



Towards water management in the SURFEX modeling platform : Setting-up a satellite-driven hydrological system

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Including Water Management in Large Scale Models

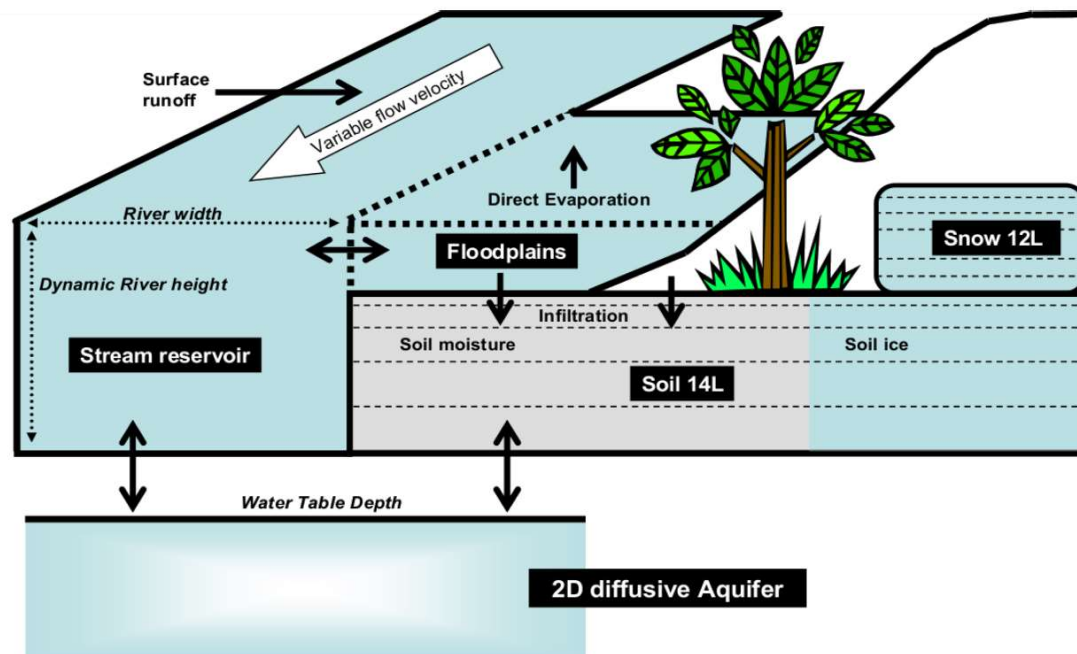
Gif-sur-Yvette, France, 28-30 September 2016

Study the terrestrial water cycle

- **Modelling platforms including land surface models (LSMs), forced by gridded atmospheric variables, coupled to river routing models**
(Dirmeyer et al., 2006)
- **LSMs simulated biophysical variables**
 - Fully consistent with surface flux and river discharge simulations
 - Initialized using remotely sensed observations through Land Data Assimilation System

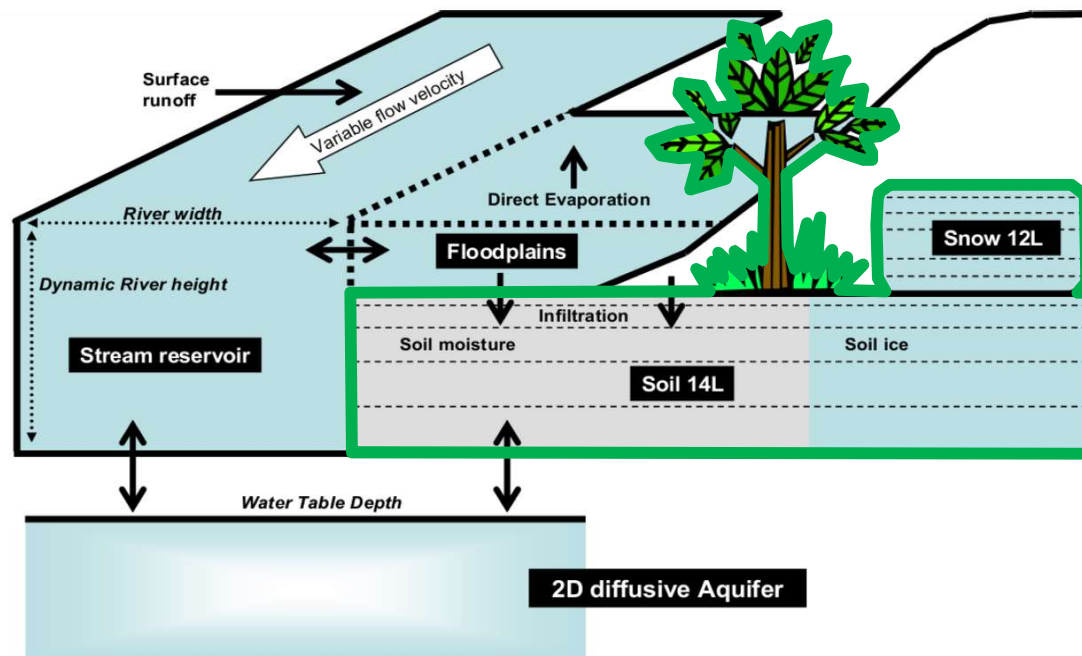
Study the terrestrial water cycle

- SURFEX-CTRIIP satellite-driven hydrological system



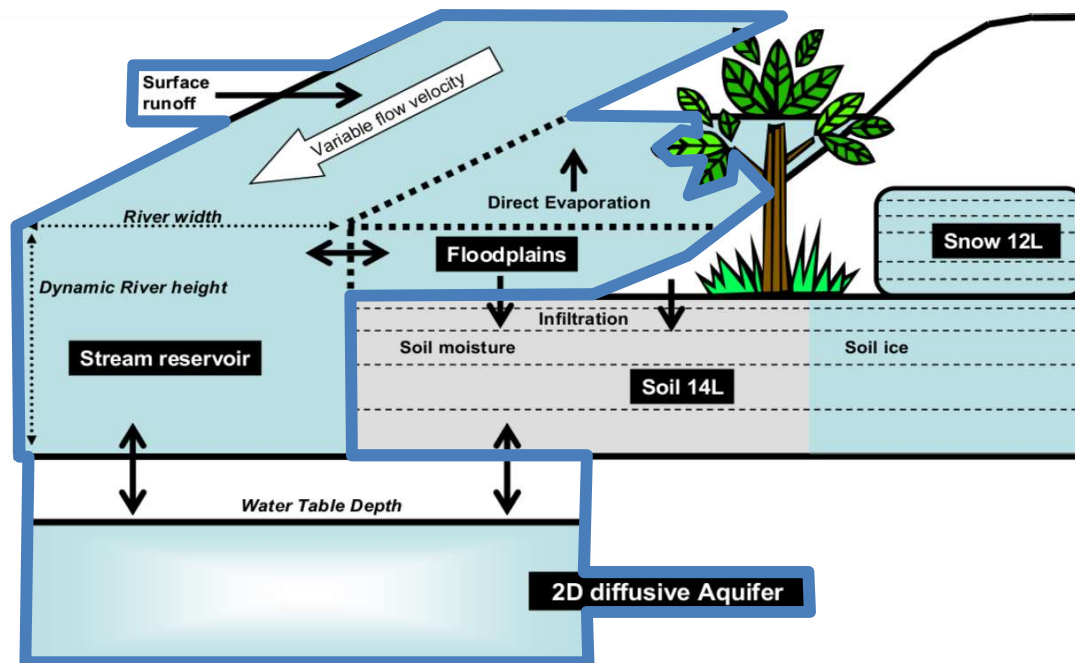
Study the terrestrial water cycle

- **SURFEX-CTRIIP satellite-driven hydrological system**
 - **ISBA-A-gs** : simulates the diurnal cycle of water and carbon fluxes, plant growth and key vegetation variables on a daily basis
(Calvet et al., 1998, 2007, Gibelin et al., 2006)



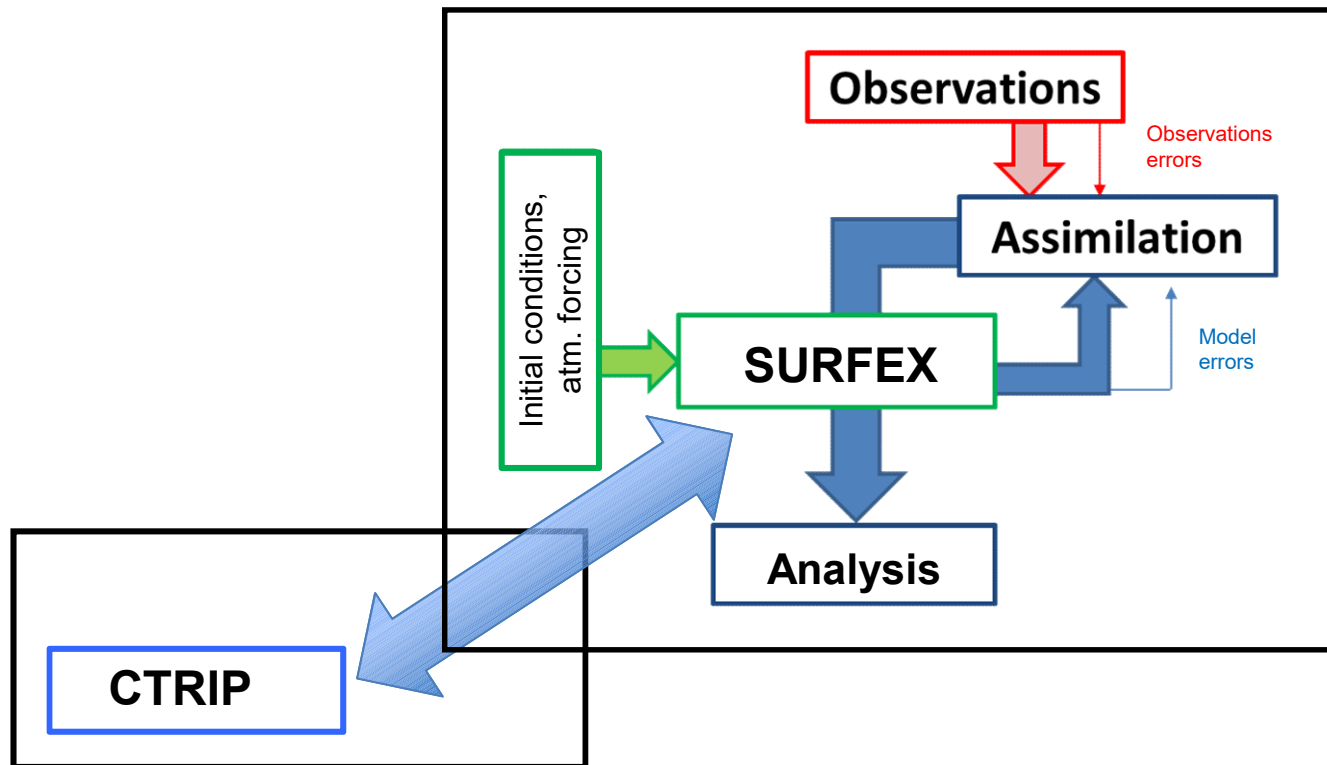
Study the terrestrial water cycle

- **SURFEX-CTRIIP satellite-driven hydrological system**
 - **CTRIIP** : TRIP based river routing system with CNRM developments for global hydrological applications
 - ➔ variable flow rate, flooding by overflowing rivers, aquifers
- (Oki and Sud, 1998, Decharme et al., 2008, 2010)



Study the terrestrial water cycle

- **SURFEX-CTRIP satellite-driven hydrological system**
 - Initialize / constrain **ISBA-A-gs** biophysical variables using satellite derived observations through Land Data Assimilation System



Study the terrestrial water cycle

- **SURFEX-CTRIP satellite-driven hydrological system**

Model	Domain	Atm. Forcing	DA Method	R.S. Obs.	Observation Operator	Control variables
ISBA (CO ₂ responsive version, multilayer) CTRIP	Selected zone (0.5°, 0.25°) Global (1°, 0.5°)	ERA-Interim	SEKF	SSM [daily] (ASCAT-SWI, ESA-CCI) LAI [decadal]	Second layer of soil (1-4cm) LAI	First 8 layers of soil LAI

- Direct impact on soil moisture, leaf area index
- Indirect impact on
 - Water / CO2 fluxes
 - CTRIP variables (e.g. river discharge), daily coupling with ISBA

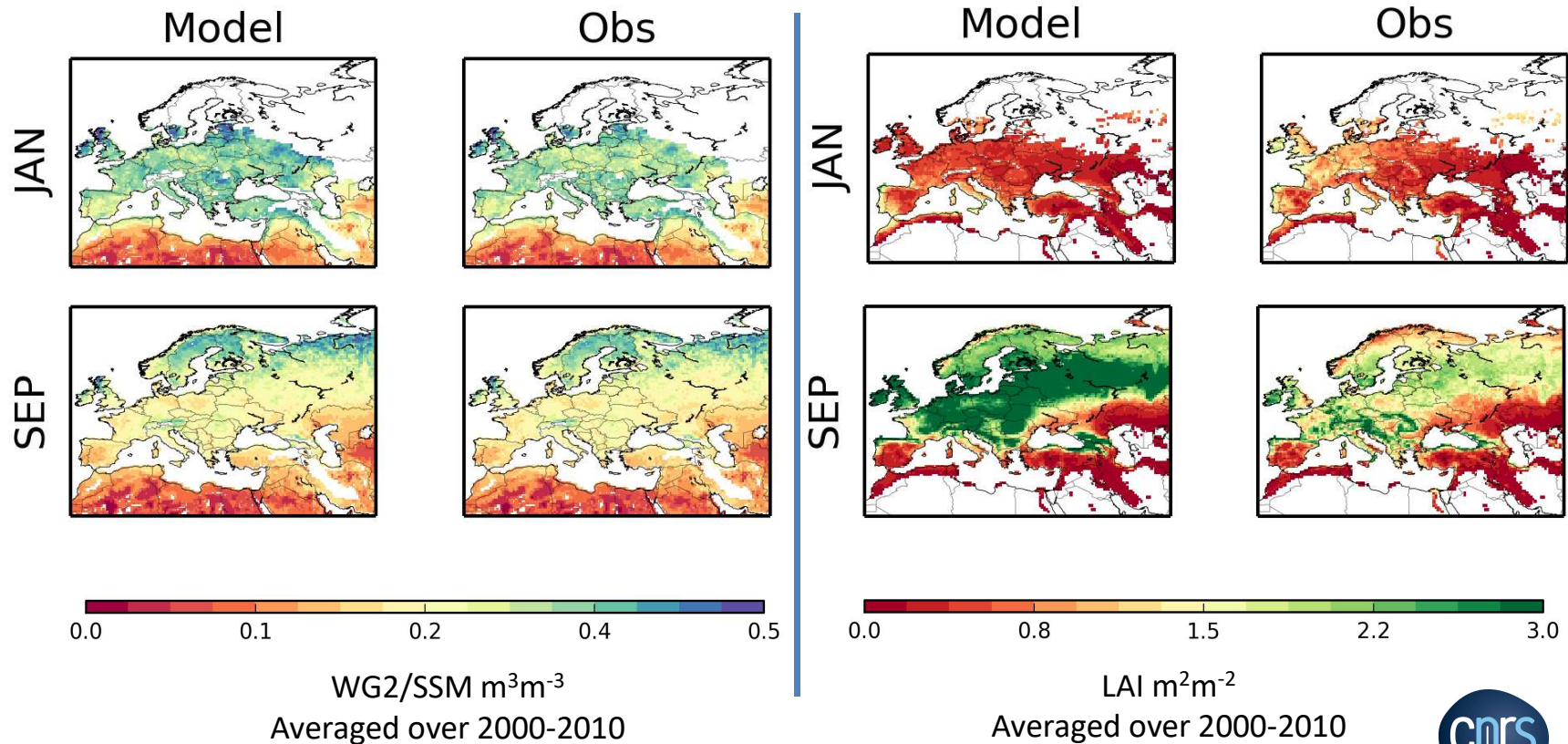
ISBA to CTRIP : runoff, drainage, groundwater and floodplain recharges

CTRIP to ISBA : water table depth/rise, floodplain fraction, flood potential infiltration

SURFEX-CTRIP satellite-driven hydrological system

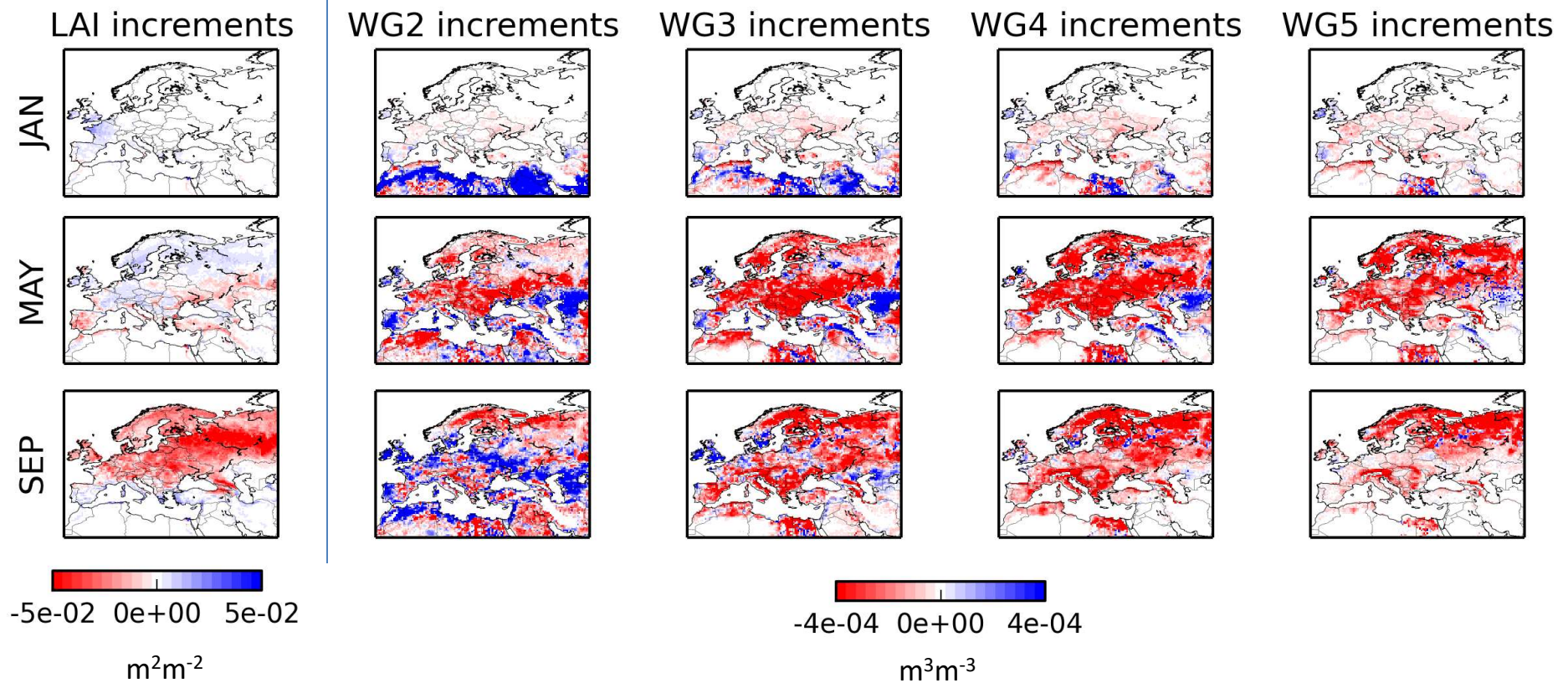
- **Experimental set-up :**

- Open-loop (Model) 1990-2010
- Analysis 1990-2010, LAI & SSM [ESA-CCI]



SURFEX-CTRIP satellite-driven hydrological system

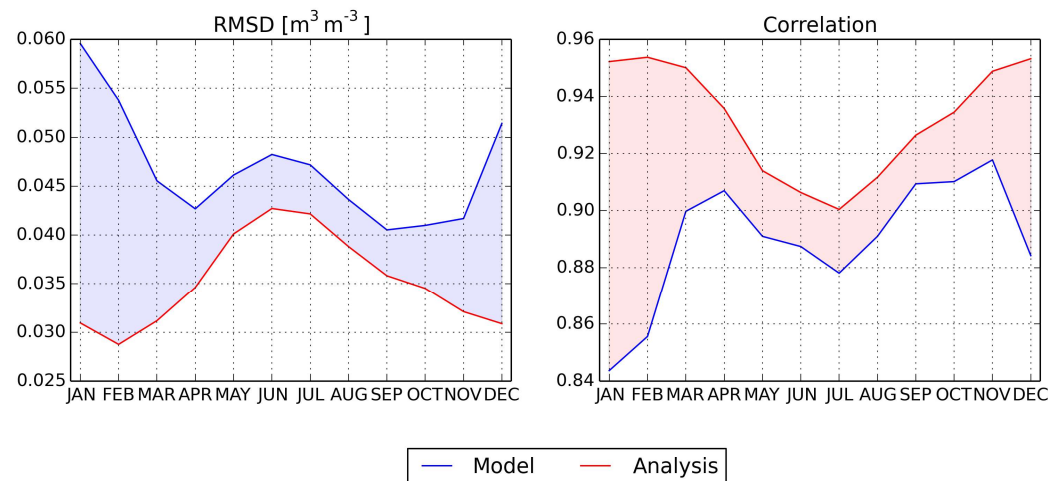
- Analysis increments (averaged over 2000-2010)



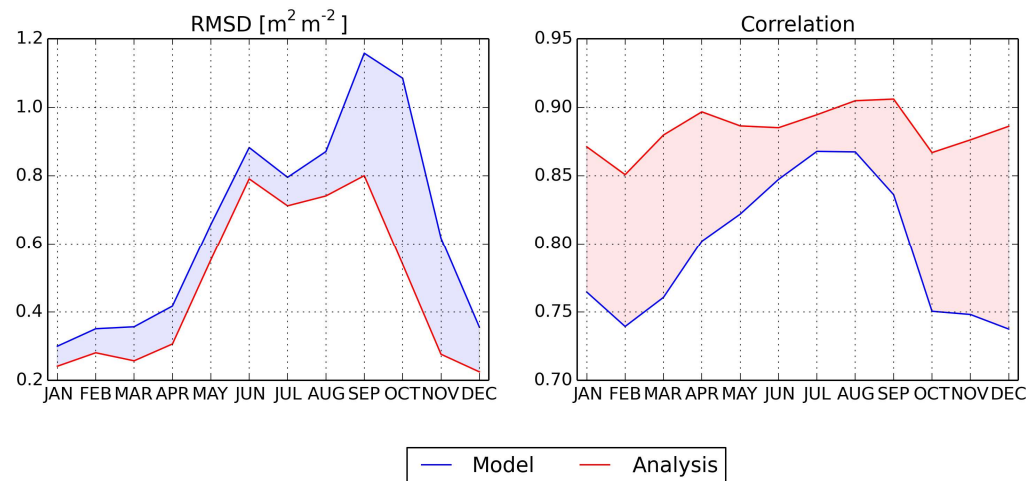
SURFEX-CTRIIP satellite-driven hydrological system

- System evaluation SSM (top) and LAI (bottom), 2000-2010
 - Model and Analysis Vs. assimilated observations

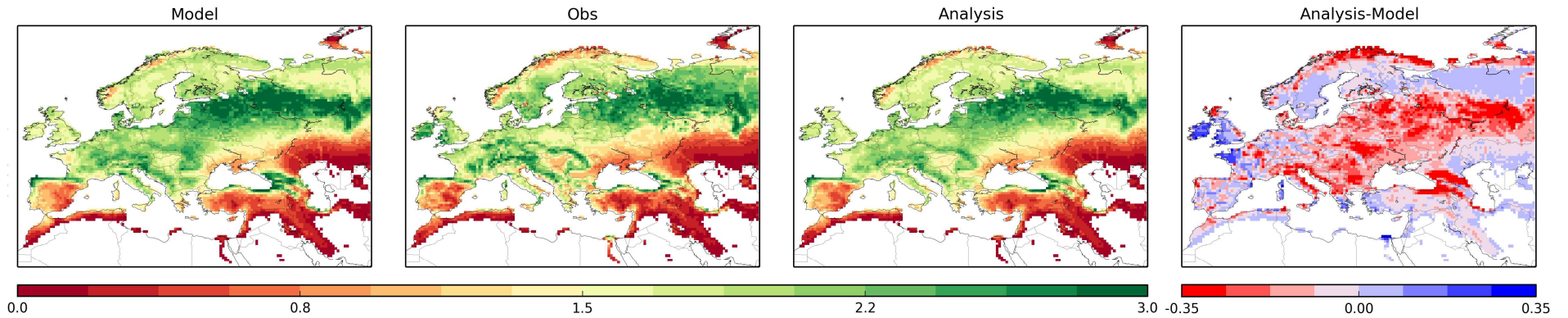
Soil Moisture



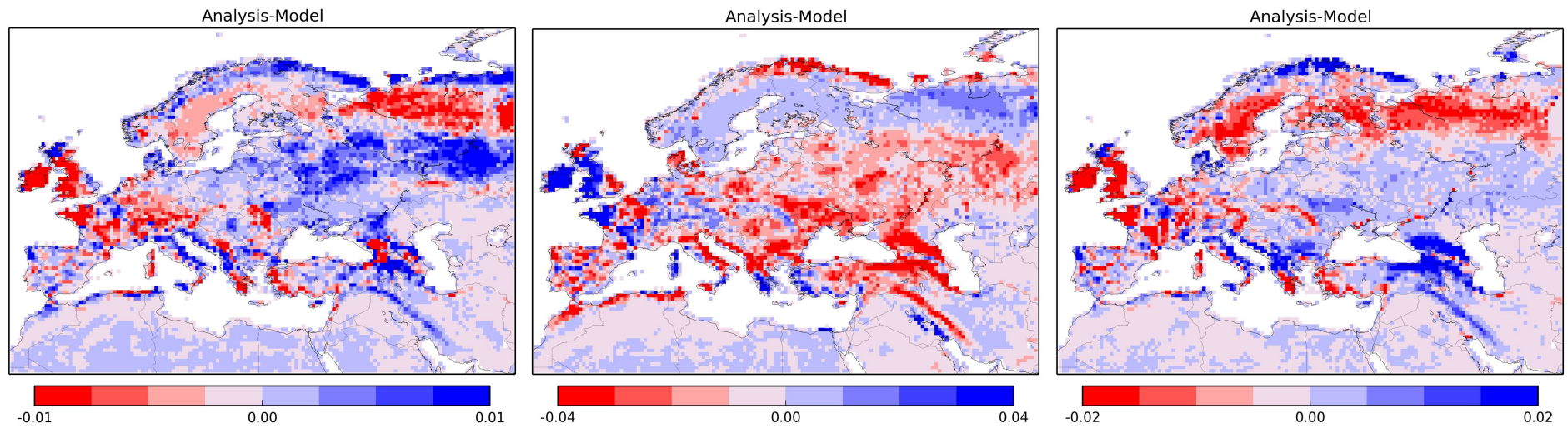
Leaf Area Index



SURFEX-CTRIP satellite-driven hydrological system



LAI (m^2m^{-2})



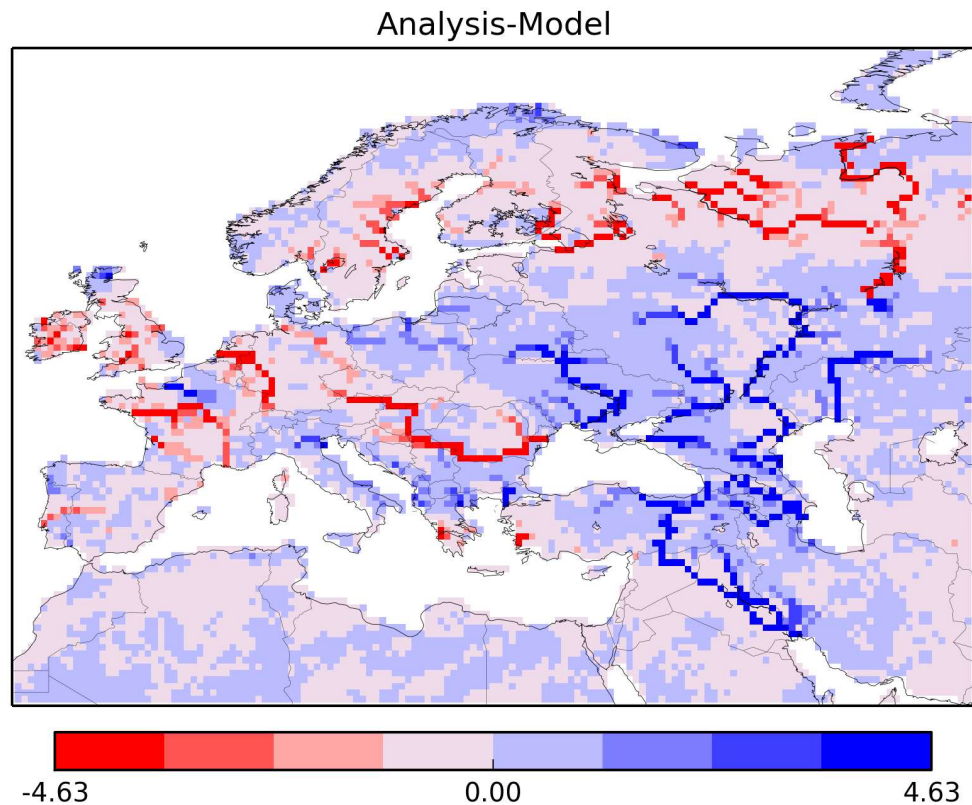
Daily cumulated runoff difference
Kg/m²/day averaged over 2000-2010

Daily cumulated evapotranspiration difference
Kg/m²/day averaged over 2000-2010

Daily cumulated drainage difference
Kg/m²/day averaged over 2000-2010

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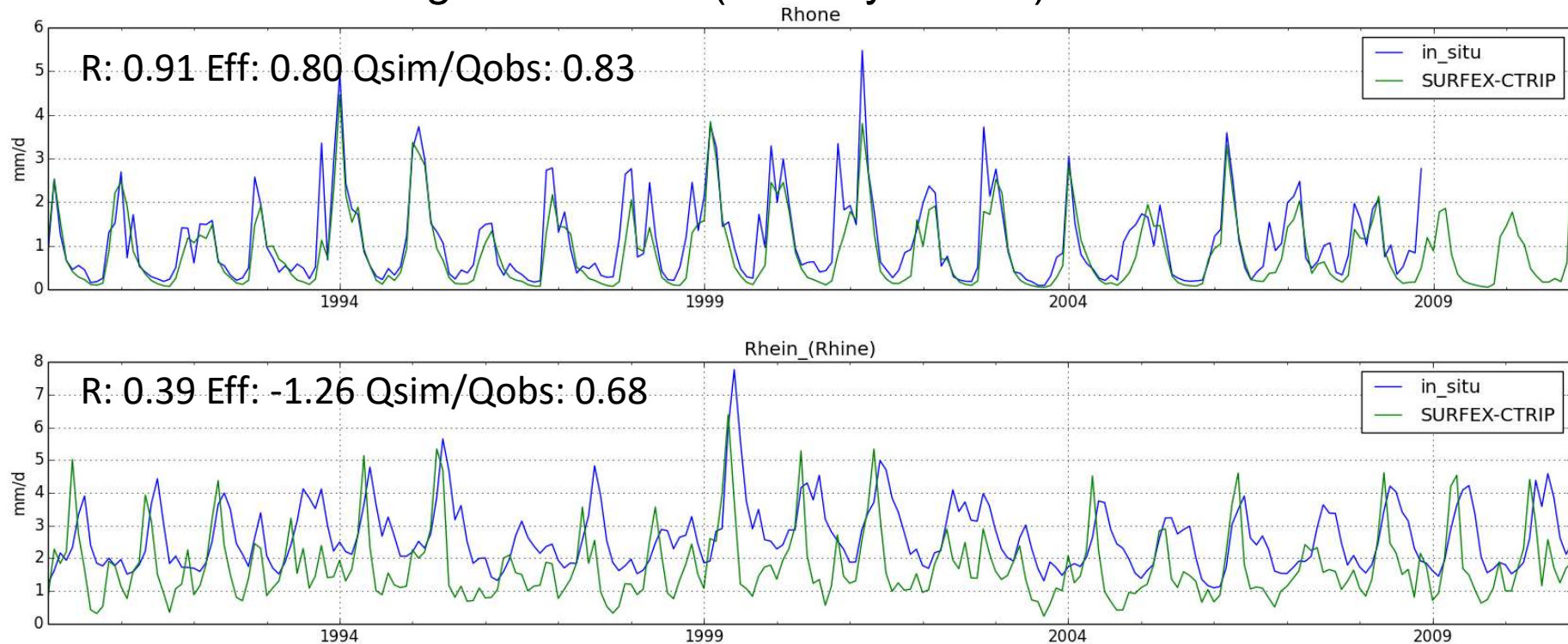
- Impact on CTRIP river discharge (averaged over 2000-2010)



Daily river discharge difference
 m^3s^{-1}

SURFEX-CTRIP satellite-driven hydrological system

- River discharge evaluation (monthly values)



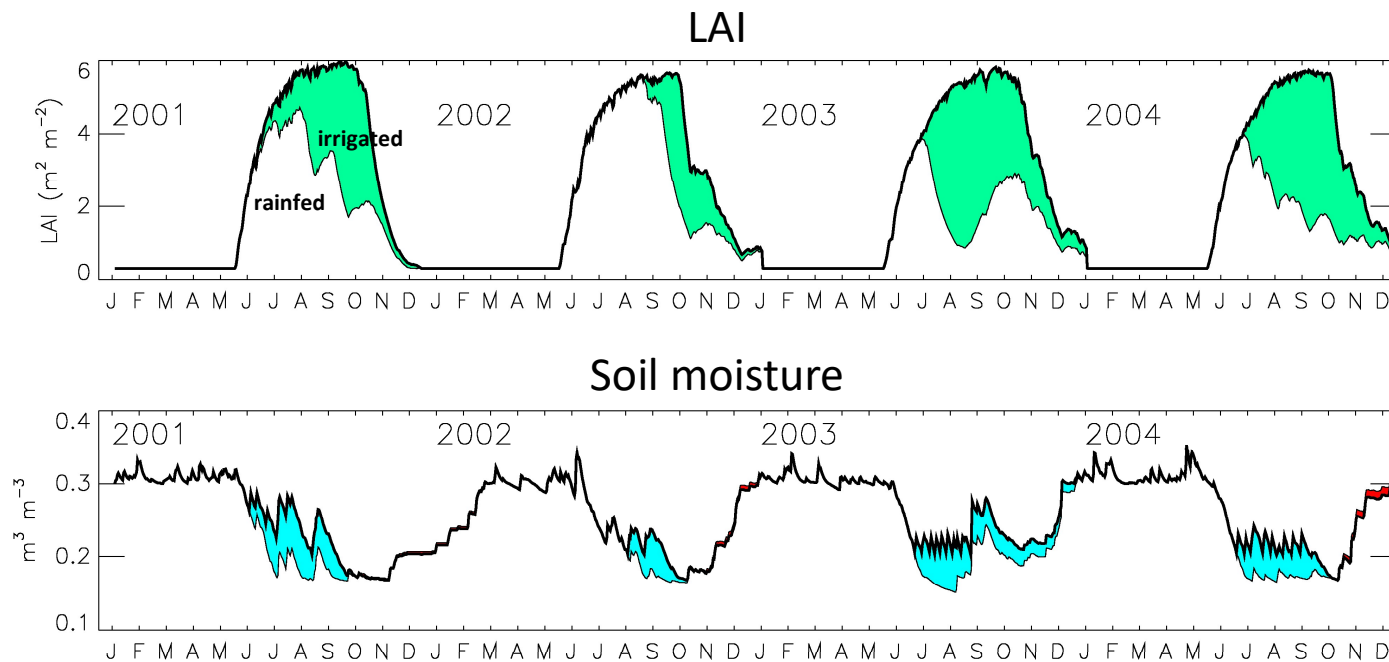
- More evaluation is required (better selection of stations)
- Set up a specific case over Spain where more observations are available (earthH2Observe project)

Towards water management in SURFEX

- Representation of irrigation and agricultural practices
 - What do we have:
 - LAI is forced below a minimum value up to a sowing date
 - Add irrigation amount to precipitation forcing each time the simulated extractable soil moisture content reaches a predefined threshold (maize only)

Towards water management in SURFEX

- Representation of irrigation and agricultural practices
 - What do we have:
 - LAI is forced below a minimum value up to a sowing date
 - Add irrigation amount to precipitation forcing each time the simulated extractable soil moisture content reaches a predefined threshold (maize only)



Optimal Irrigation : 120mm
(Calvet et al., 2007, ACP)

60mm

270mm

240mm

Towards water management in SURFEX

- Representation of irrigation and agricultural practices
 - What do we have:
 - LAI is forced below a minimum value up to a sowing date
 - Add irrigation amount to precipitation forcing each time the simulated extractable soil moisture content reaches a predefined threshold (maize only)
 - What do we want:
 - Develop irrigation for all (most of) crops
 - Add irrigation amount to precipitation forcing each time the simulated extractable soil moisture content reaches a predefined threshold
 - Account for water availability!
 - Different irrigation methods (sprinkler, drip, flooding)
- (Lawston et al., 2015)*
- Account for agricultural practices (crops rotation)
 - ➔ impact SURFEX ecosystem and surface parameters database (ECOCLIMAP)

Towards water management in SURFEX

- Representation of irrigation and agricultural practices
(*Lawston et al., 2015*)

- Representation of reservoir / dam
 - Locate them on CTRIP digital global river network map
 - Set up operating rules

(*Hanasaki et al., 2006*)

SURFEX-CTRIP satellite-driven hydrological system

Merci pour votre attention !