

Positive low cloud feedback primarily caused by increasing longwave radiation from the sea surface in a climate model MIROC6

Tomoo Ogura¹ and Mark J. Webb²

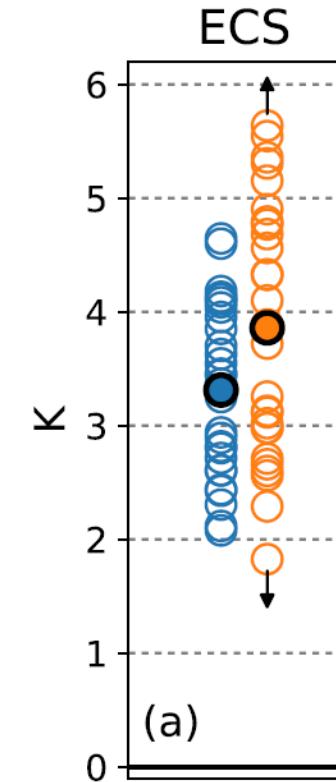
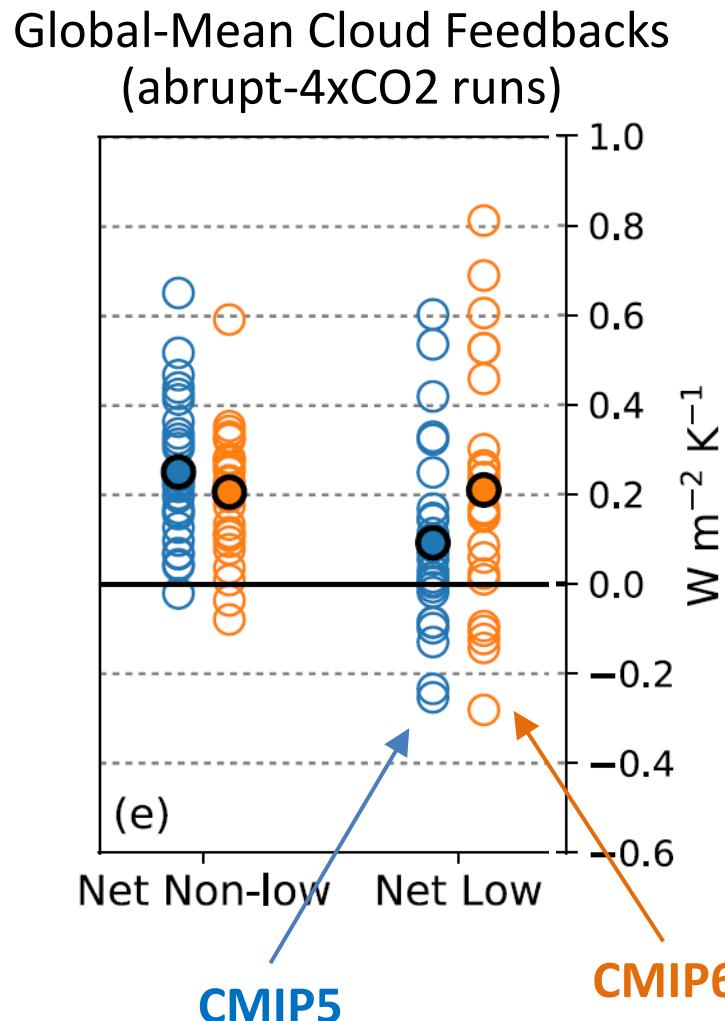
1.National Institute for Environmental Studies

2.Met Office Hadley Centre



National
Institute for
Environmental
Studies, Japan

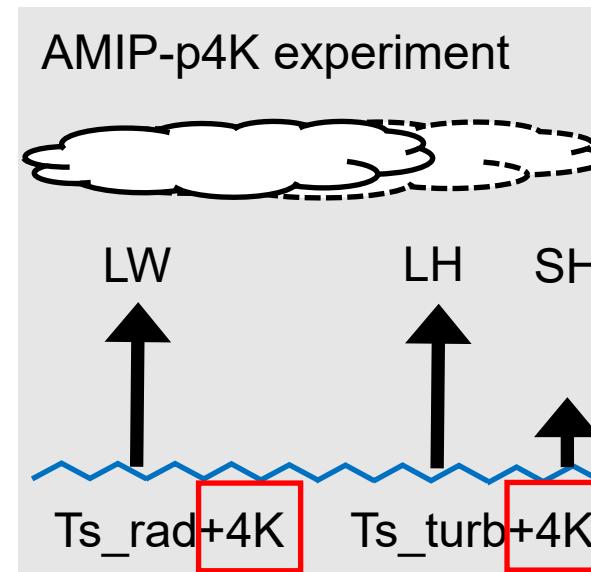
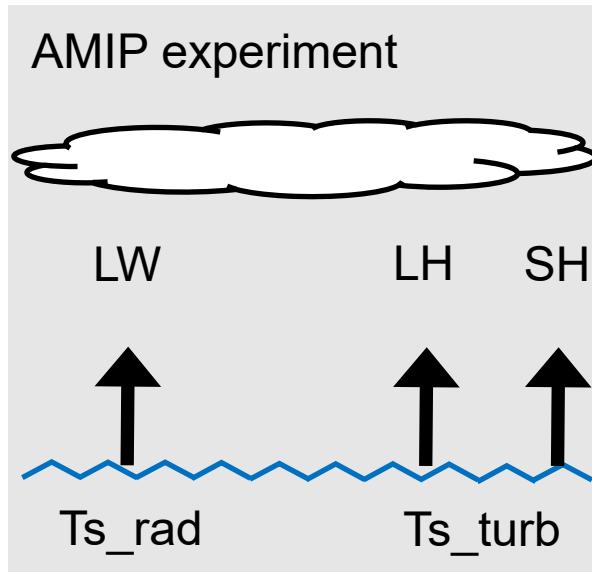
Motivation : positive low cloud feedback in CMIP5 & 6



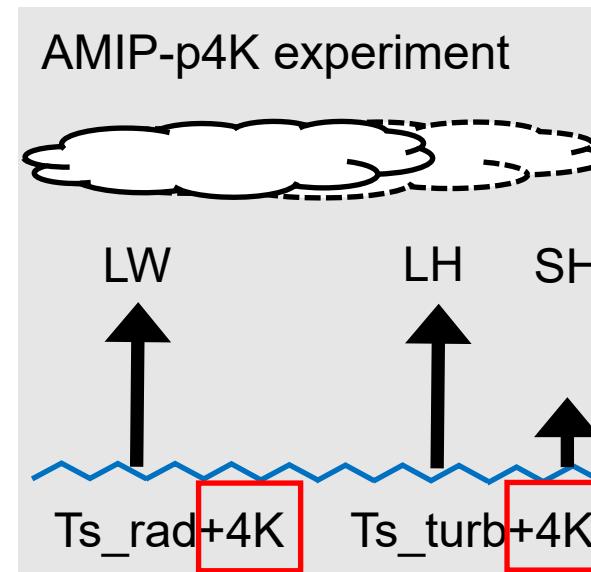
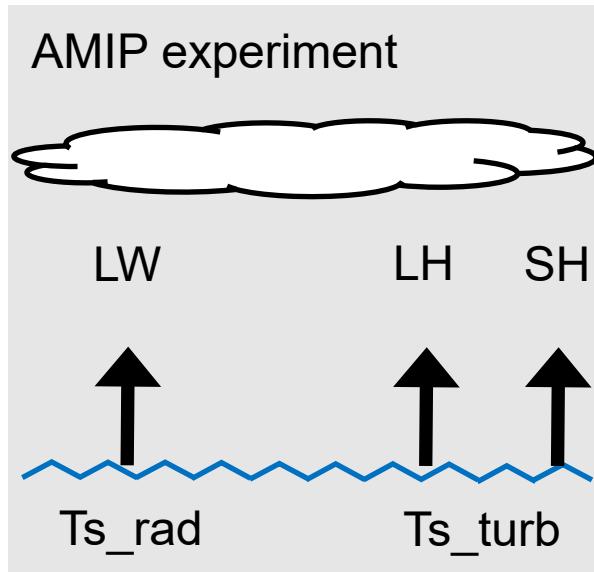
Adapted from Zelinka et al. (2020)

Low cloud feedback mostly positive in CMIP5 & CMIP6 GCMs. Why are they positive?

Why low cloud feedback positive in low latitudes ?

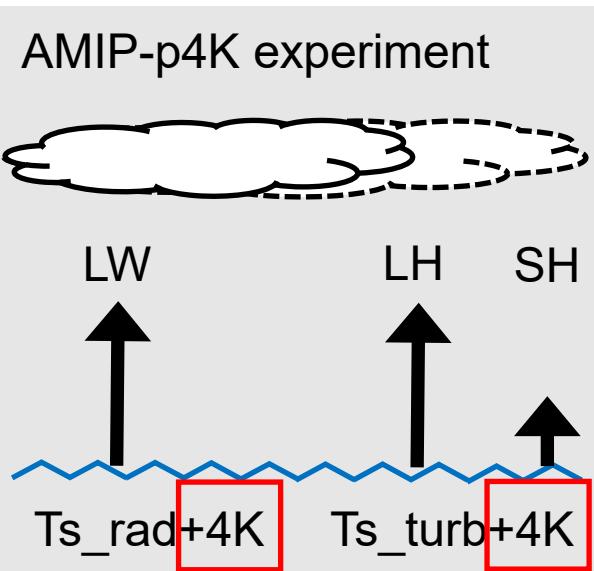
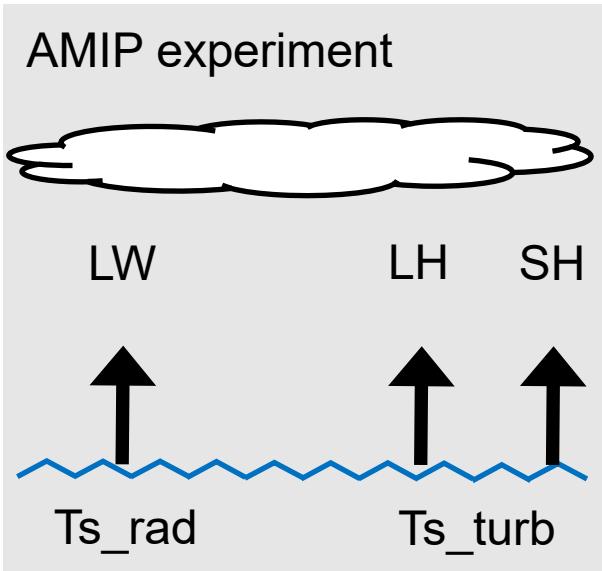


Why low cloud feedback positive in low latitudes ?



Latent heat flux increases.
Warmer & moister atmosphere

Why low cloud feedback positive in low latitudes ?



Negative feedback (cloud increase)

Subsidence weakens
Myers and Norris (2013)

Inversion strengthens
Miller (1997)

LW cooling increases in B-Layer
Wyant et al. (2009)

Moisture convergence increases
Zhang et al. (2013)

Positive feedback (cloud decrease)

Cloud-top LW cooling weakens
Bretherton et al. (2013)

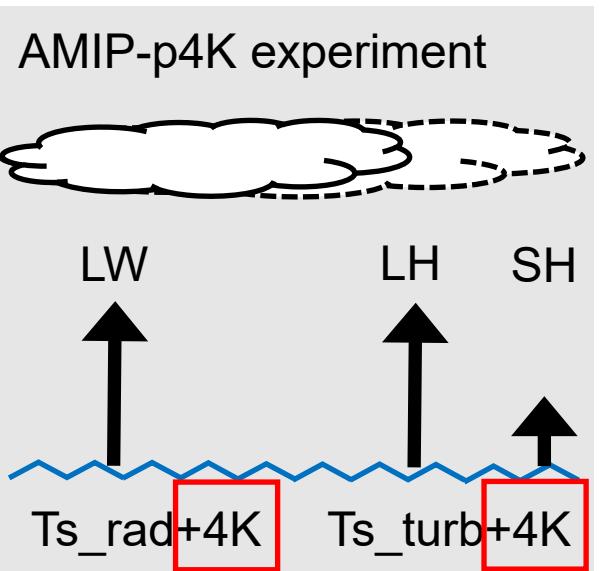
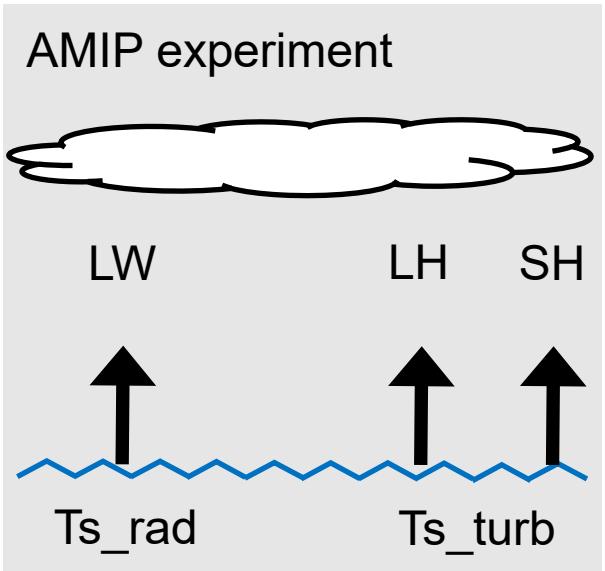
MSE/moisture contrast increases
Brient and Bony (2013)

Penetrative entrainment increases
Rieck et al. (2012)

Wind speed & static stability reduces
Webb and Lock (2012)

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Positive > Negative in LES.
Does this explain
positive sign in GCMs?

Negative feedback (cloud increase)

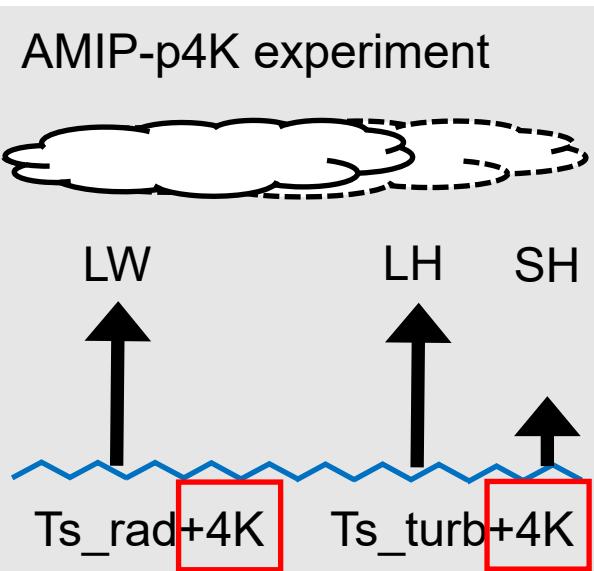
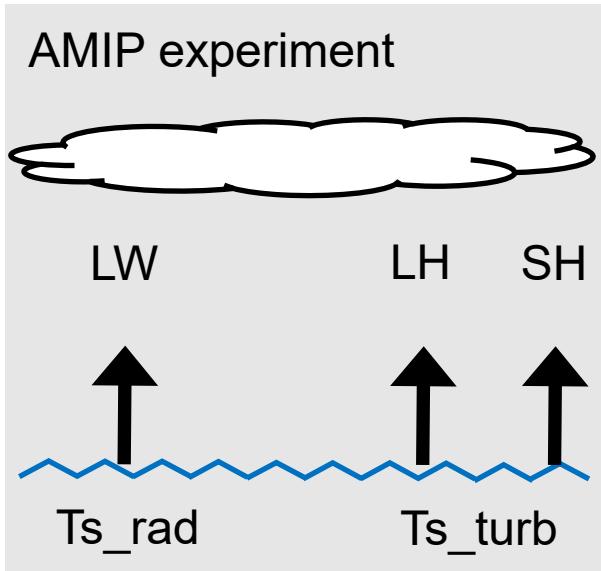
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??
Here we have a gap in knowledge.

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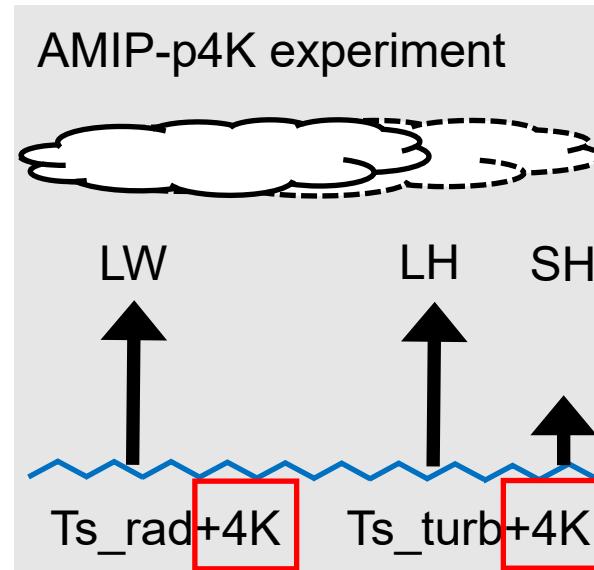
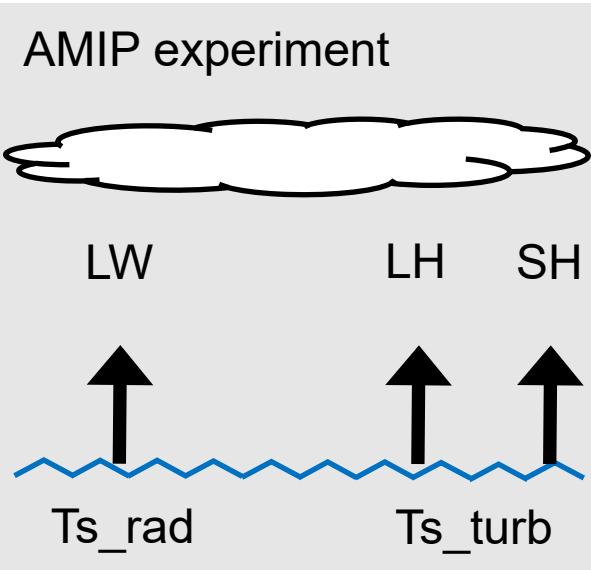
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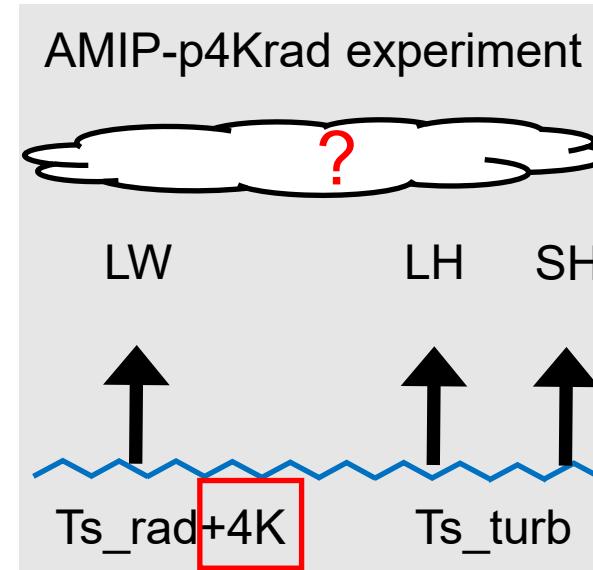
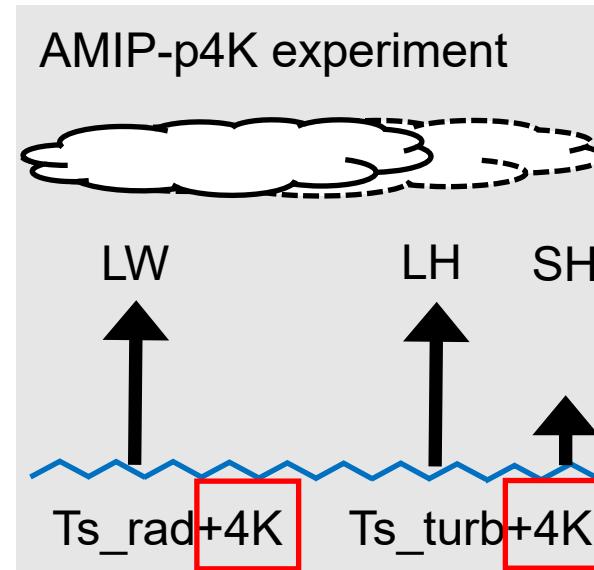
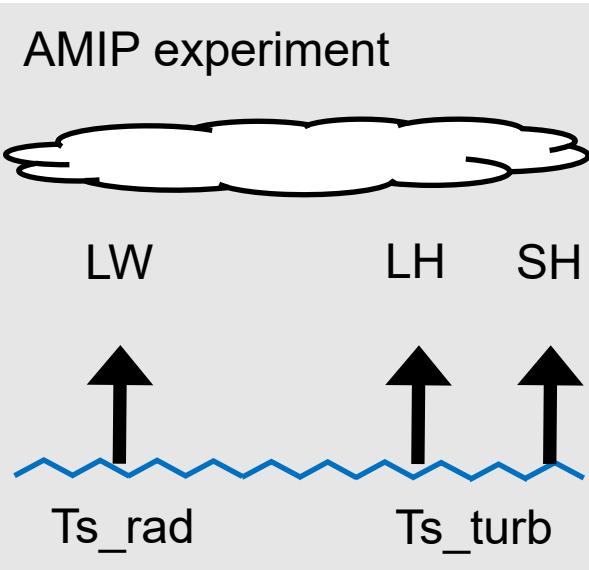
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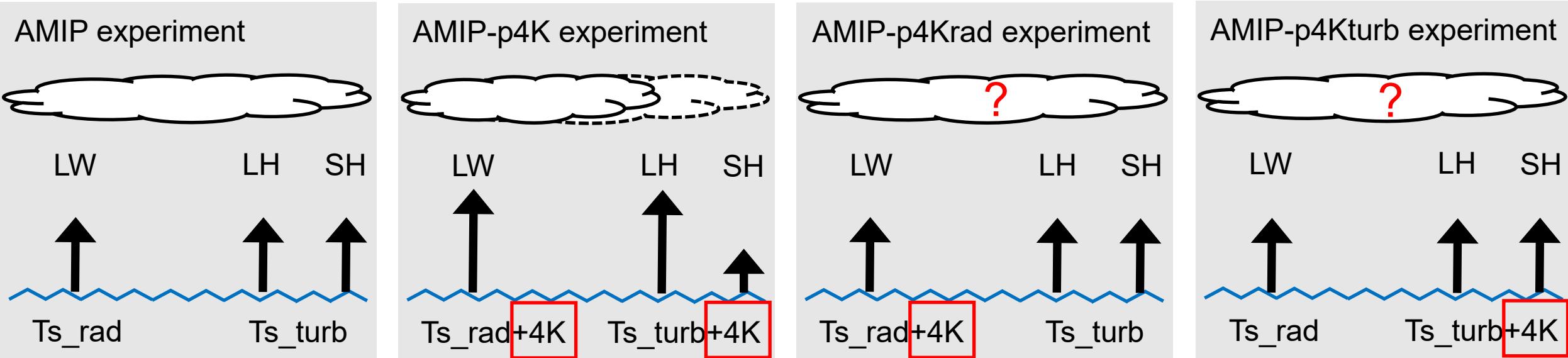
Numerical experiments with MIROC6



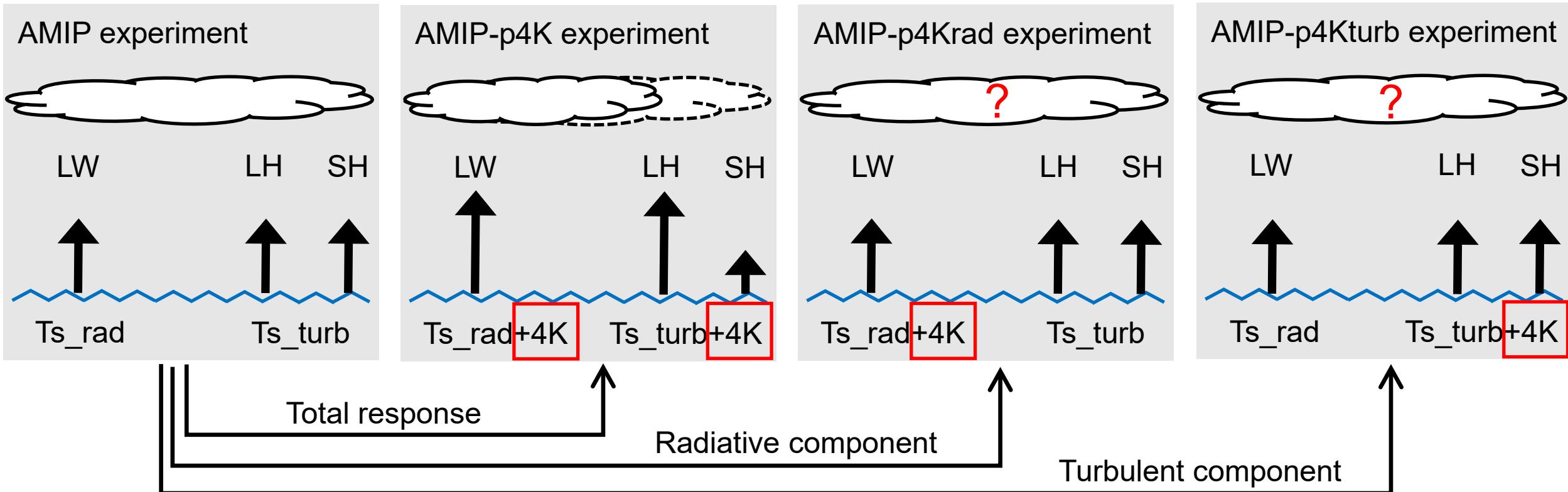
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Numerical experiments with MIROC6



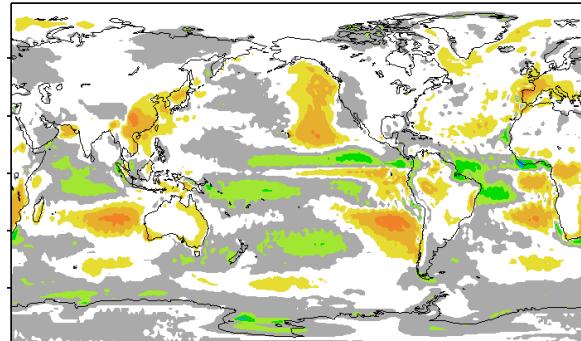
$$\text{Total response (e.g., low cloud feedback)} = \text{Radiative component} + \text{Turbulent component} + \text{Residual}$$

Which term makes the low cloud feedback positive ?

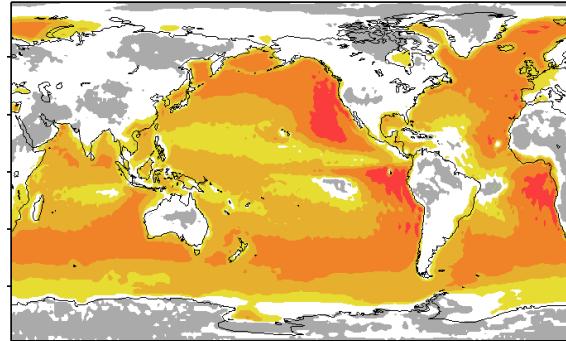
Which term makes the low cloud feedback positive?

Low cloud feedback induced by 4K increase in SST

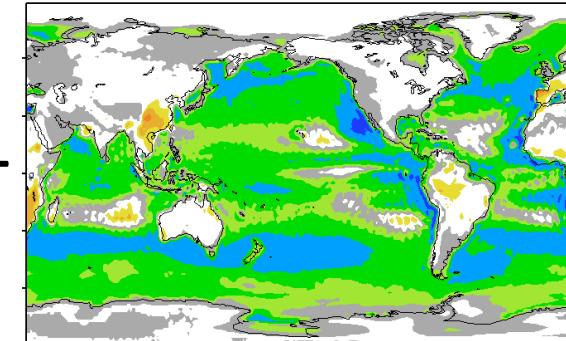
Total response



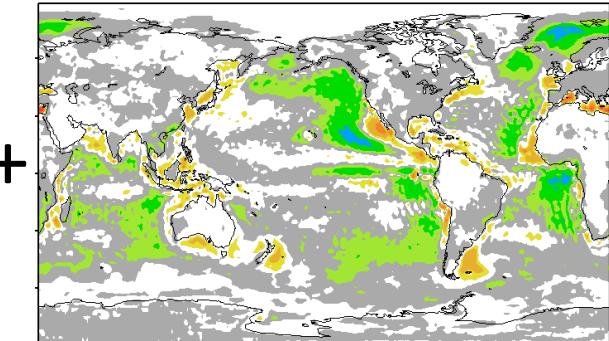
Radiative component



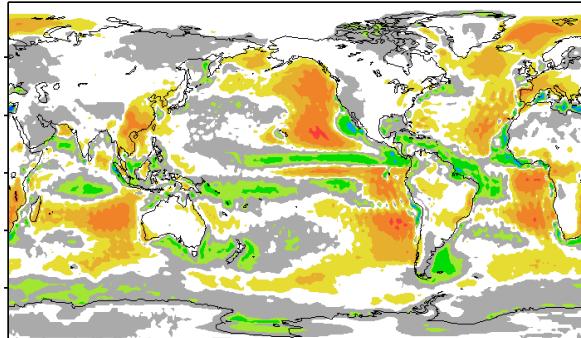
Turbulent component



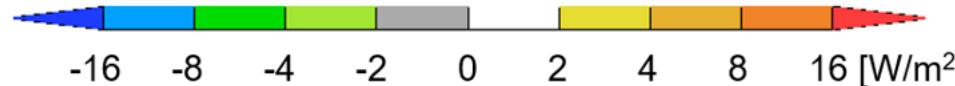
Synergy (residual)



Radiative + Turbulent



Pattern correlation
0.81

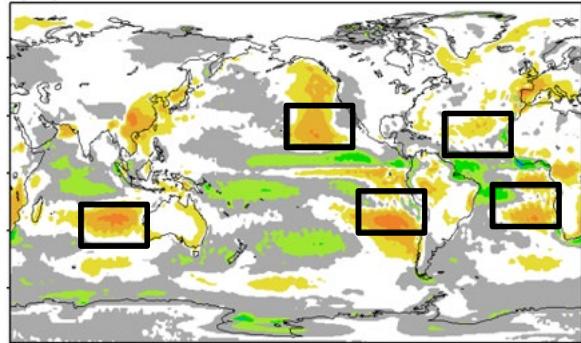


Radiative component makes the feedback positive. But how?

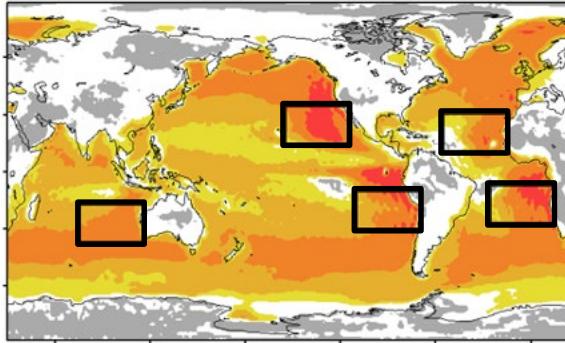
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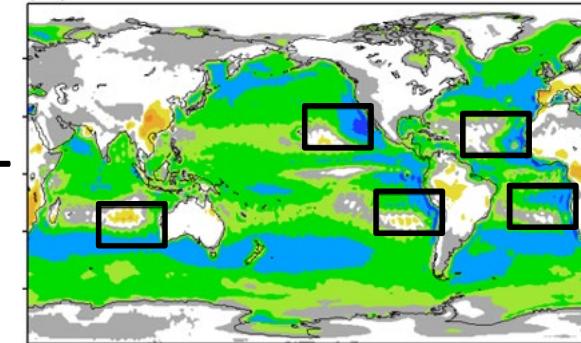
Total response



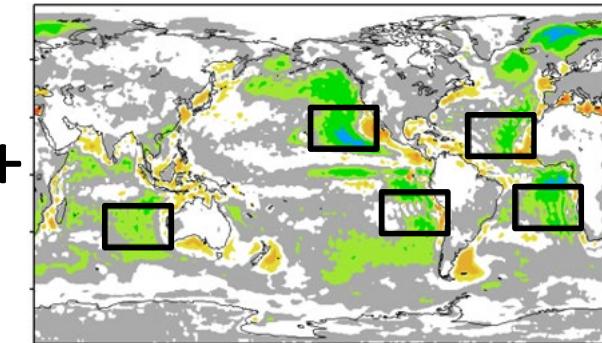
Radiative component



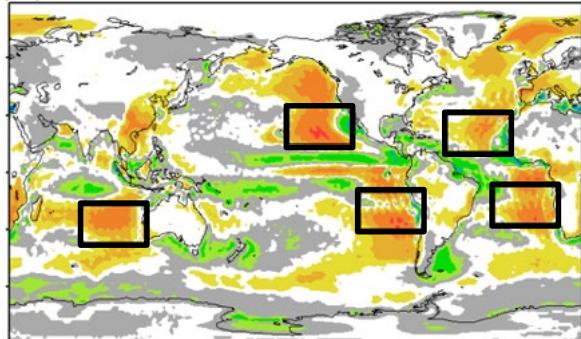
Turbulent component



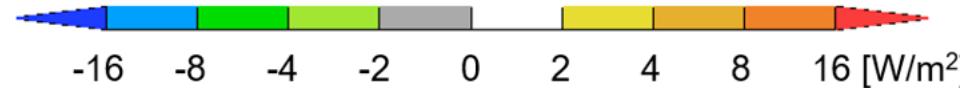
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Radiative + Turbulent



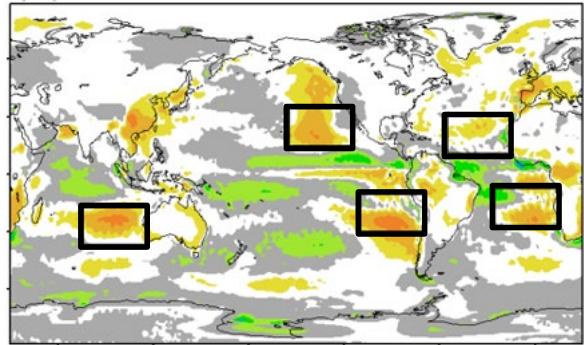
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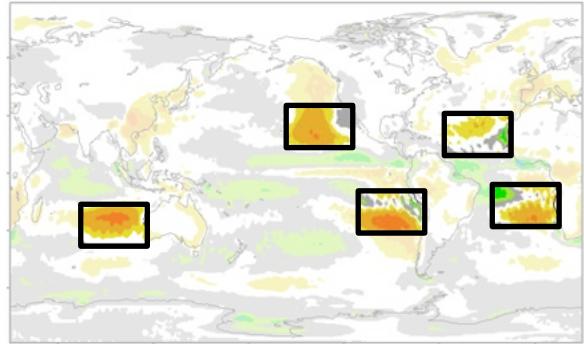
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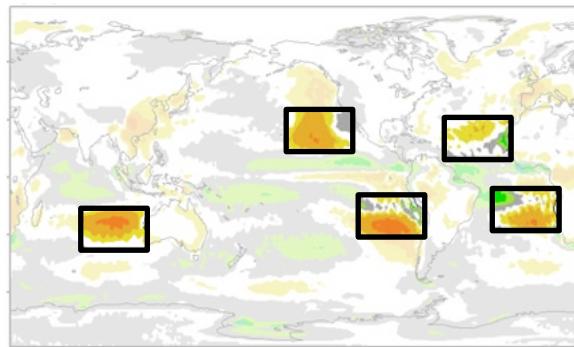
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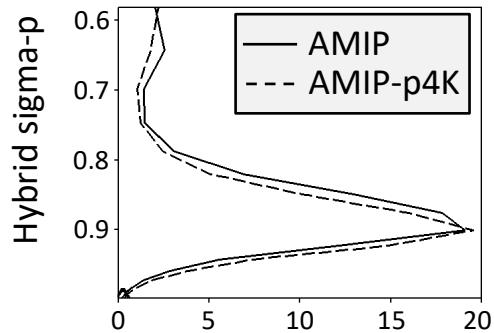
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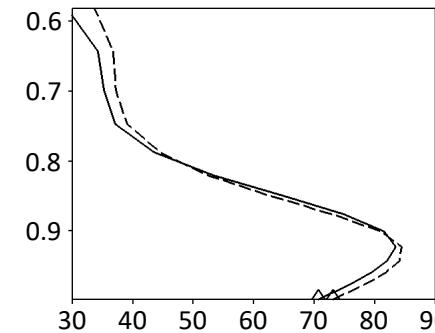


AMIP & AMIP-p4K experiments

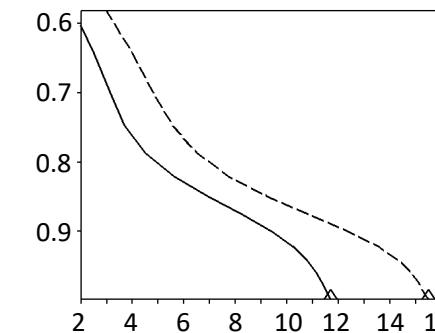
Cloud fraction [%]



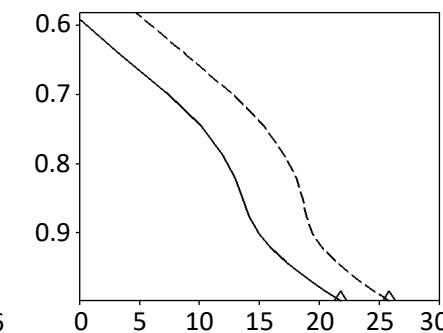
RH [%]



Qv [g/kg]

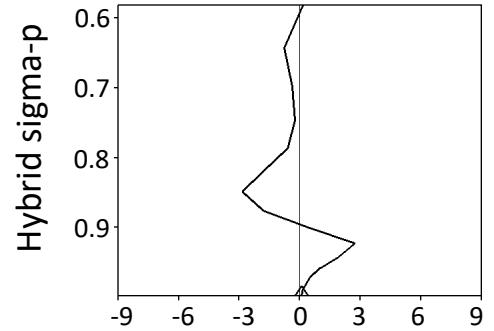


T [$^{\circ}$ C]

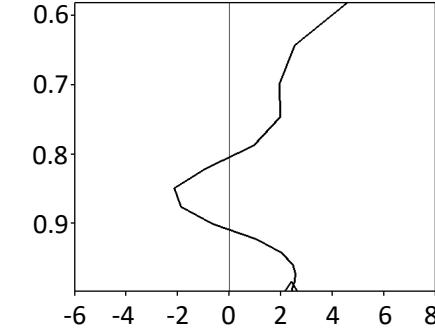


Total response (AMIP-p4K minus AMIP)

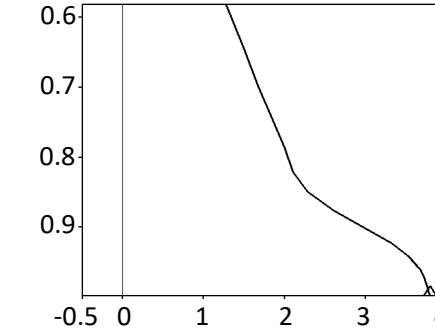
Δ Cloud fraction [%]



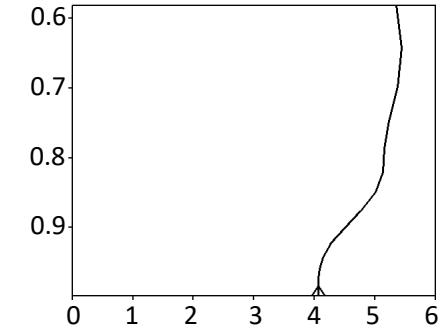
Δ RH [%]



Δ Qv [g/kg]

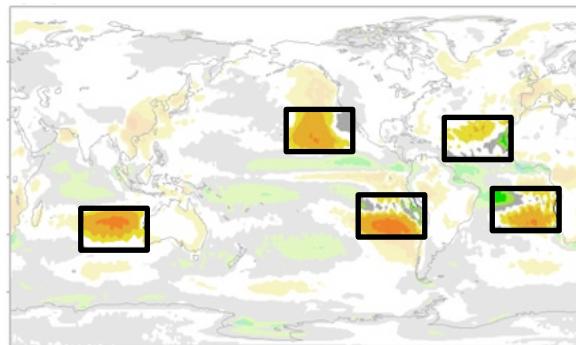


Δ T [$^{\circ}$ C]



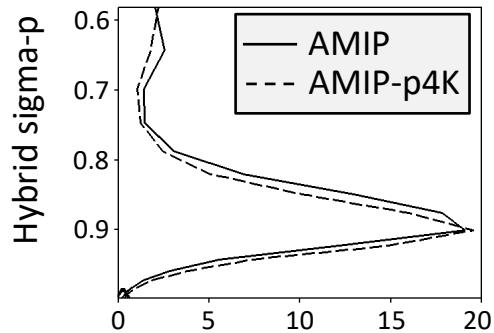
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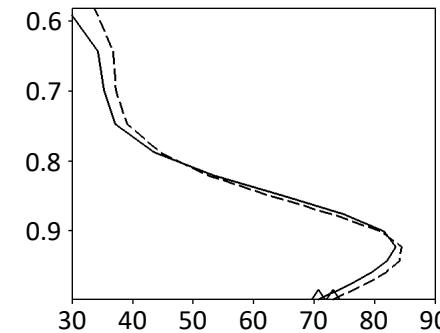


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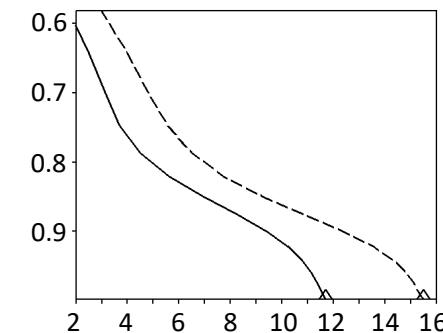
Cloud fraction [%]



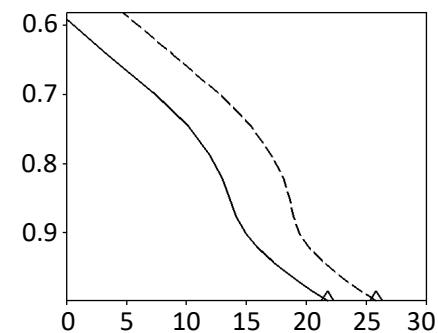
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Qv [g/kg]

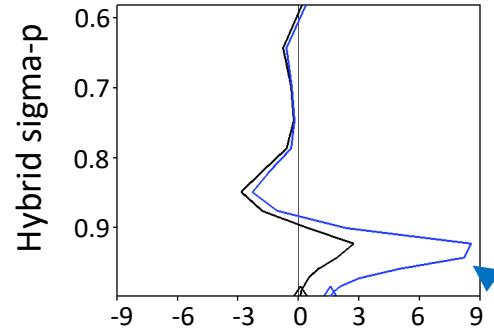


T [$^{\circ}$ C]

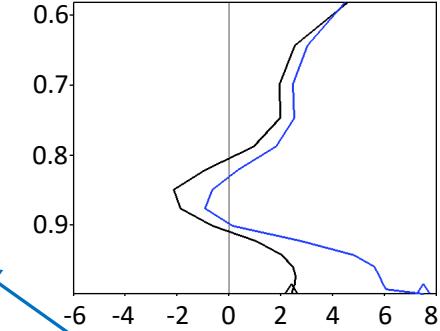


Total response (AMIP-p4K minus AMIP)

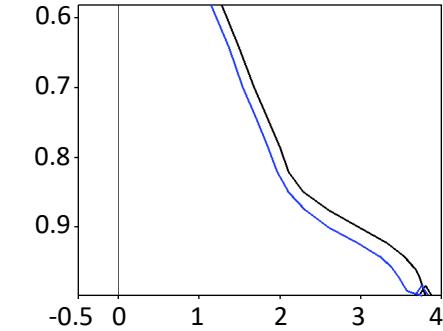
Δ Cloud fraction [%]



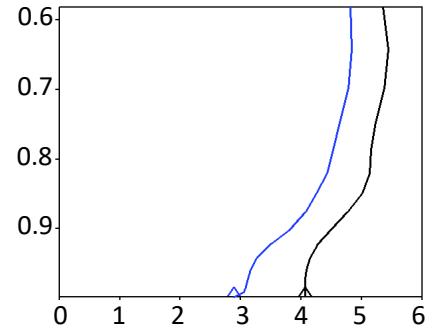
Δ RH [%]



Δ Qv [g/kg]



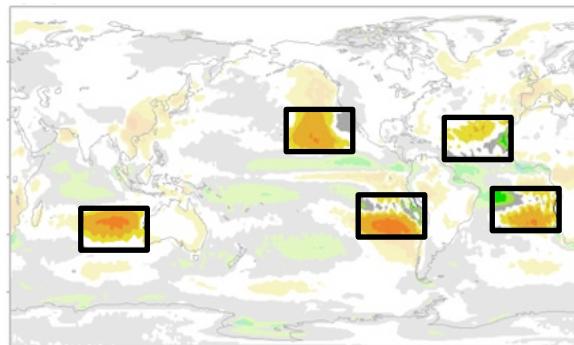
Δ T [$^{\circ}$ C]



Turbulent

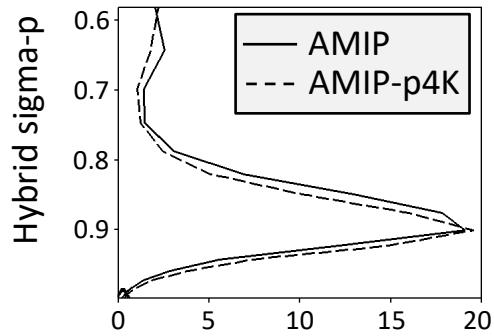
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Total response

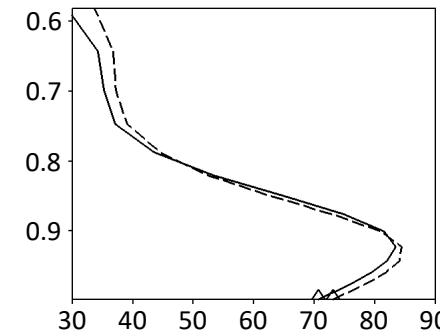


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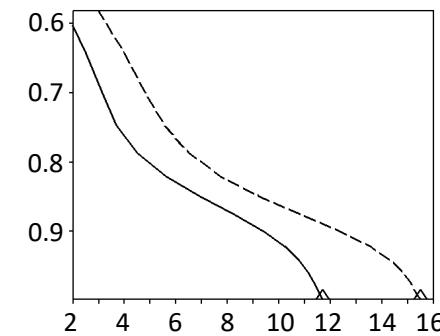
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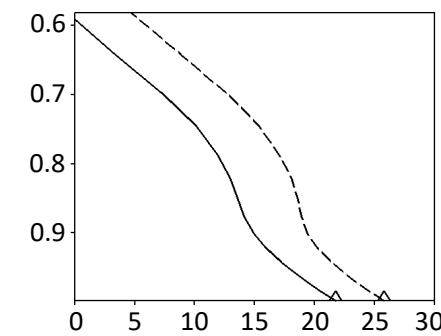
RH [%]



Qv [g/kg]

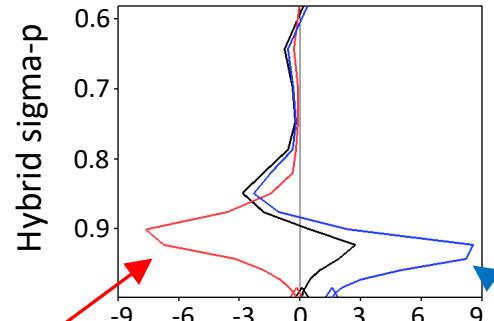


T [$^{\circ}$ C]

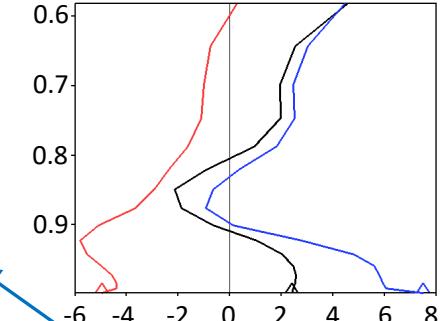


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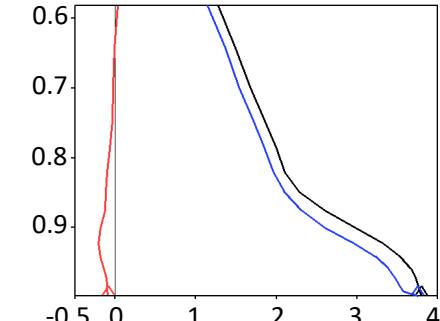
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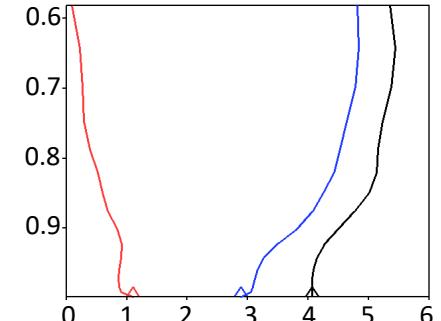
Δ RH [%]



Δ Qv [g/kg]



Δ T [$^{\circ}$ C]

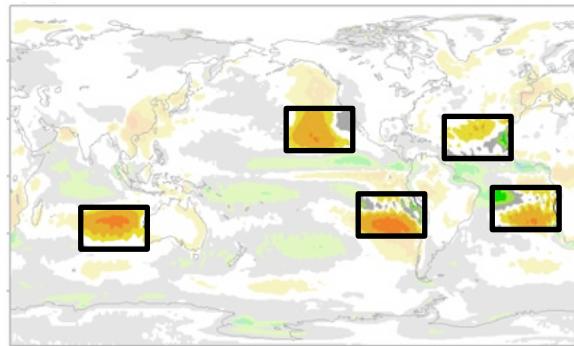


Radiative

Turbulent

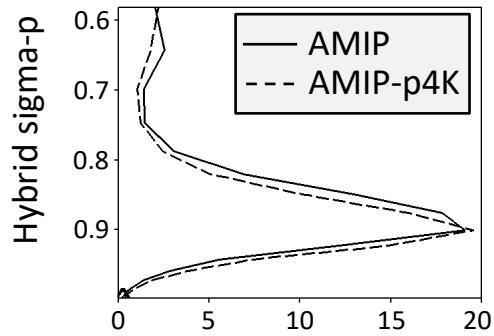
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Total response

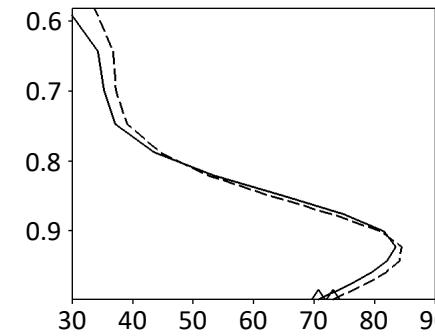


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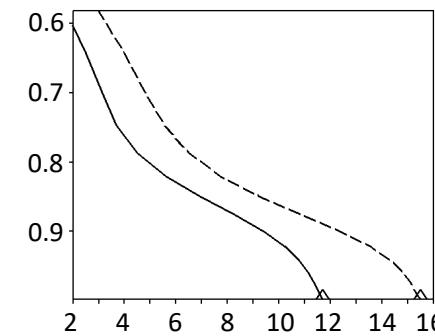
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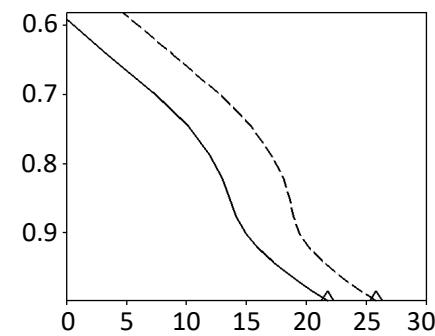
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Qv [g/kg]

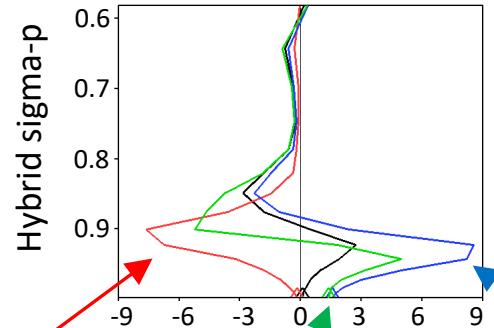


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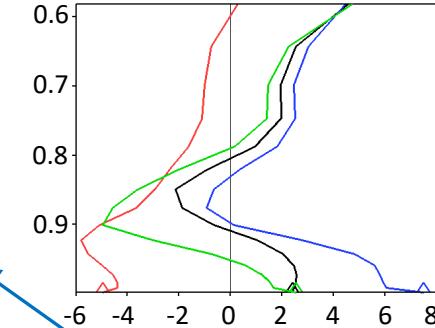


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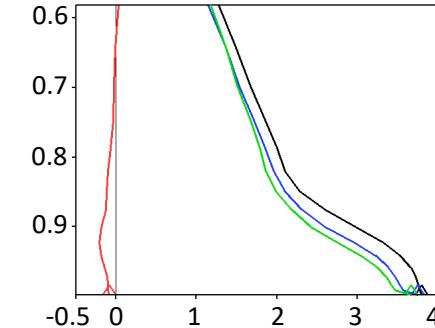
Δ Cloud fraction [%]



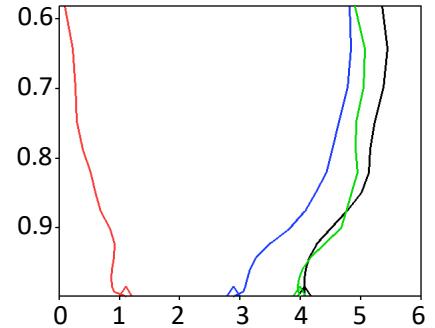
Δ RH [%]



Δ Qv [g/kg]



Δ T [$^{\circ}$ C]



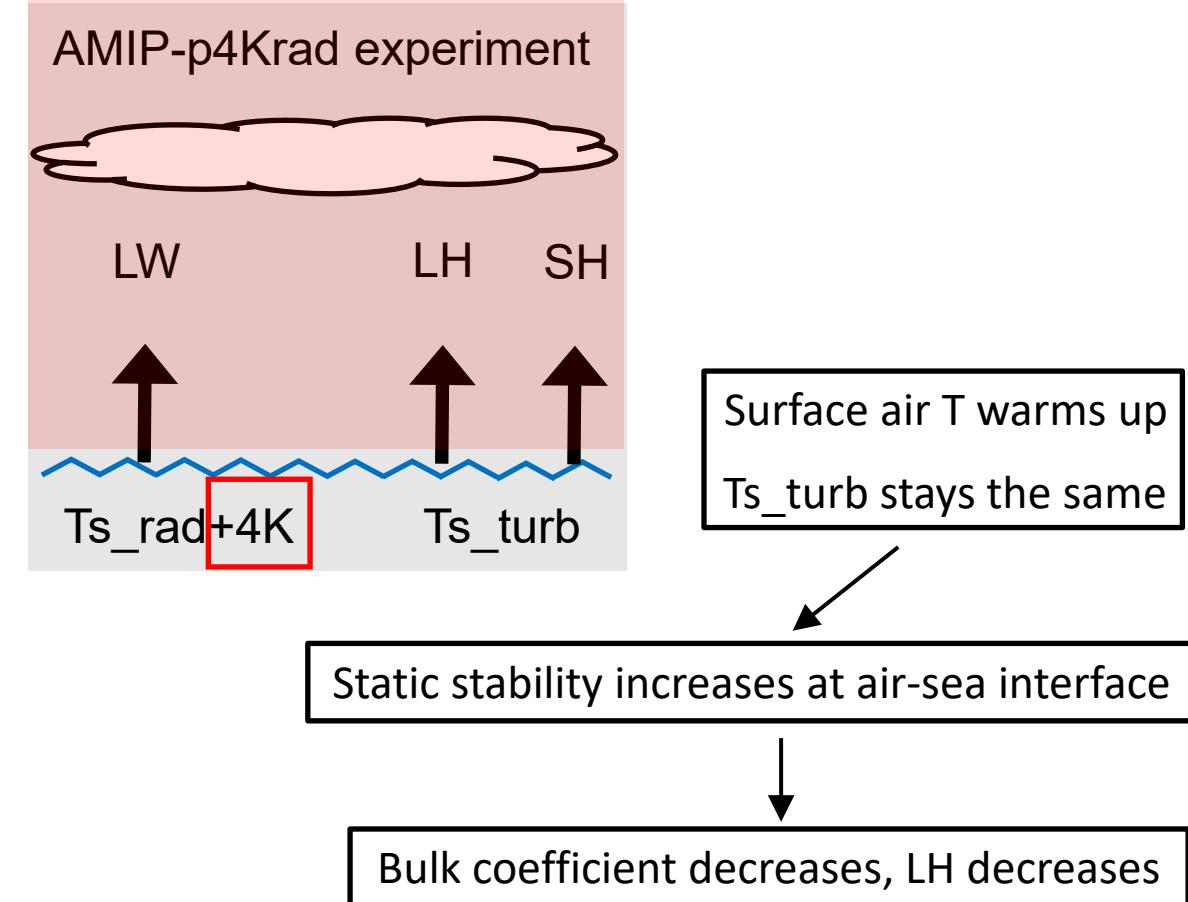
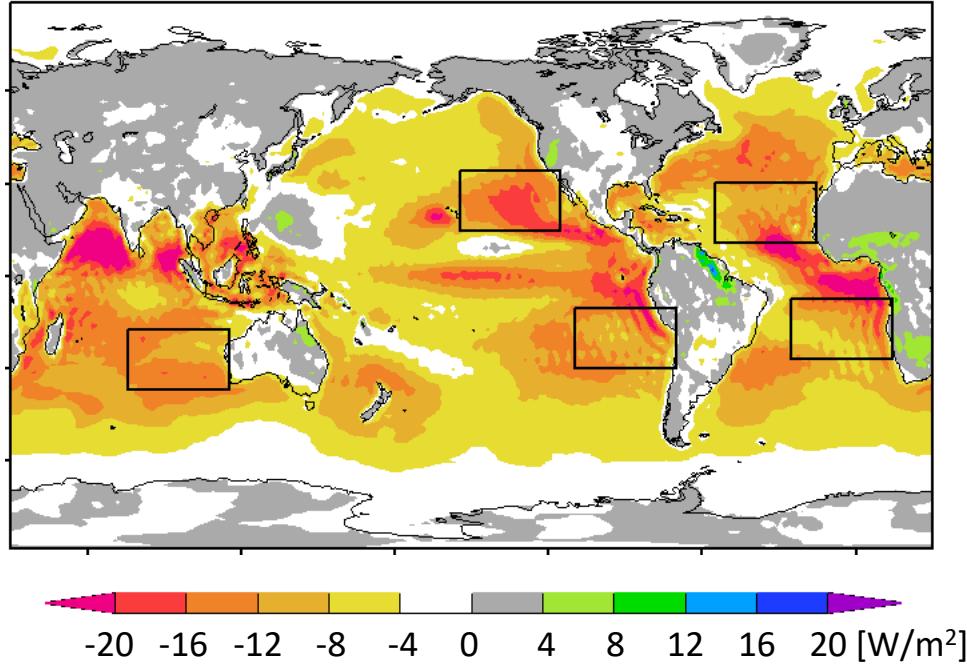
Radiative

Turbulent+Radiative

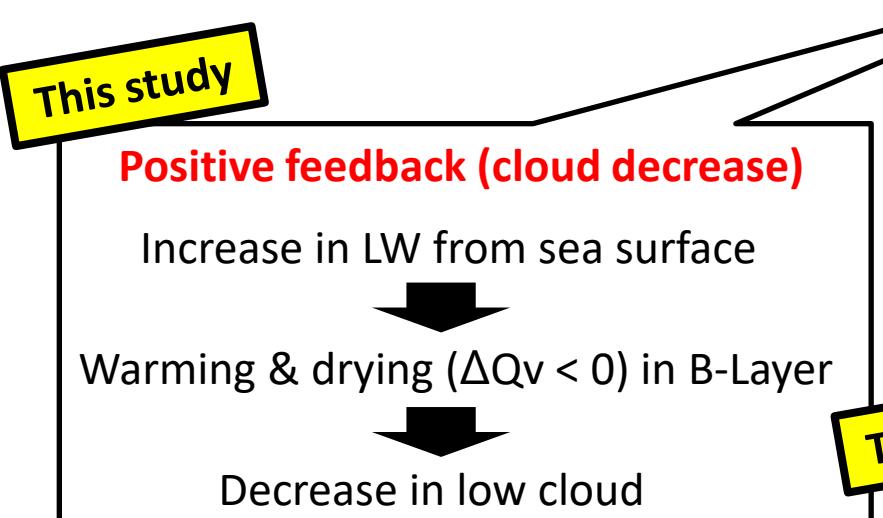
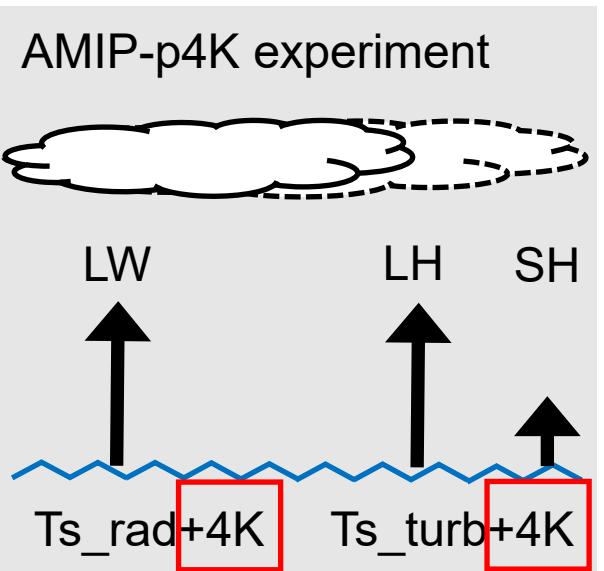
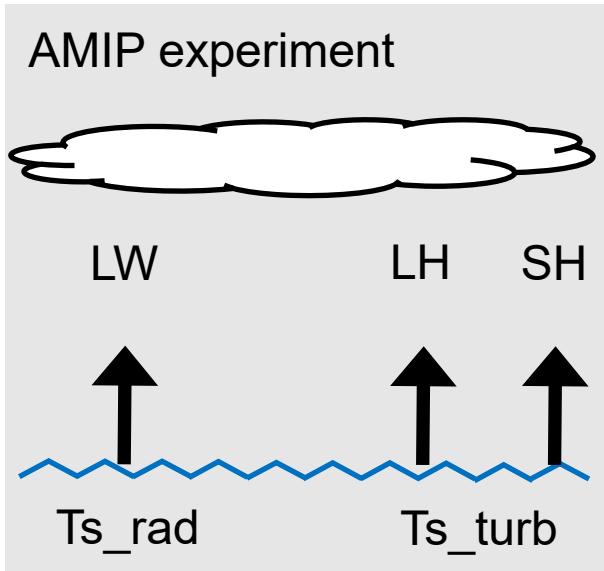
Turbulent

Latent heat flux decreases in radiative component

Δ Latent heat flux
(AMIP-p4Krad minus AMIP)



Why low cloud feedback positive in low latitudes ?



This study

Positive > Negative in LES.

Does this explain positive sign in GCMs?

Negative > Positive in MIROC6

A thought bubble containing text about Large Eddy Simulation (LES) and Global Climate Models (GCMs). It states "Positive > Negative in LES." and "Does this explain positive sign in GCMs?". Another thought bubble below it states "Negative > Positive in MIROC6". Arrows point from the text in the main diagram to this thought bubble.

Negative feedback (cloud increase)

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Latent heat flux increases.
Warmer & moister atmosphere

Discussion & Summary

Positive feedback from LW heating work in other GCMs?

Yes & No.

Mark Webb is presenting multi-GCMs analysis (next talk).

Results of some GCMs consistent with the present study.

Positive feedback from LW heating work in LES?

Yes.

Adrian Lock presented LES experiments in CFMIP.

Radiative component consistent with MIROC6.

Turbulent component more complicated than MIROC6.

- Positive low cloud feedback primarily caused by increasing LW radiation from the sea surface in MIROC6.

