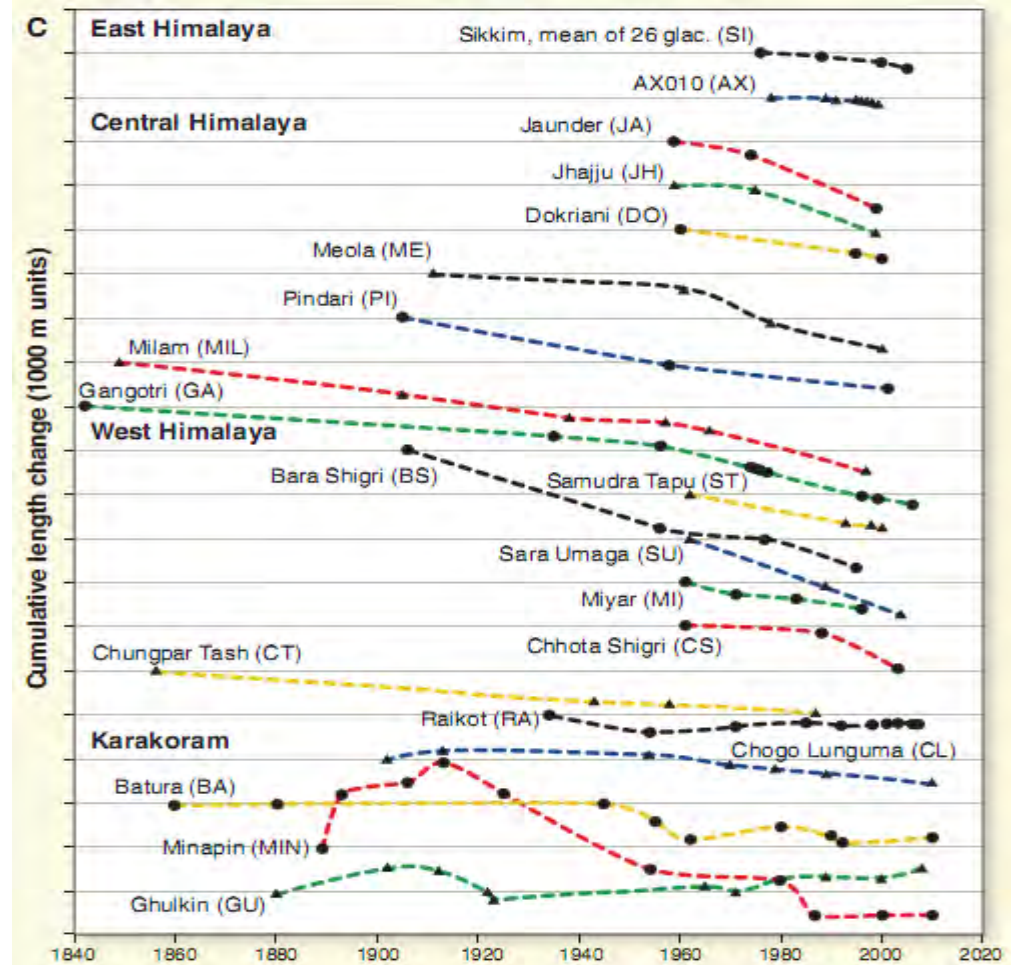
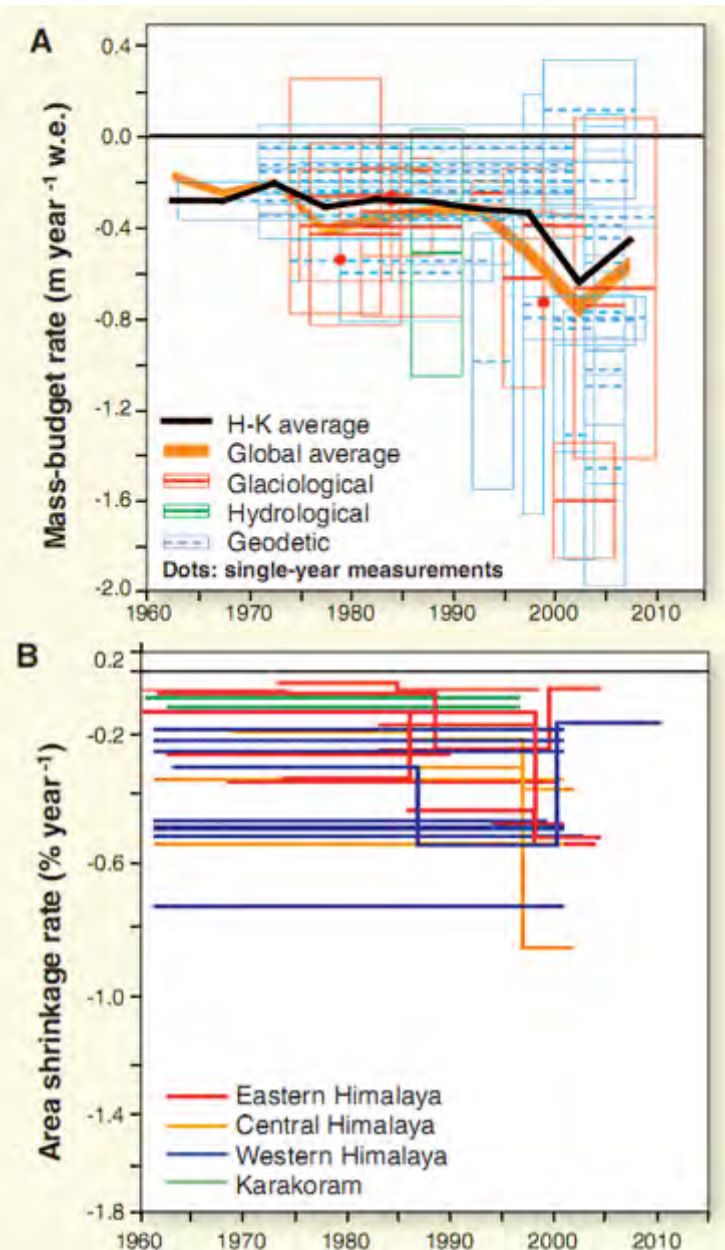
Climate is warming more rapidly

Warming with $0.3\text{-}0.4^{\circ}\text{C}/10\text{a}$ from 1960 to 2012



Time series of T anomaly and P anomaly (%) in Tibetan Plateau of China from 1960 to 2012.

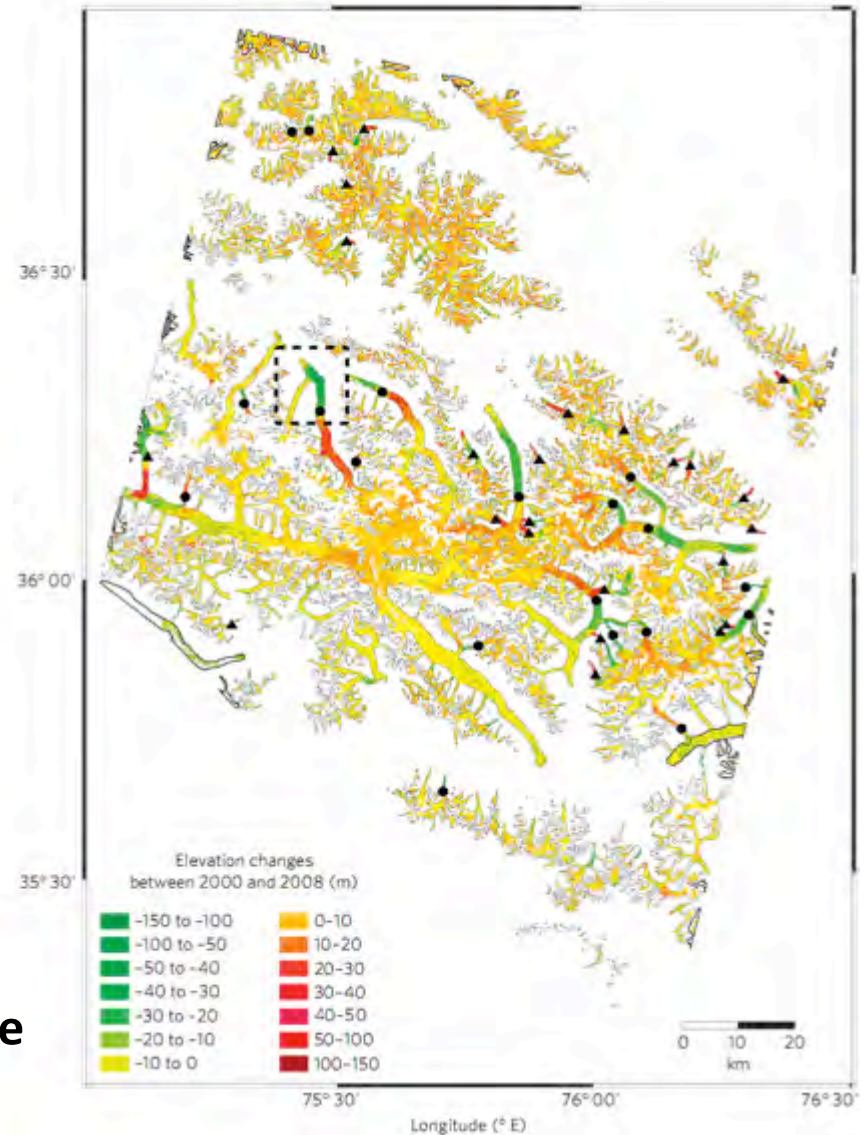
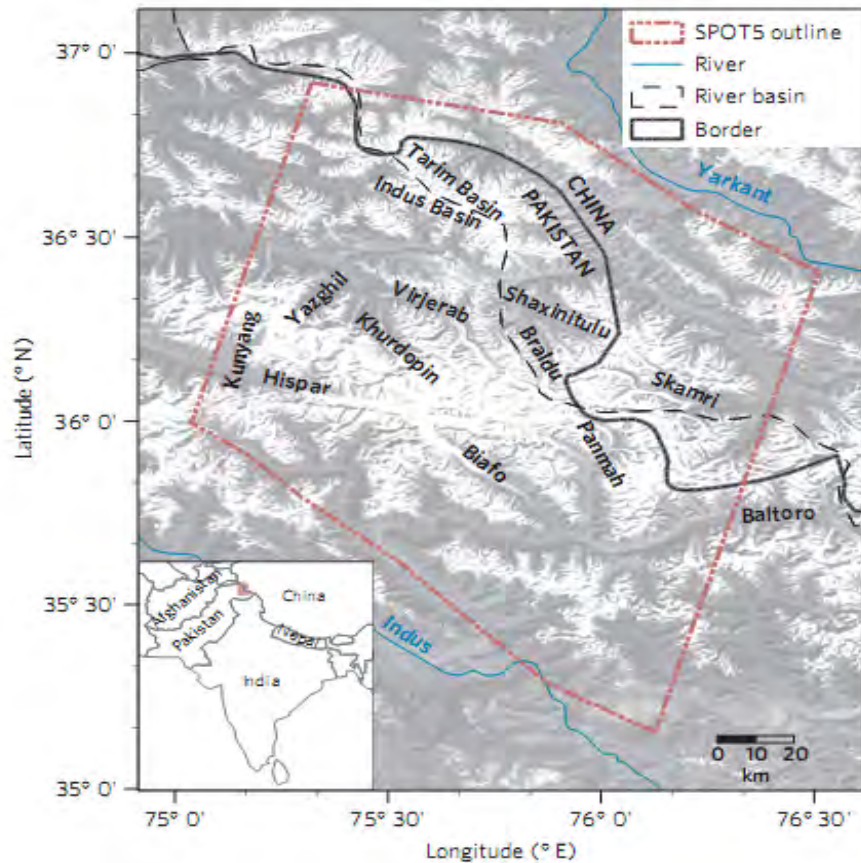
Glacier melt in the Himalayas



Intensive glacier melt in Himalayas

Bolch et al. Science(2012)

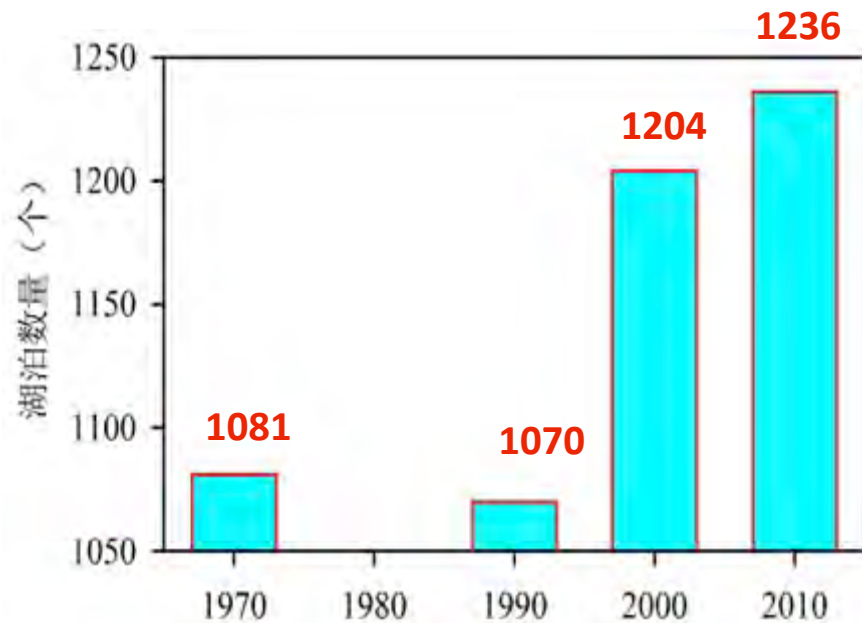
Glacier melt in the Pamir/Karakoram



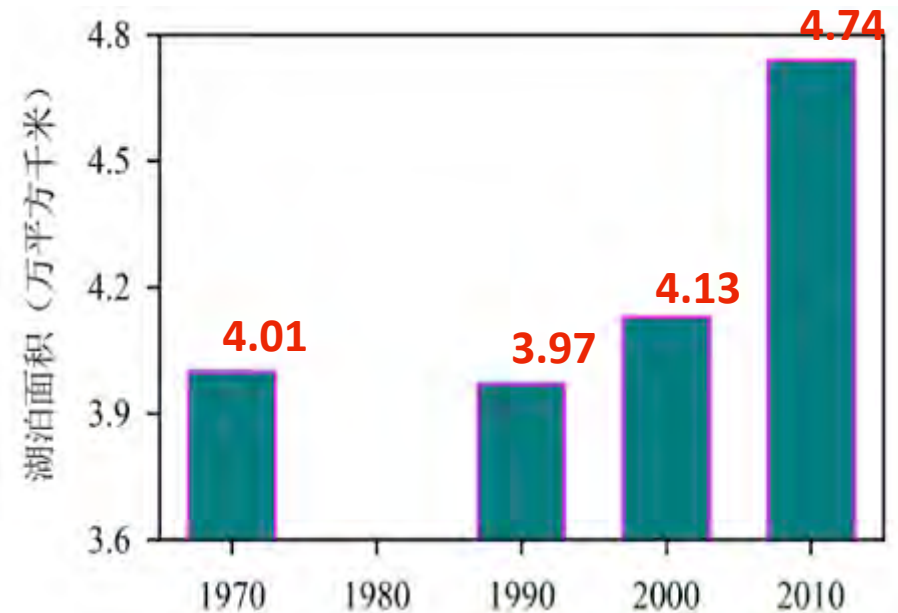
Comparison between SRTM (2000) and SPOT5 (2008) reveal positive mass balance in Karakoram ($0.11 \pm 0.22 \text{ m yr}^{-1}$)

Increasing lakes in Tibetan Plateau of China in last 40 years

Changes of lake number

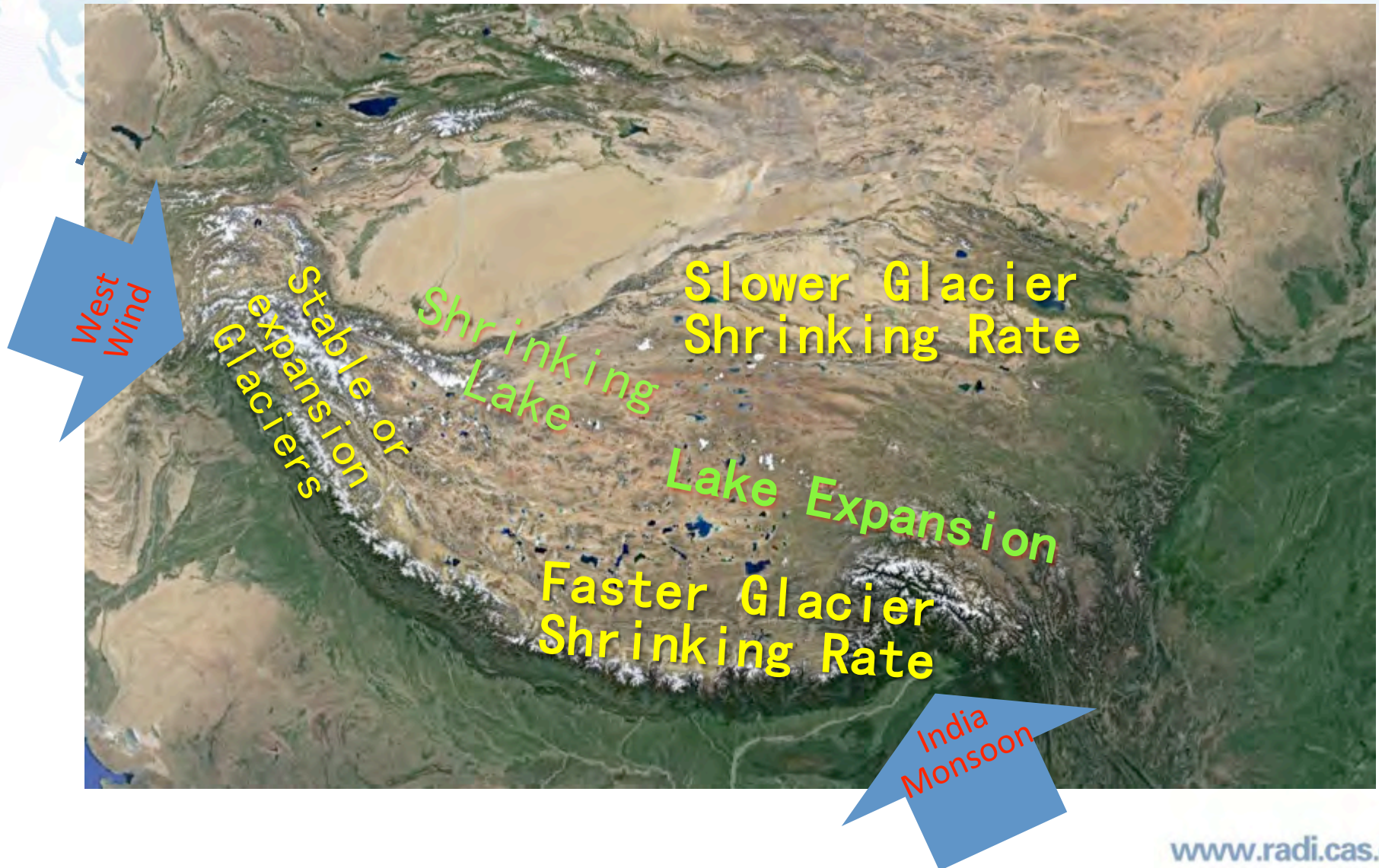


Changes of lake area (10,000 KM²)



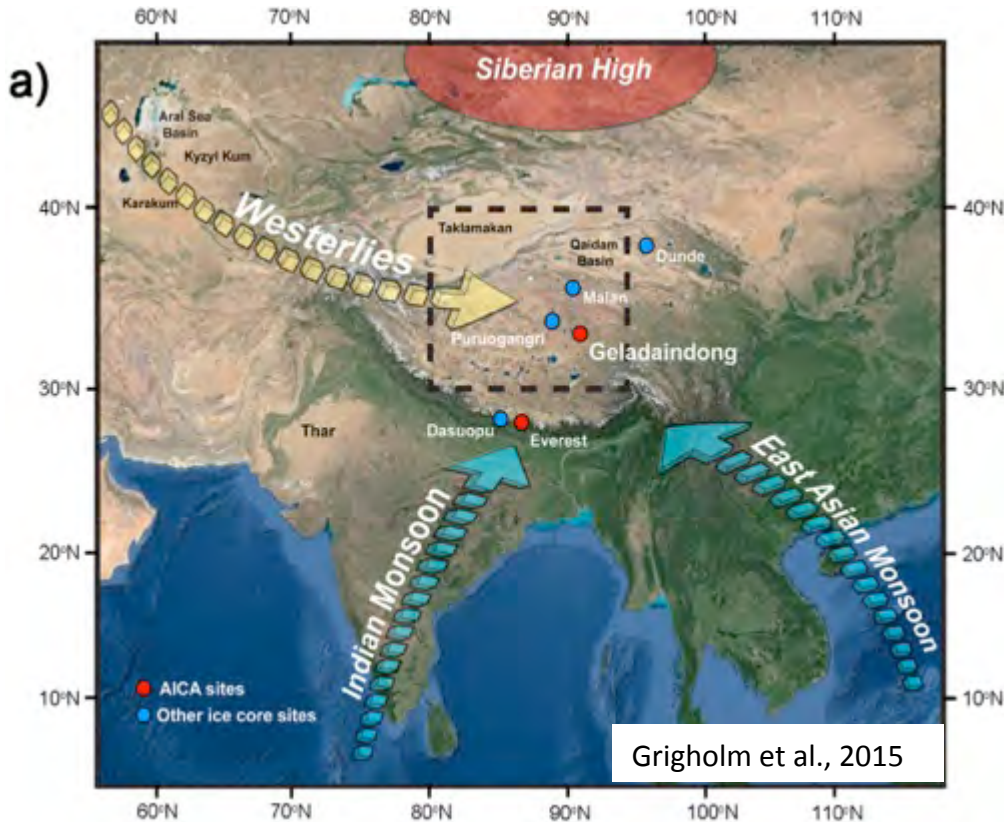
Only calculating the Lakes with area > 1 km²

Current Understanding of glacier and lake changes (Quote from JianCheng Shi)



TPE in regional and global context

Interaction between Asian monsoon and mid-latitude westerlies



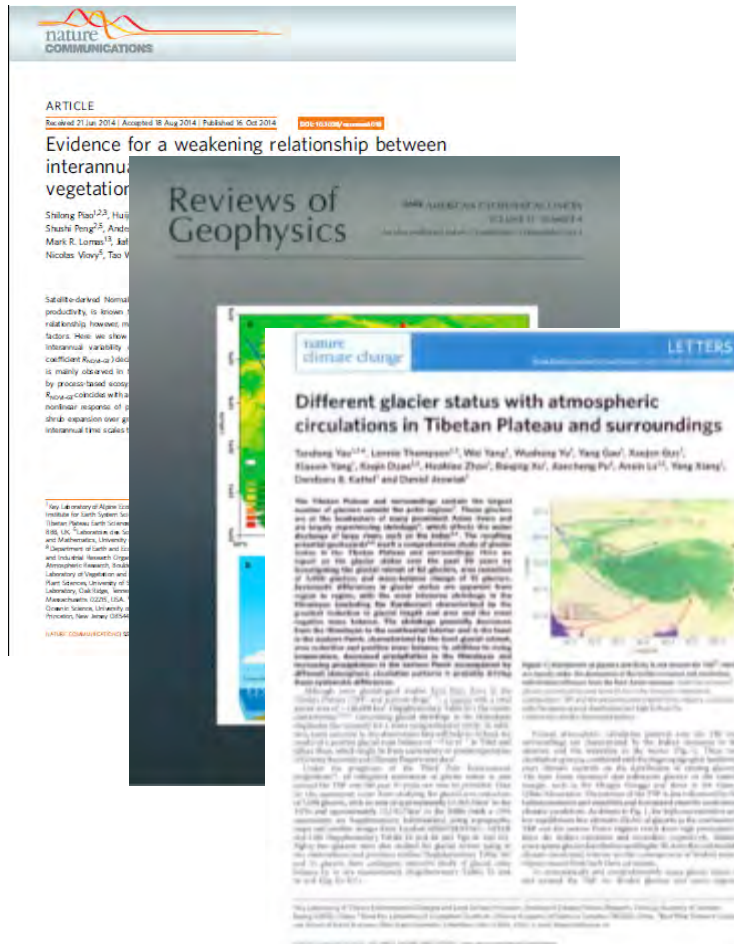
Most atmospheric teleconnection patterns are related to Third Pole



Figure quote from
Deliang Chen

How does Third Pole impact on and respond to interaction of westerlies and monsoon?

The environment of the Third Pole is now a hot topic worldwide



The recent announcement of the 2015 Research Frontiers by Thomson Reuters indicates that *The relationship among glacier, water resources and climatic changes on the Third pole* is a leading frontier of earth science. The top 20 papers were cited 1651 times, and the 4 distinguished papers were cited more than 1200 times

Volker Mosbrugger



**Lonnie G.
Thompson**

Tandong Yao



United Nations
Educational, Scientific and
Cultural Organization

Division of Ecological and
Earth Sciences



Scientific Committee
on Problems of the Environment



UNEP
United Nations
Environment Programme

UNESCO · SCOPE · UNEP Policy Briefs

May 2011 · No. 13



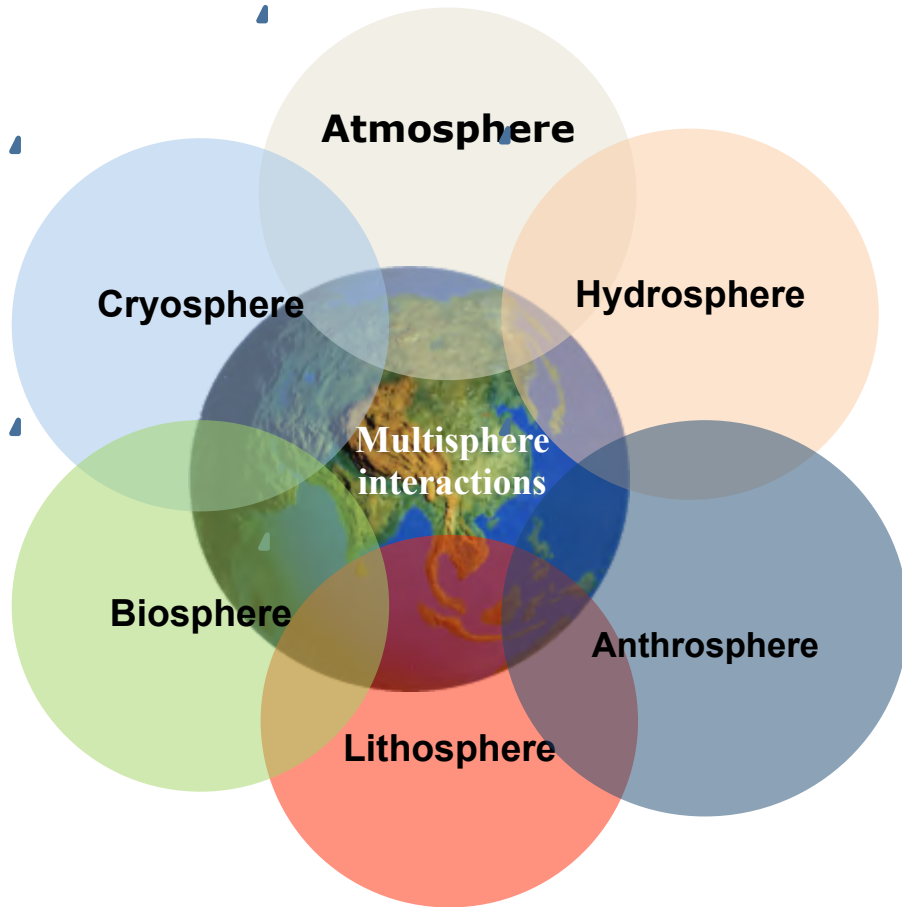
Third POLE ENVIRONMENT

The Objectives of TPE (2011)

Water in the Third Pole is proposed to be the most important objective, Third Pole Environment (TPE) programme focuses on clarifying the **cryospheric melt dominant processes and consequences**, and proposing scientific advices to mitigate or adapt to hazardous consequences. TPE provides an important platform to enhance the research collaborations regionally and globally. (TPE Science Plan 2011)



The Objectives of TPE (2016)



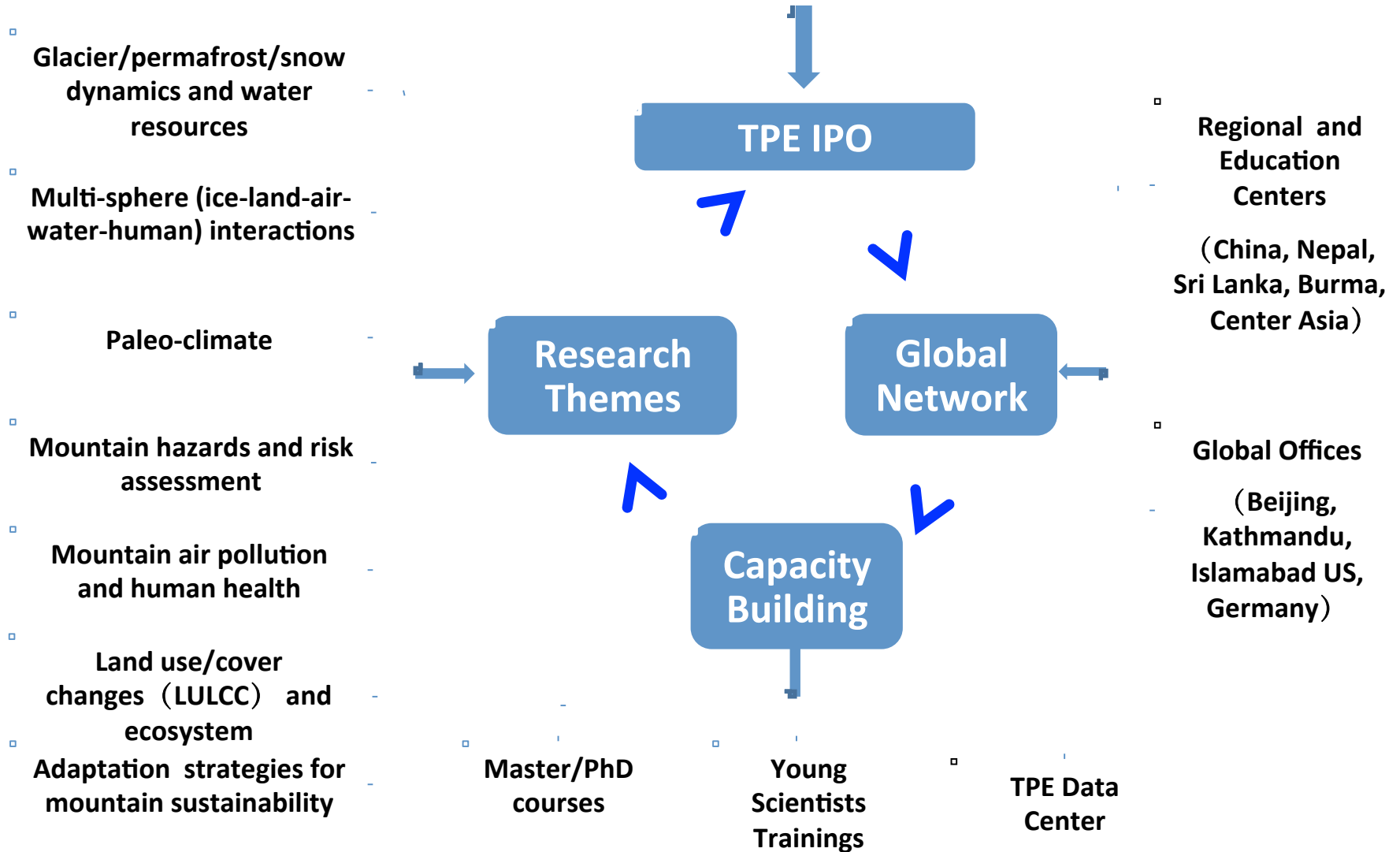
- ✓ TPE programme is to obtain a system understanding of the evolution of third pole and of its impact on the dynamics of the earth system: past - present - future.
- ✓ TPE programme focuses on the understanding the mechanism of multisphere interaction in the Third Pole and its surrounding regions.

Key Scientific Questions of TPE (2016)

- ✓ What are the key earth system processes and their interactions among multi-spheres in TPE and its surrounding region?
- ✓ What are the impacts of global environment change to Third Pole environment? And what are the feedbacks?
- ✓ How to protect and safeguard the livelihood local people, and how to support government/people approaching to the UN SDGs?

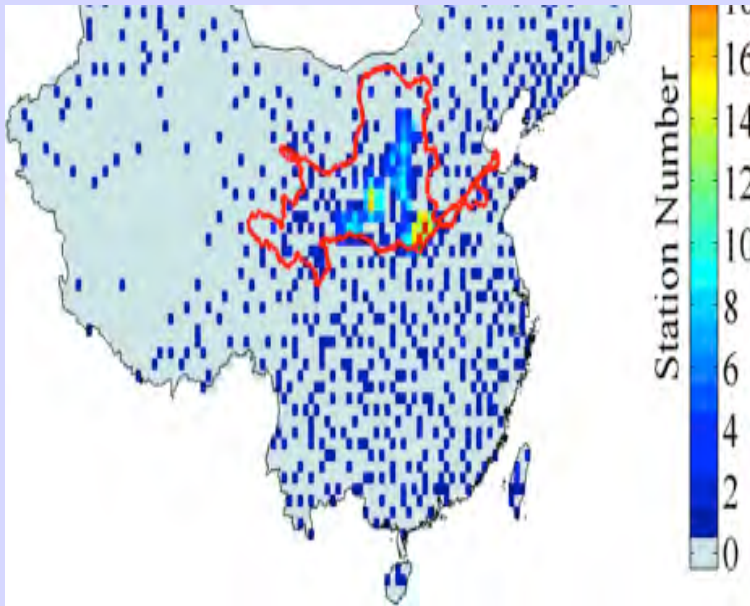
TPE SSC

Co-chairs: T. Yao, L. Thompson, V. Mosbrugger

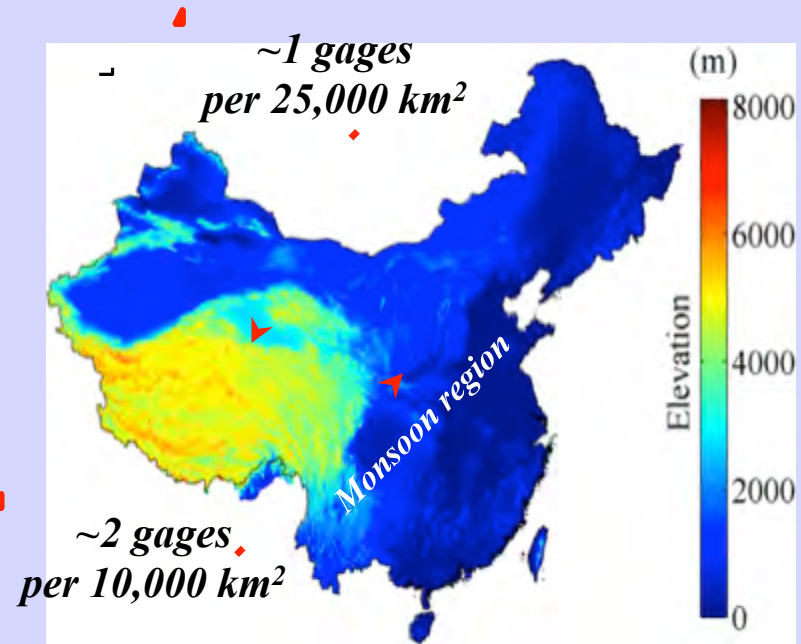


Structure of TPE programme

*Lack of ground observation in Tibetan Plateau
(quote from Soroosh PERSIANN-CDR)*



EA Rain Gauge Distribution



Elevation Map



Dr. Chiyuan Miao - BNU

Gauge data: *daily precipitation over East Asia (EA) (Xie et al., 2007)*

- More than 2200 ground-based stations across China*
- 0.5° resolution*
- Period 1983-2006*

PERSIANN-CDR: *up scaled into the same resolution as EA (0.5°)*

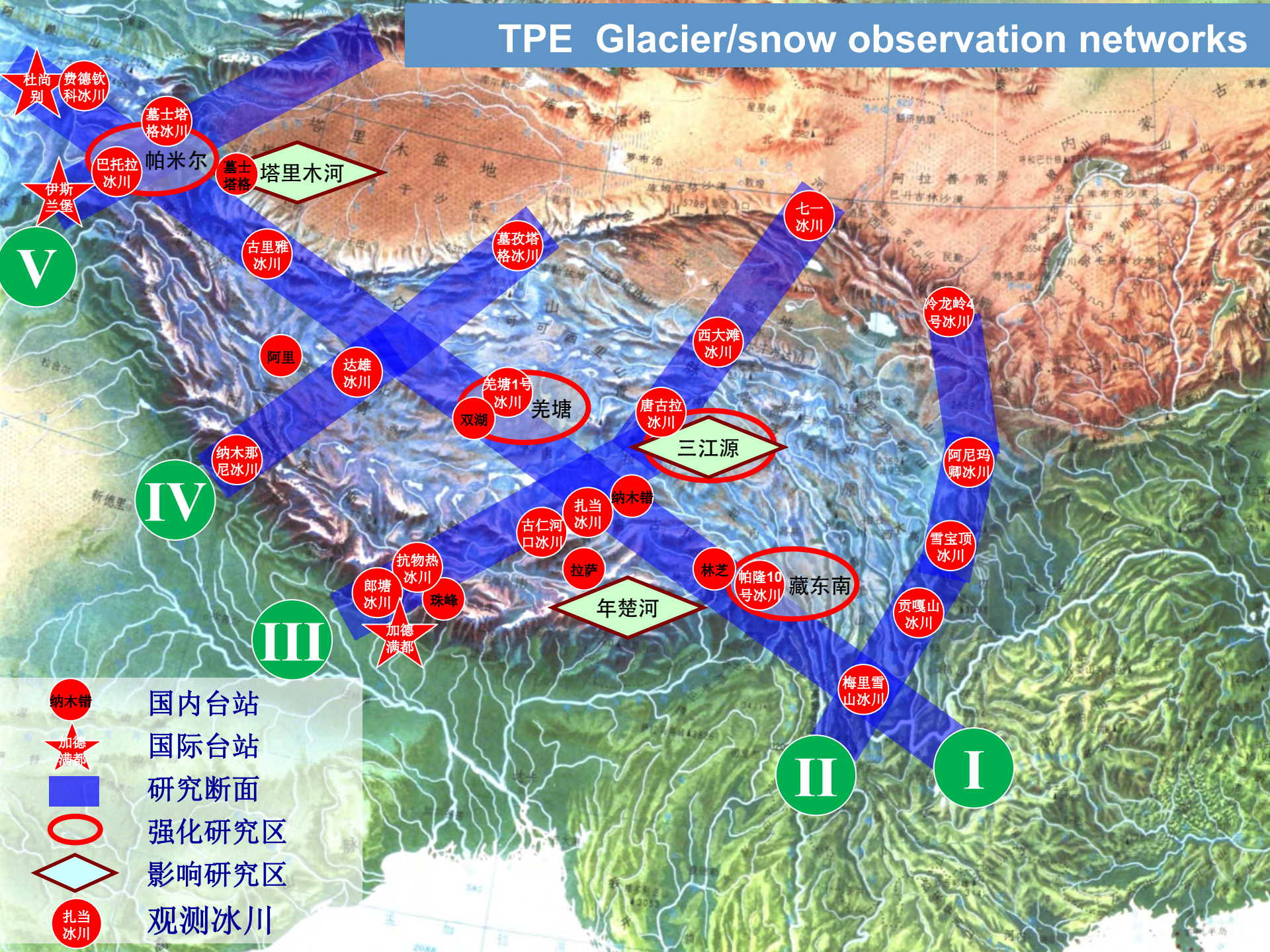
TPE Glacier/snow observation networks

Legend:

- 国内台站 (Domestic Station): Red circle
- 国际台站 (International Station): Red star
- 研究断面 (Study Section): Blue line
- 强化研究区 (Intensified Study Area): Red outline
- 影响研究区 (Influenced Study Area): Red diamond
- 观测冰川 (Observed Glacier): Red circle with black border

Key Regions and Features:

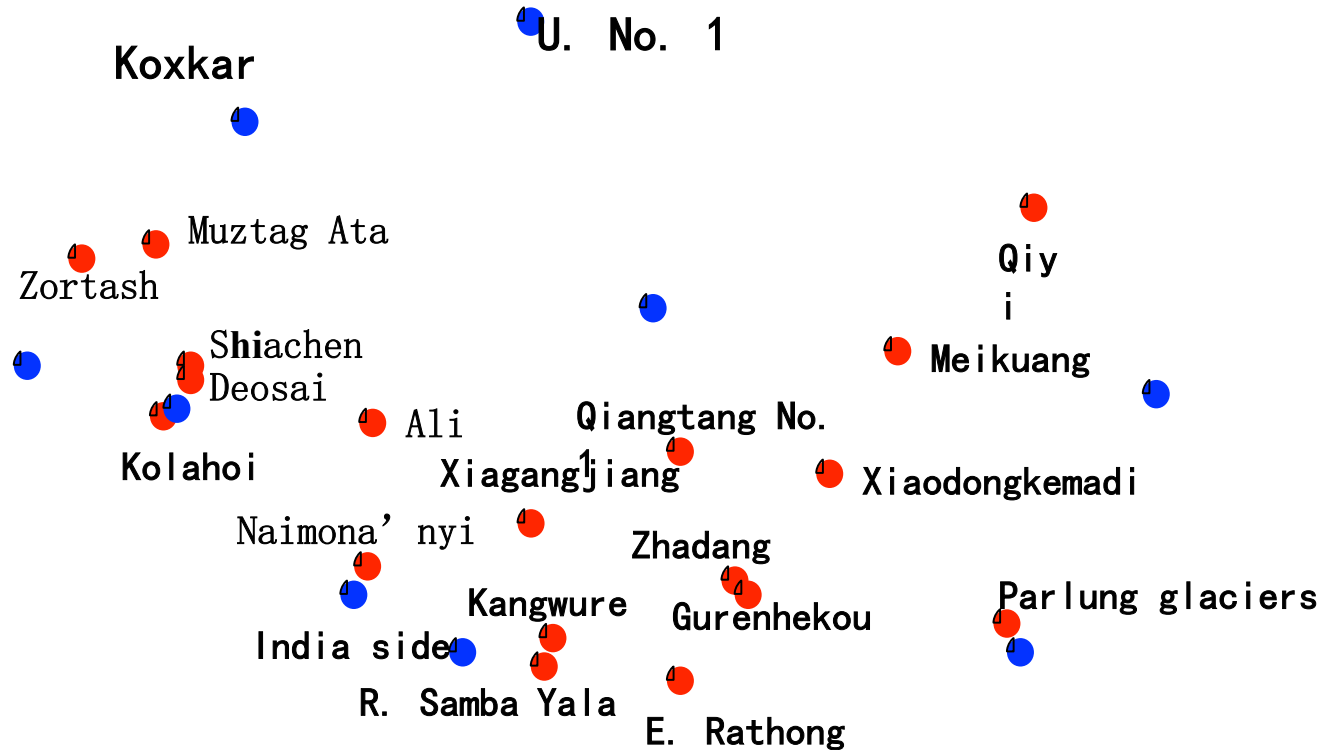
- Region I:** 藏东南 (Tibet Southeast), 梅里雪山冰川 (Meili Xueshan Glacier), 贡嘎山冰川 (Gongga Mountain Glacier), 雪宝顶冰川 (Xuebaoding Glacier), 阿尼玛卿冰川 (Animaqing Glacier), 冷龙岭4号冰川 (Longlingling No. 4 Glacier), 七一冰川 (Qiyi Glacier).
- Region II:** 唐古拉冰川 (Tanggula Glacier), 西大滩冰川 (Xidatan Glacier), 纳木错 (Namtso), 扎当冰川 (Zhangdang Glacier), 古仁河口冰川 (Gurenhe River Mouth Glacier), 拉薩 (Lhasa), 林芝 (Linzhi), 帕隆10号冰川 (Palong No. 10 Glacier), 年楚河 (Nianchu River).
- Region III:** 喜马拉雅 (Himalayas), 纳木那尼冰川 (Namtshani Glacier), 达雄冰川 (Daxiong Glacier), 阿里 (Ali), 塔里木河 (Tarim River), 塔里木盆地 (Tarim Basin).
- Region IV:** 昆仑山 (Kunlun Mountains), 慕士塔格冰川 (Mushatag Glacier), 慕士塔格 (Mushatag), 羌塘1号冰川 (Qiangtang No. 1 Glacier), 羌塘 (Qiangtang), 双湖 (Shuanghu), 纳木那尼冰川 (Namtshani Glacier), 纳木错 (Namtso).
- Region V:** 天山 (Tianshan Mountains), 费德钦科冰川 (Fedchenko Glacier), 杜尚别 (Dushanbe), 巴托拉冰川 (Bartola Glacier), 伊斯兰堡 (Islamabad), 慕士塔格 (Mushatag), 塔里木河 (Tarim River).



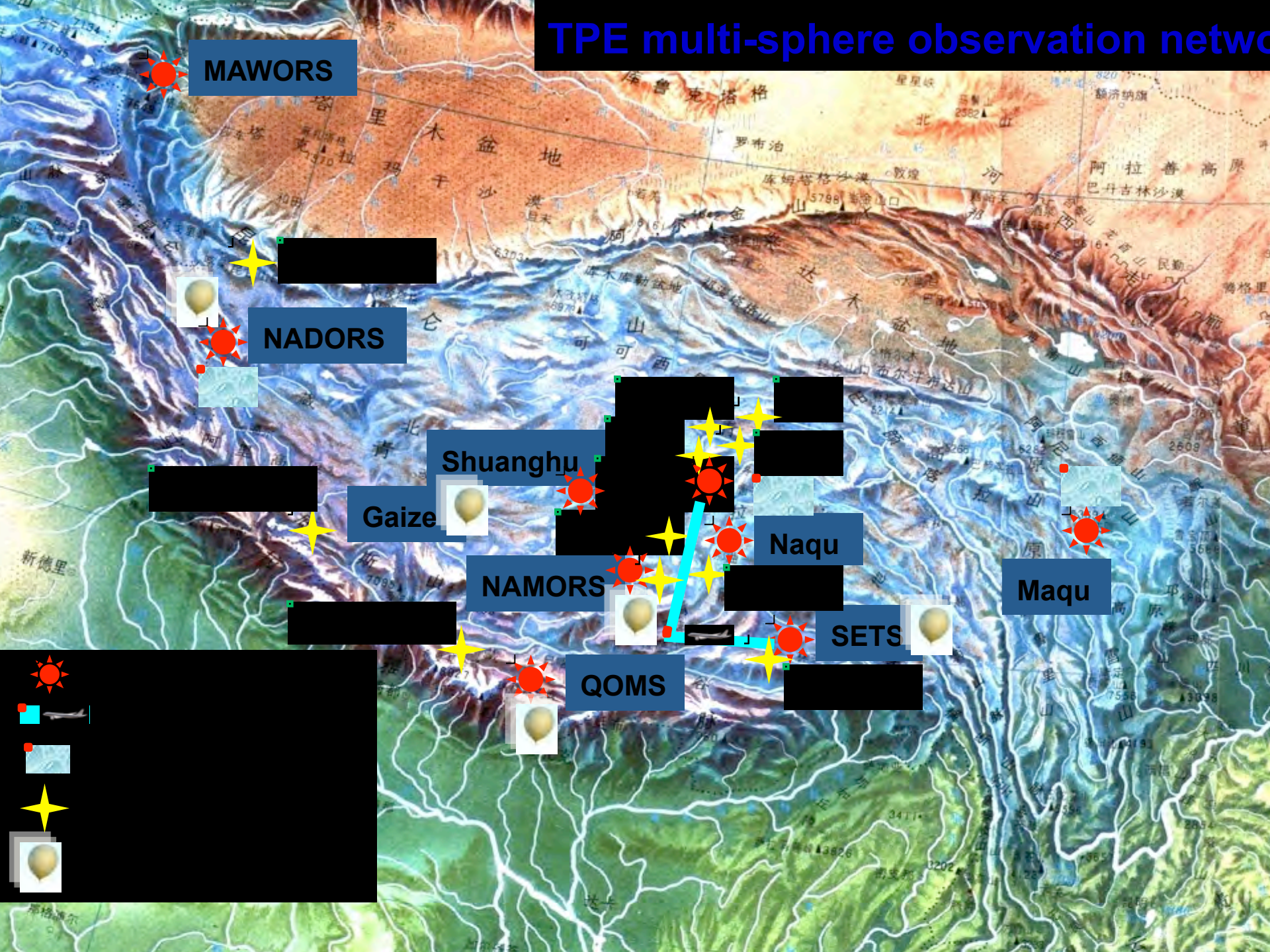
Flagship Station Monitoring Network



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TPE multi-sphere observation network



Efforts to built up datasets for TPE region

<http://en.tpedatabase.cn/>



- Classify by region
- Classify by subject

Latest published

- [2016.12.29] Lake level observation in the Tibetan Plateau
- [2016.12.15] Meteorological dataset of Ngari Desert Observation and Research Station (2009–2014)
- [2016.12.14] Meteorological dataset of Qomolangma Atmospheric and Environmental Observation and Research Station (2005–2014)
- [2016.12.14] Muztagh Ata hydrological station observation data set(2013–2015)
- [2016.12.14] Meteorological dataset of Muztagh Ata Station for Westerly Environment Observation and Research (2003–2014)
- [2016.11.30] Meteorological dataset of Nam Co Station for Multisphere Observation and Research (2005–2014)
- [2016.11.29] Meteorological dataset of Southeastern Tibet Observation and Research Station for the Alpine Environment (2007–2014)
- [2016.11.29] Dataset of Soil Temperature, Soil moisture, Carbon Flux at Southeastern Tibet Observation and Research Station for the Alpine Environment (2007–2014)
- [2016.11.29] Observational dataset of water level and water temperature at Ranwu Lake, Southeastern Tibet (2009–2014)
- [2016.11.15] Tibetan Plateau observatory of plateau scale soil moisture and soil temperature (Tibet-Obs)
- [2016.11.15] Blended soil moisture data product over Tibetan Plateau
- [2016.10.20] Surface energy balance based global land evapotranspiration

More...

▣

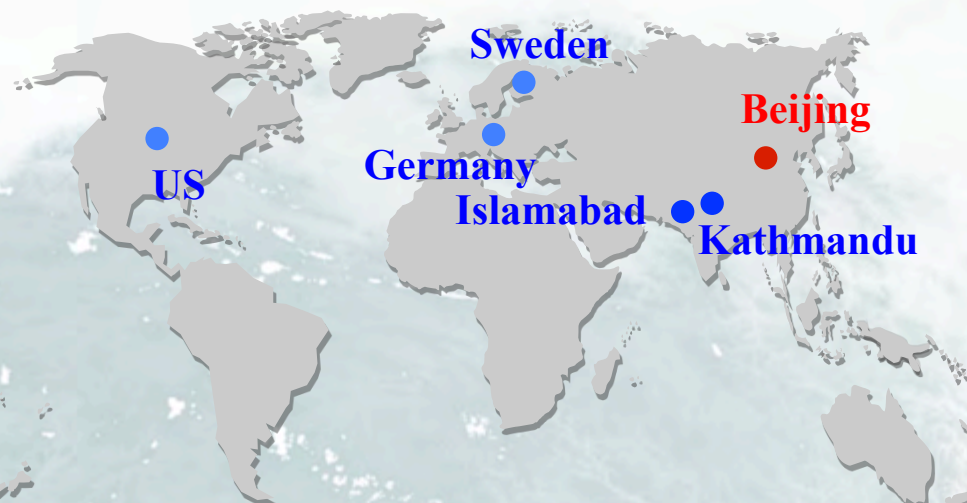
1. Glaciers changes in the Tibetan Plateau and surroundings(70s-00s): Tandong YAO (ITPCAS)
2. Tibetan Plateau observatory of plateau scale soil moisture and soil temperature (Tibet-in-situ): Bob SU, University of Twente
3. Blended soil moisture data product over Tibetan Plateau: Yijian Zeng, University of Twente
4. Soil moisture and Temperature monitoring network in the Central Tibetan Plateau (CTP-SMTMN): Kun YANG (ITPCAS)
5. Precipitation Database in Tibetan Plateau: Kun YANG (ITPCAS)
6. A 50-years daily surface solar radiation dataset over 716 China meteorological stations: Kun YANG (ITPCAS)

TPE Global Network

Research and Education Centers



TPE Offices



- Beijing Office: HQ for coordination, research and training
- Kathmandu Center: Observation and training
- US Office: Glacier dynamics and Paleo-climate
- German Office: Ecosystem and human adaptation
- Islamabad Office: Observation and training

TPE Annual Workshops (2009-)



Other TPE Workshops

International Workshop on Indian Monsoon and Earth System

Kathmandu, Nepal 2016.03.28-2016.03.29



International Workshop on Land Surface Multi-spheres Processes of Tibetan Plateau

Xining, Qinghai, China 2016.8.8-2016.8.10



TPE sessions in AGU, EGU, AOGS

2016 Fall AGU



2016 AOGS



2016 EGU



2015 EGU



Education and Training

- To train young talents from the Third Pole region, including China, India, Nepal, Tajikistan, Pakistan, Afghanistan, Bhutan, Bangladesh, and Myanmar
- To help build multi-nation teams for long-term cross-border scientific expeditions and observation
- To establish unified scientific concept within these teams via science and technology transfer



TPE organizes joint scientific expeditions through cooperation with neighbor countries as Nepal, Tajikistan, Pakistan, India and China, to promote joint observation and research.



**Assessment of Climate and Water
Changes Under
Global Warming over the Tibetan
Plateau**

**TPE-UNESCO
Joint publications**



November 2016

CAS Key Project: Coordinated Observation and Research in TPE and surrounding regions (2016-2020, USD 6.5 million)

- 1. Integrated Observation system
- 2. Interaction between monsoon and westerlies
- 3. Glacier/snow dynamics and water resources
- 4. Multi-sphere (ice-land-air-water) interaction and hydrological cycle
- 5. LULCC and ecosystem services



- Institute of Tibetan Plateau Research/CAS
- Institute of Remote sensing and Digital Earth/CAS
- Peking University
- Lanzhou University
- South China Sea Institute of Oceanology/CAS
- Xinjiang institute of ecology and geography/CAS
- Northwest Institute of Eco-environment and research/CAS
- TU/Nepal
- Ohio State University
- ICIMOD
- NASA
- Research Institute and Nature Museum, Germany
- University of Gothenburg, Sweden

Third Pole Science Summit —TPE-CSTP-HKT Joint Conference

10-12 July, 2017
Kunming, China

<http://tpss2017.tpe.ac.cn>



Third Pole Science Summit

—TPE-CSTP-HKT Joint Conference

Sessions:

- 1) Lithosphere Geodynamics and Continent-continent Collision of the Third Pole
- 2) Geological Evolution and Mineral Resource Development on the Third Pole
- 3) Uplift of the Third Pole and its Impact
- 4) Environmental Changes on the Third Pole and Global Change
- 5) **Integrated Observations and Modeling of Atmospheric and Land-surface on the Third Pole**
- 6) **Cryosphere dynamics and Water Cycle on the Third Pole**
- 7) Biodiversity and Ecosystem on the Third Pole
- 8) Hazards and Environmental Risks on the Third Pole
- 9) Natural Resource Management and Regional Sustainability on the Third Pole