

Atmospheric Pollution and Cryospheric Changes (APCC) □ --- “The Third Pole”

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Yun Qian

Air Pollution & Atmospheric Brown Clouds

SKL

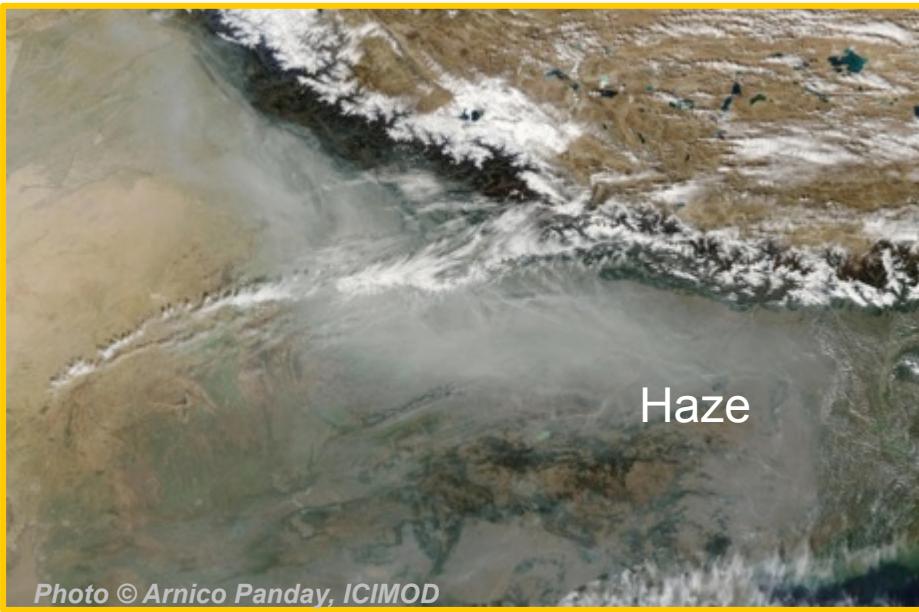
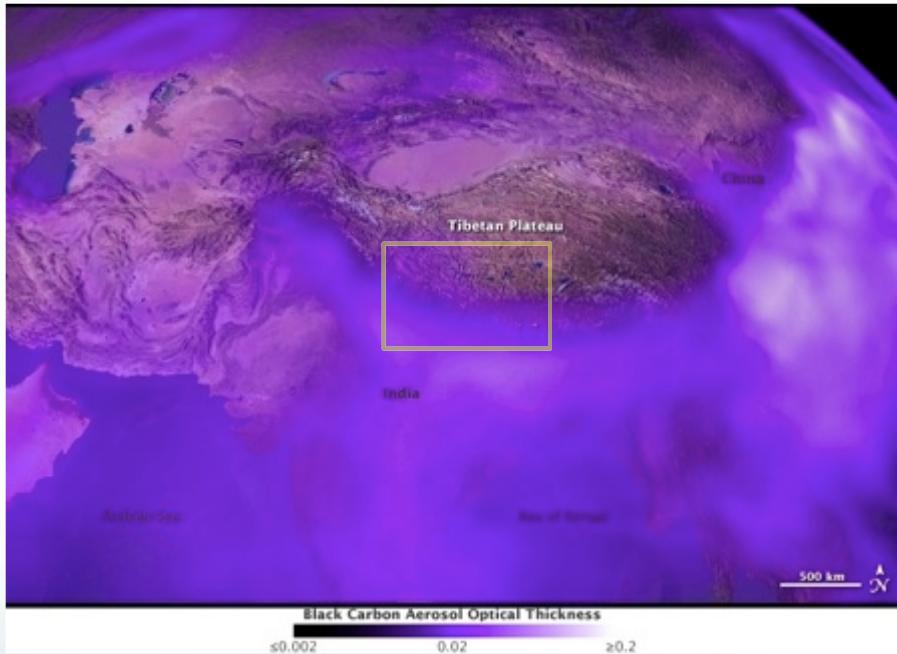
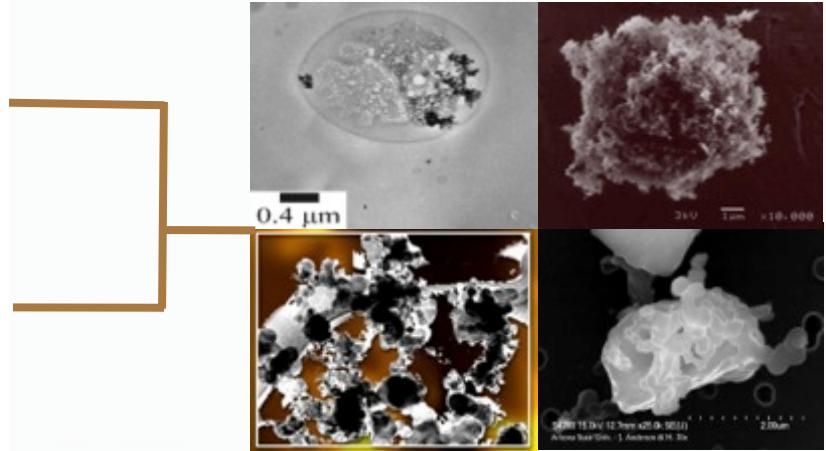
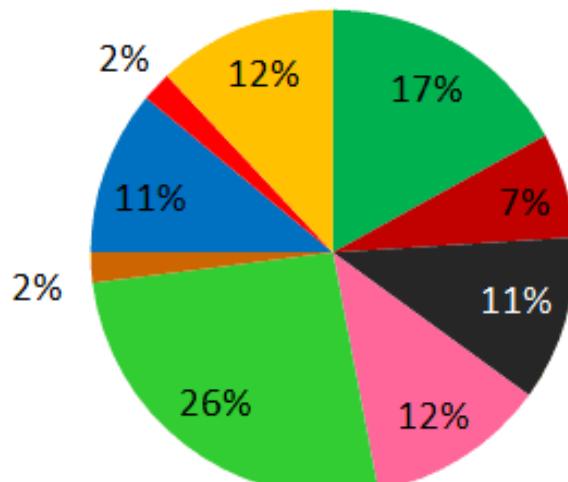


Photo © Arnico Panday, ICIMOD

- Organics
- Ash
- Black carbon
- NH₄⁺
- SO₄²⁻
- K⁺
- NO₃⁻
- Missing
- Dust



Atmospheric Brown Clouds – Major Composition

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Ramanathan., 2004

Feature? Transport? Impact?



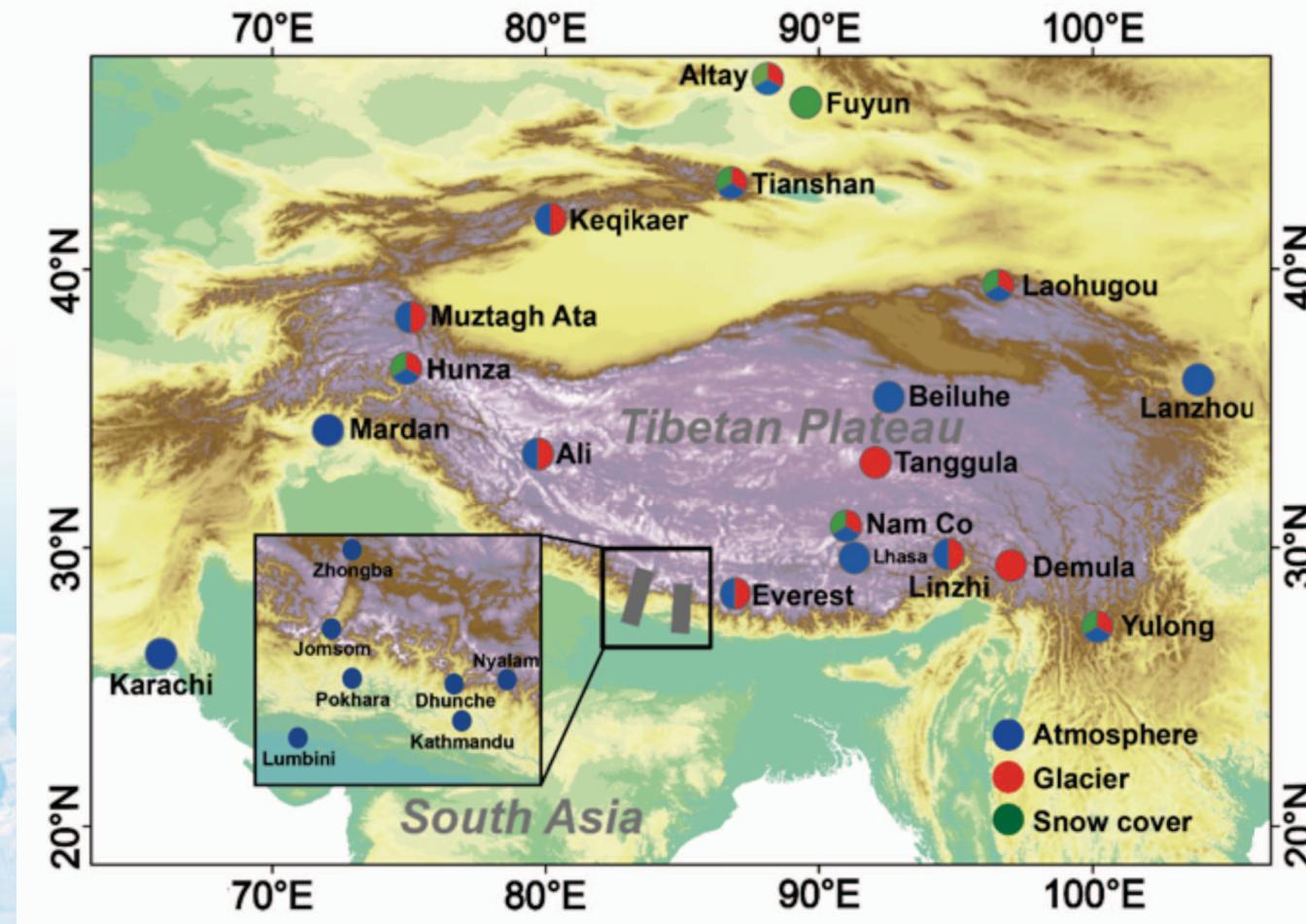
APCC: Atmospheric Pollution and Cryospheric Change

SINLO

Aerosol: 30

Glacier: 14

Snow cover: 6□



Observational parameters, instrumentation, and temporal resolution

Research content	Sampling/Observational parameters	Instrumentation	Frequency
On-line measurement	Aerosol optical properties	CIMEL Sunphotometer	hourly
	Aerosol concentration: PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀	Thermo RP1400	hourly
	Gaseous precursors: SO ₂ , NO _x , CO, O ₃ ; Toxic gas (Atmospheric mercury)	Thermo 42I, 43I, 45I, 49I analyzer; Tekran 2537	hourly
	BC	Aethalometer AE33	hourly
Filters	Total suspend particles: EC/OC, brown carbon (BrC), inorganic ions, trace element, and isotopes, and organic tracers.	TSP sampler (KC-120H)	3-6 days
Glacier & Snow cover	Snow/ice samples: Dust, EC/OC, BrC, WSOC, inorganic ions, trace element, and isotopes, and organic tracers		1-2 times per year
	In-situ Albedo	ASD Handheld 2 spectroradiometer	

Atmospheric Pollution and Cryospheric Change



Logo	Name	Monitoring Content			
	Super Station	Meteorology, Trace Gas, Active Aerosol sampling, Passive Sampling			
	Station	Meteorology, Active Aerosol sampling, Passive Sampling			
	Site	Low resolution active sampling + Passive sampling			

Sites at a Glance □



Everest □



Nam Co □



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Sites at a Glance

Jomsom
乔姆索



Pokhara
博卡拉



Lumbini
蓝毗尼



Zhongba
仲巴



Nam Co
纳木错



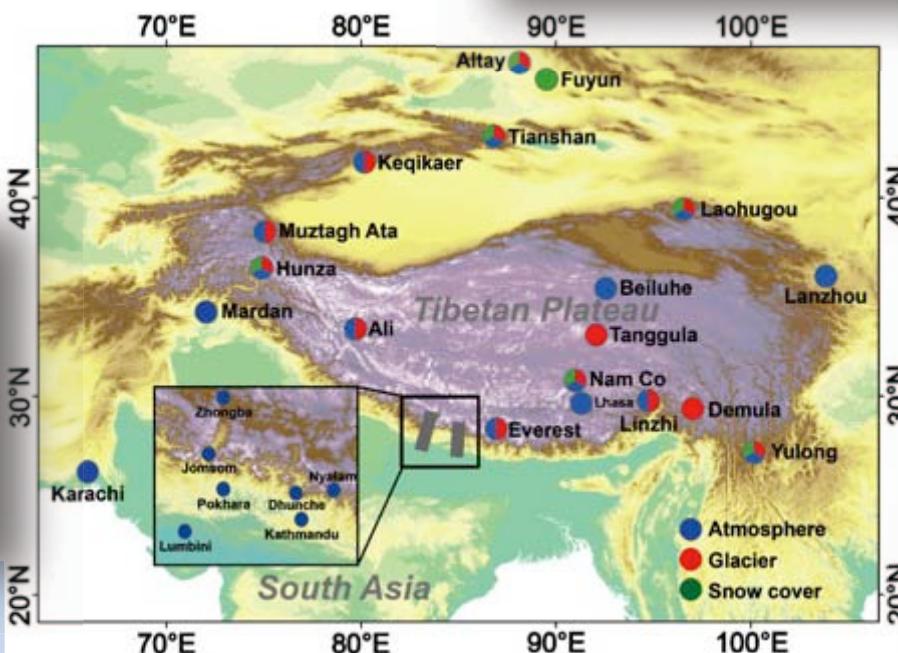
Lhasa
拉萨



Dhunche
东启



Kathmandu
加德满都



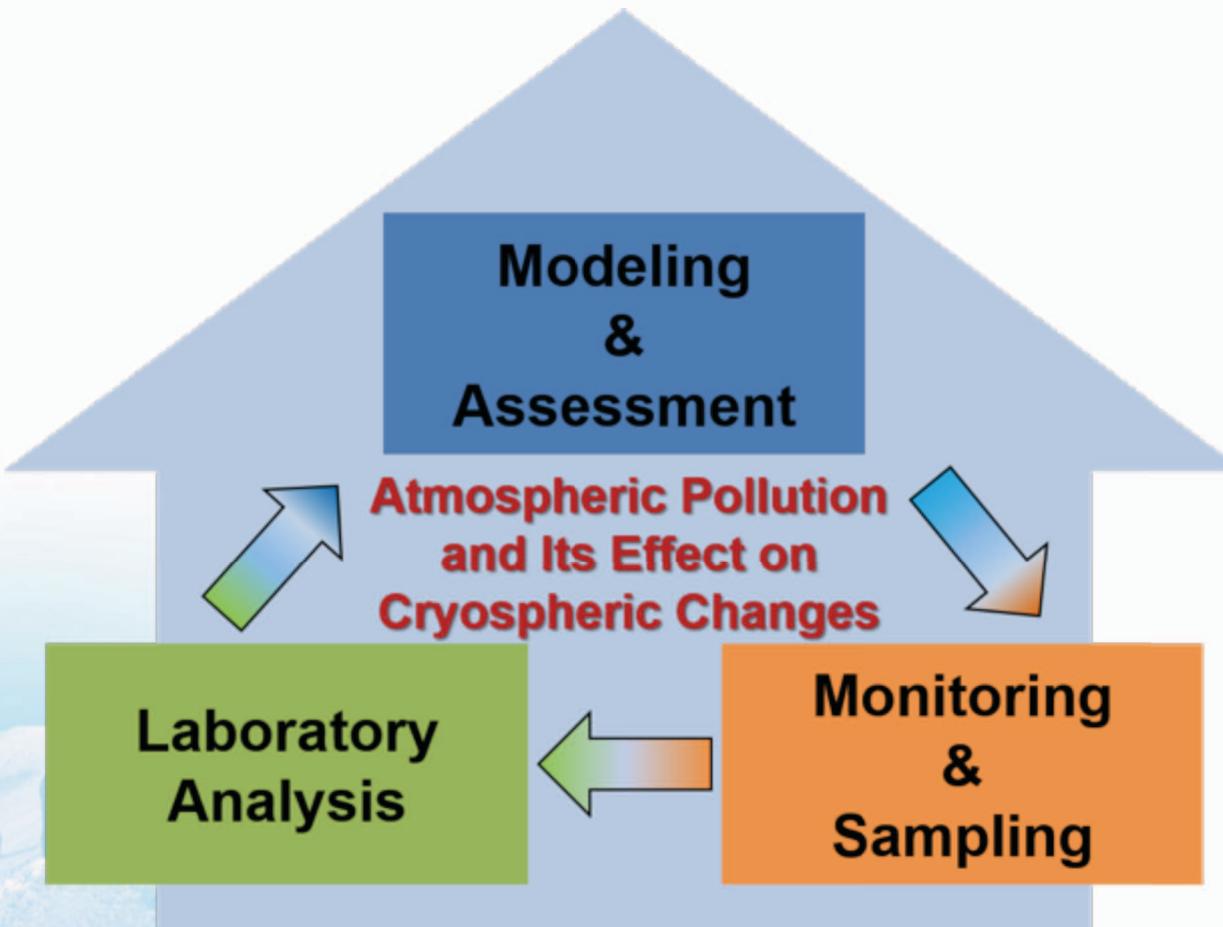
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Aims and Tasks

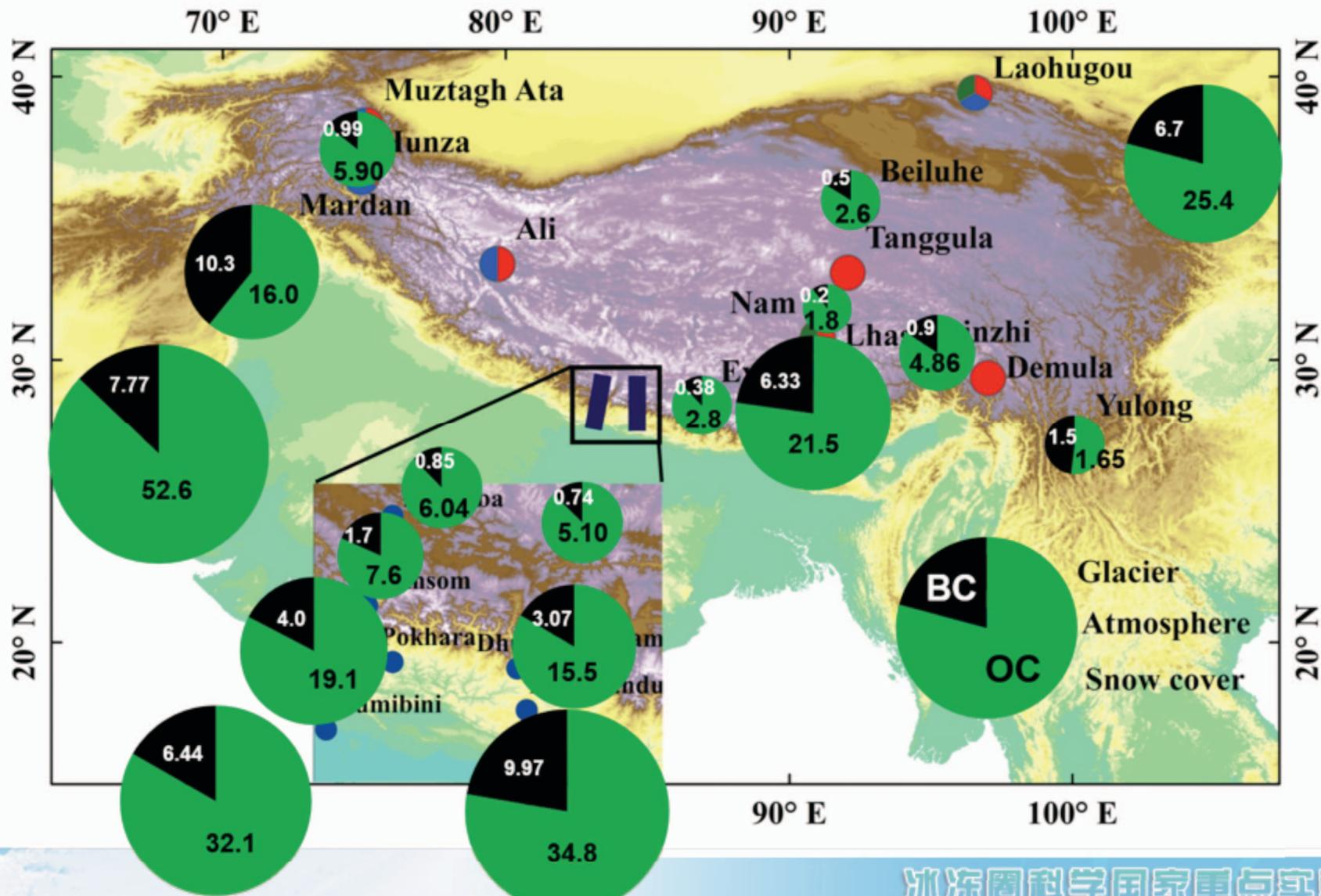


- Characterize the chemical composition and levels of atmospheric pollutants, depict their spatial and seasonal variation over the TP.
- Identify the sources of atmospheric pollutants and reveal the transport pathway and mechanisms of trans-boundary atmospheric pollution to the TP.
- Assess the impact of atmospheric pollution (LAIs) on the cryospheric changes (glacier and snow melt) over the TP.
- Determine the fate of environment-toxic pollutants (Hg, POPs) within glacier and snowpack and their impacts on ecosystem downstream.

Basic Design

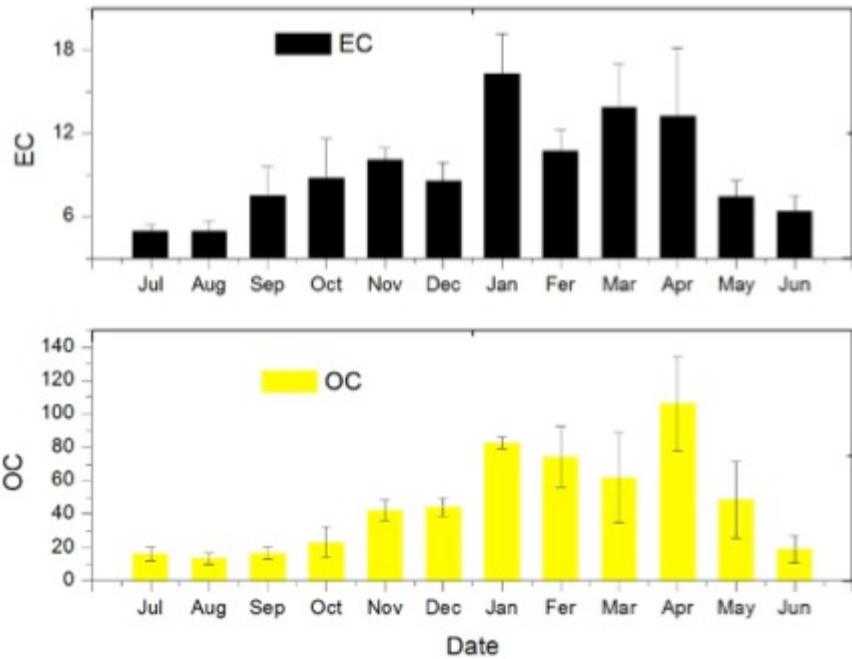


BC and OC in aerosols

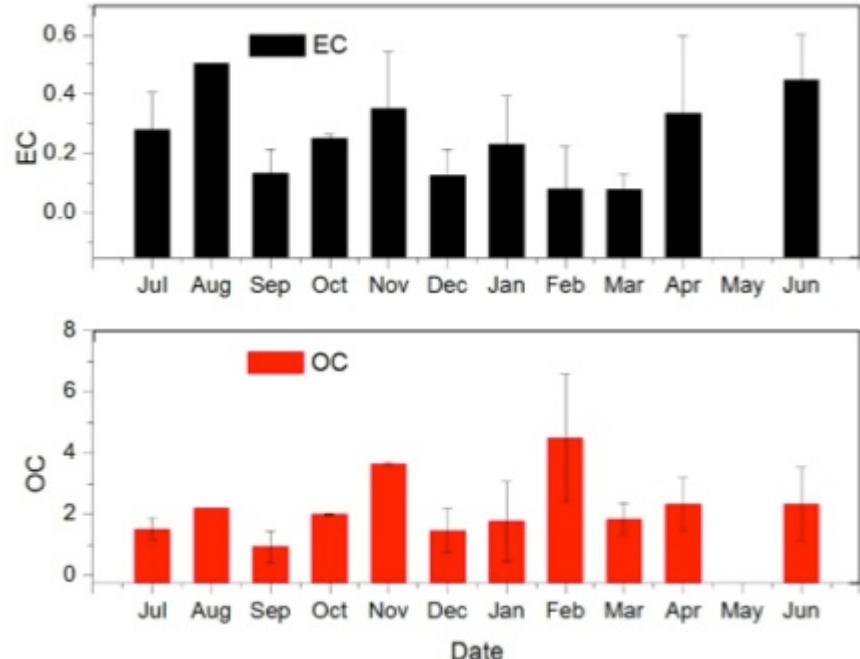


Seasonal variation of BC and OC

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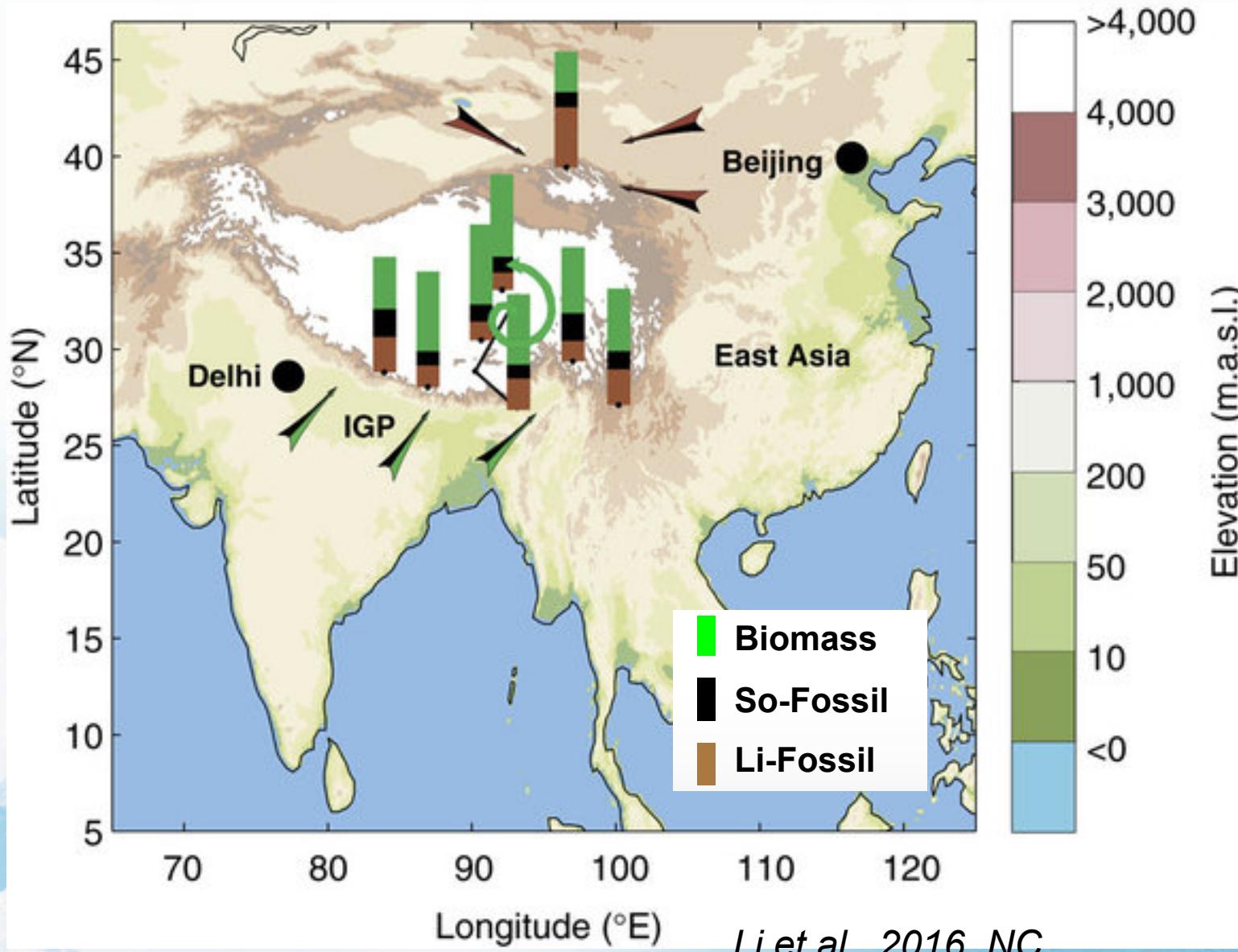


Kathmandu



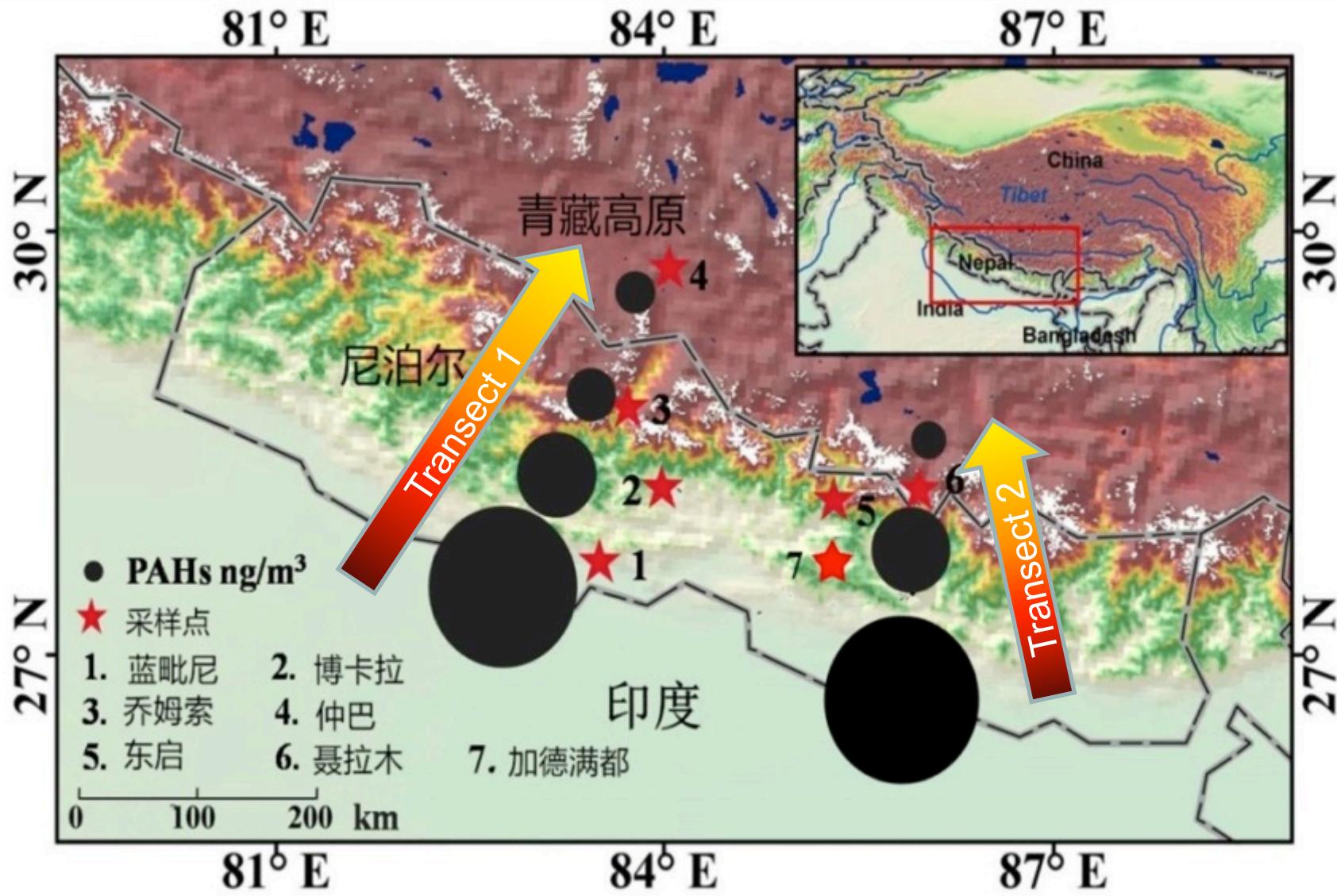
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BC in glacier

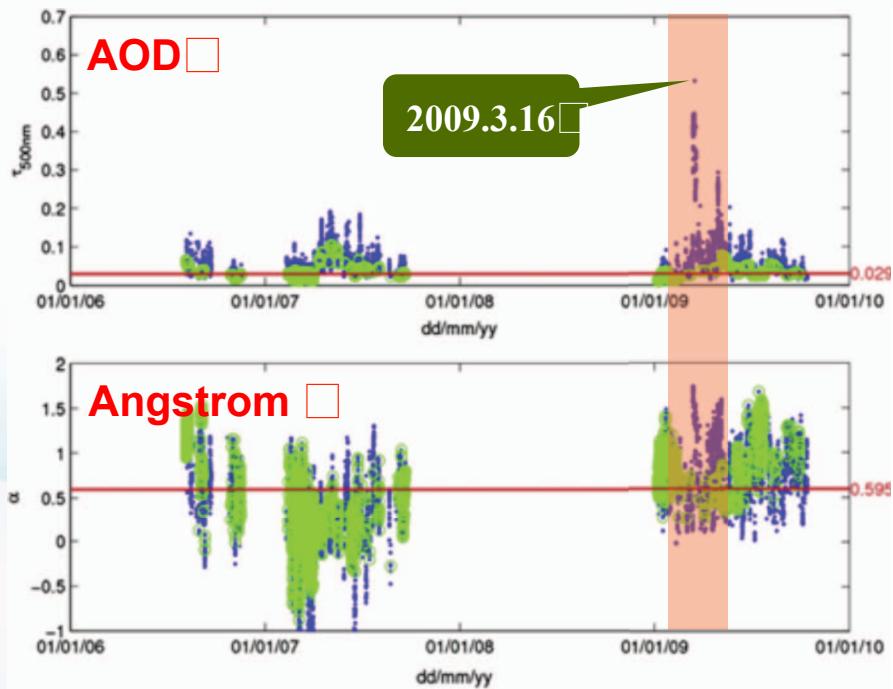




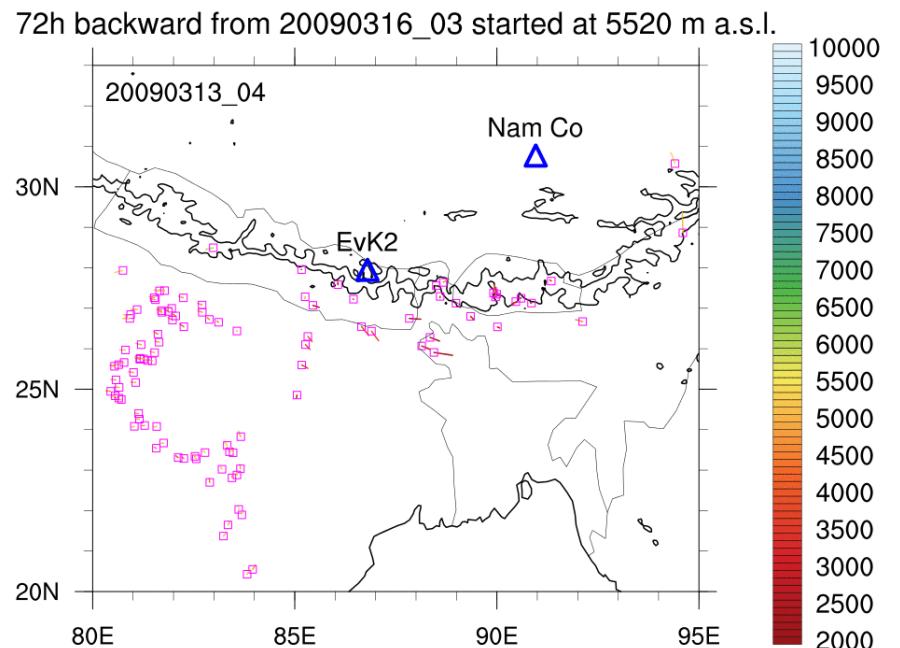
PAHs in aerosols



Trans-Himalaya Pollution Plume: An Event



AOD at Nam Co Station □



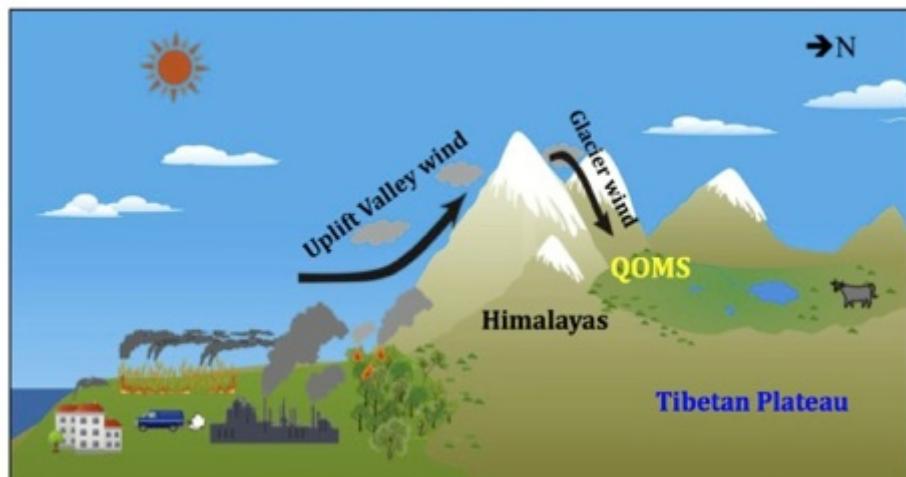
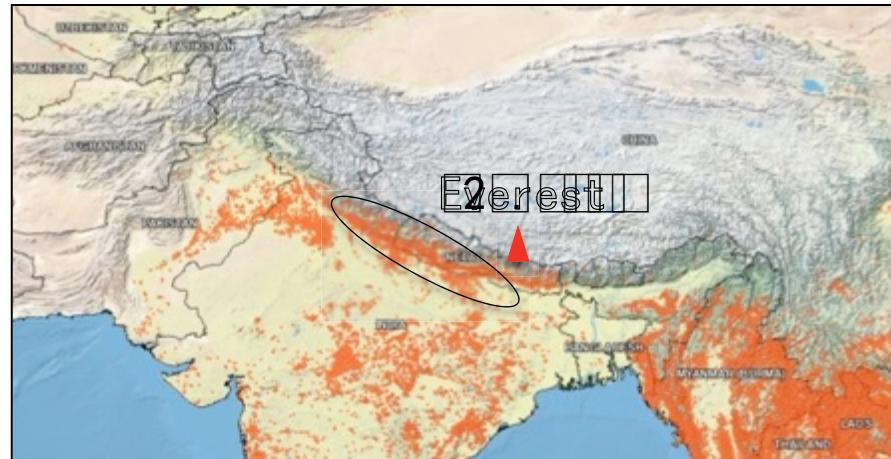
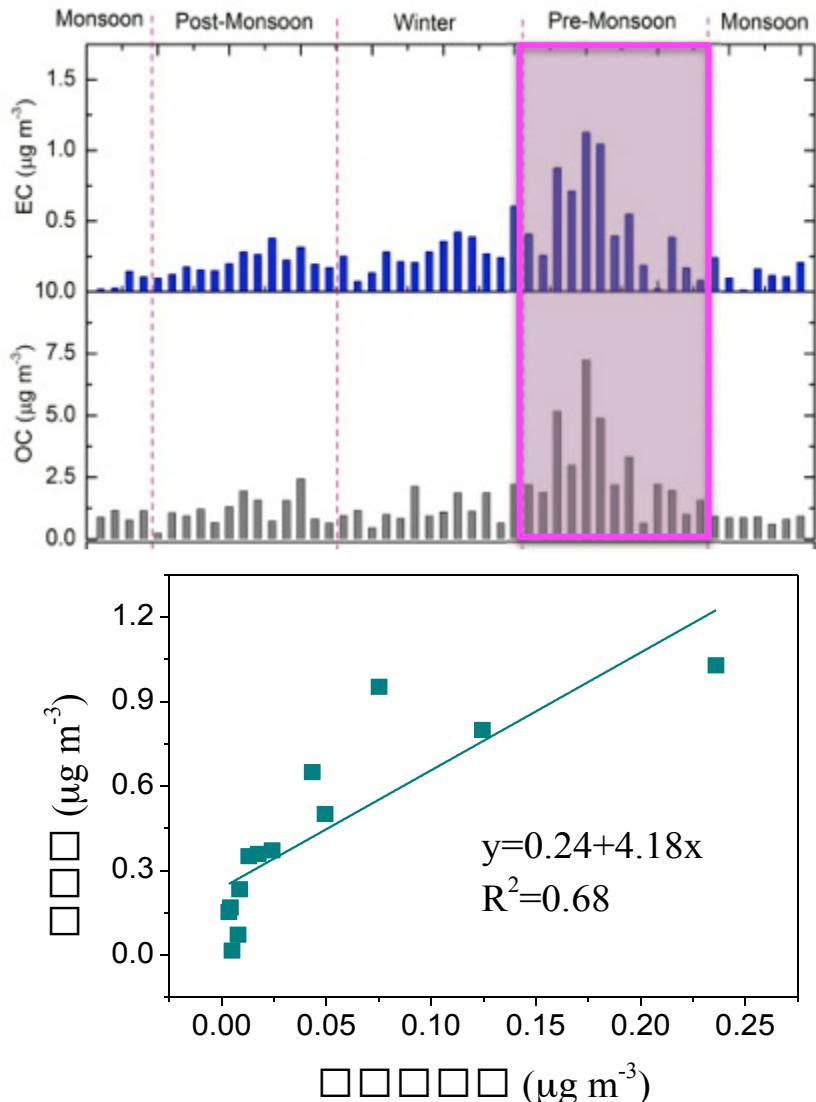
Air mass trajectories simulated by COSMO □

Lüthi et al. 2015 ACP

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Trans-Himalayan Pollution through the Valleys

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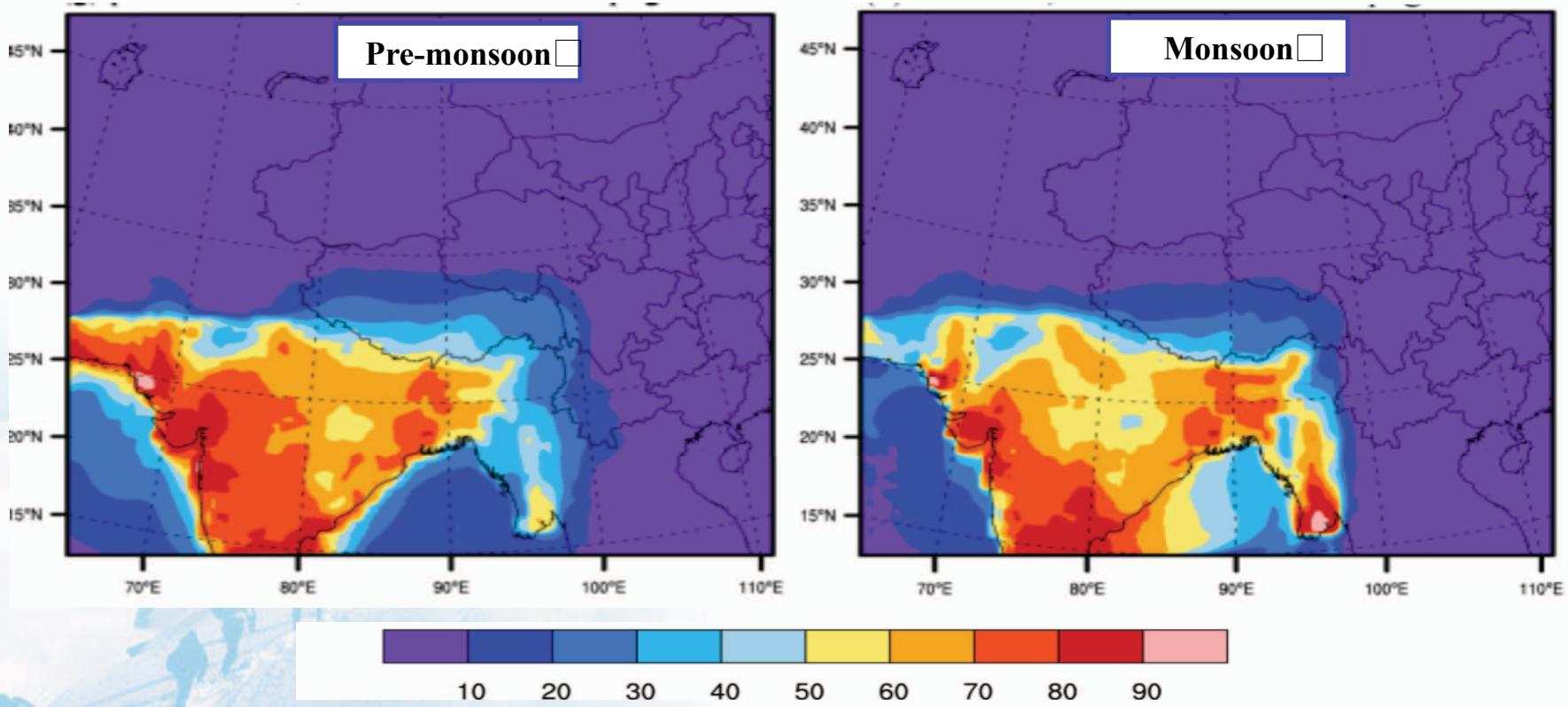


Cong et al., 2015, Atmos. Chem. Phys.

Carbonaceous Aerosols & Climatic Effects



>About 10-40% of atmospheric BC in the southern TP is from anthropogenic emission from South Asian



WRF-Chem simulating in 2013

Yang et al., 2016. *In preparation*