

National Aeronautics and  
Space Administration



# EXPLORE EARTH

## NASA Earth Science: A Personal View\*

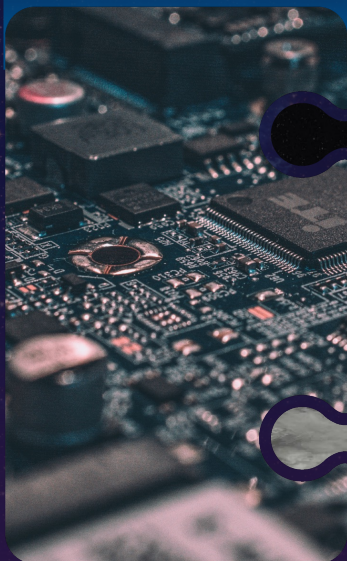
Jack A. Kaye  
Associate Director for Research  
NASA Earth Science Division

July 7, 2024

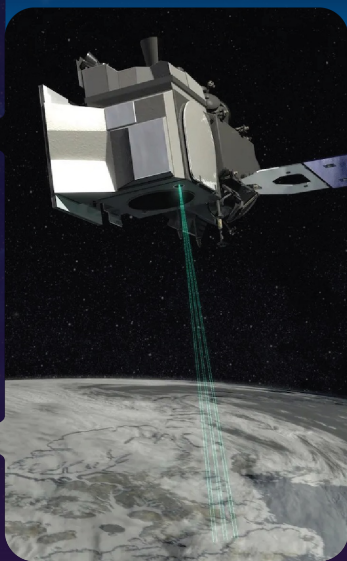
*\* Prepared with inputs from numerous colleagues from NASA HQ, centers, and the ESD investigator community*

# Advancing Earth System Science End-to-end

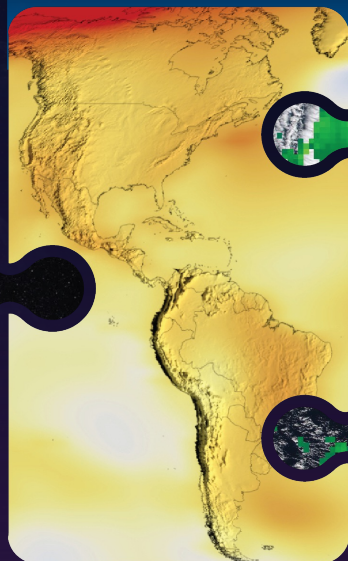
Technology



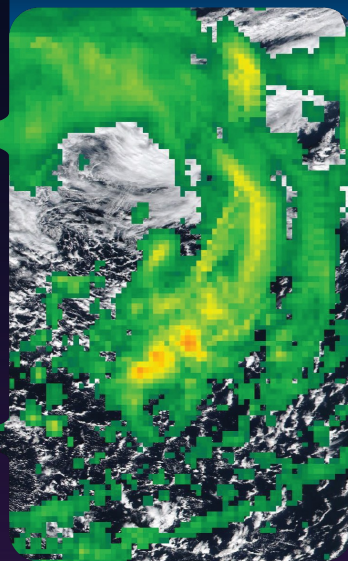
Flight



Research and Analysis



Data and Modeling



Earth Action



# Earth Science to Action Strategy

Earth Science to Action



## Virtuous Cycle

- User needs inform next iteration of programs, missions and initiatives

## Public Understanding & Exchange

- Put more scientific understanding into public sphere
- Deliver applied science to users
- Participate in multi-way info exchange
- Use input to inform subsequent work

## Solutions & Societal Value

- Offer models, scientific findings and info through Open-Source Science principles
- Support climate services
- Provide science applications and tools to inform decisions

## Earth System Science & Applied Research

- Grow scientific understanding of Earth's systems
- Develop predictive modeling for science applications and tools to mitigate, adapt and respond to climate change

## Foundational Knowledge, Technology, Missions & Data

- Technology innovation
- Earth observations missions
- Data collected from space, air and ground

NASA  
earth

05.01.2024



# EARTH FLEET

## Key

- International Partners
- U.S. Partner
- ISS Instrument
- JPSS Instrument
- Cubesat
- Launch Date TBD
- Earth System Observatory Mission (Pre) Formulation
- Implementation
- Operating
- Extended

## Invest/CubeSats

- MURI-FD 2023
- SNOOPI 2024
- HYTI 2024
- ARGOS\* 2024
- ARCSTONE\* 2025
- GRITSS\* 2025
- GRATTIS\* 2026

## JPSS Instruments

- OMPS-LIMB 2022
- LIBERA 2027
- OMPS-LIMB 2027
- OMPS-LIMB 2032

## ISS INSTRUMENTS

- AOS Sky
- Landsat Next\*

## MISSIONS

NASA earth

06.07.2024

2030



2020

2015

2000

2010

2025



# WATER AND ENERGY CYCLE FLEET

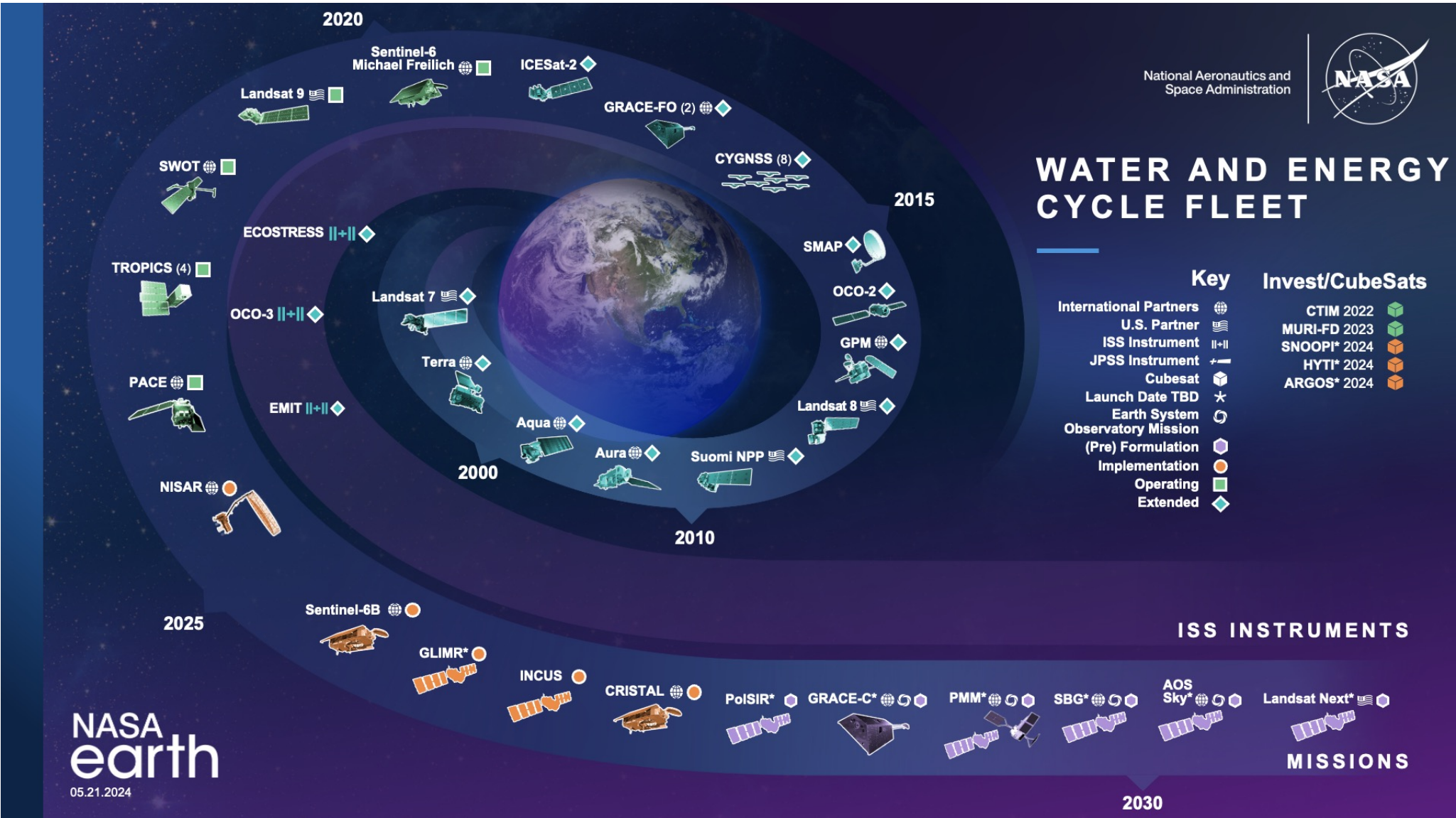
## Key Invest/CubeSats

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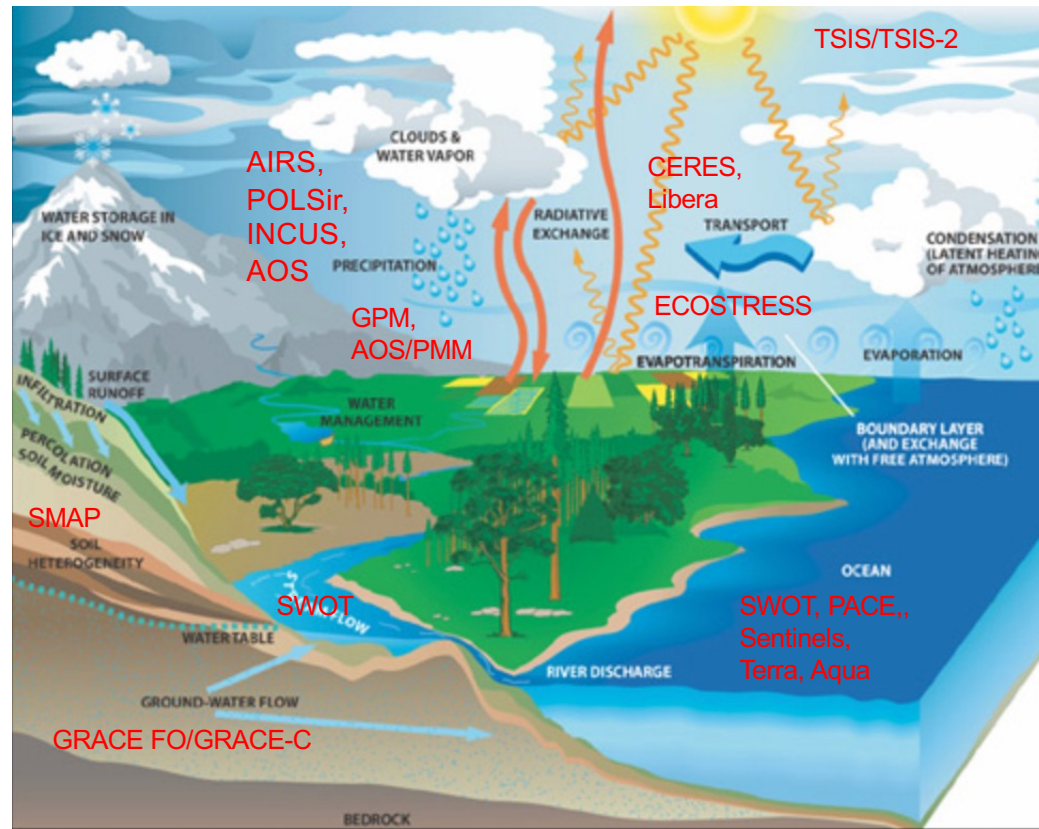
- CTIM 2022
- MURI-FD 2023
- SNOOPi\* 2024
- HYTI\* 2024
- ARGOS\* 2024

## ISS INSTRUMENTS

## MISSIONS



# A “NASA View” of the Global Water and Energy Cycle\*

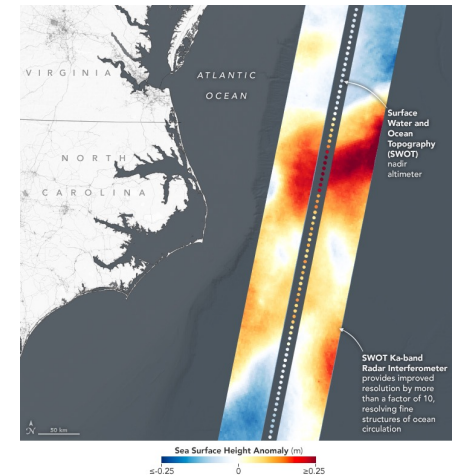
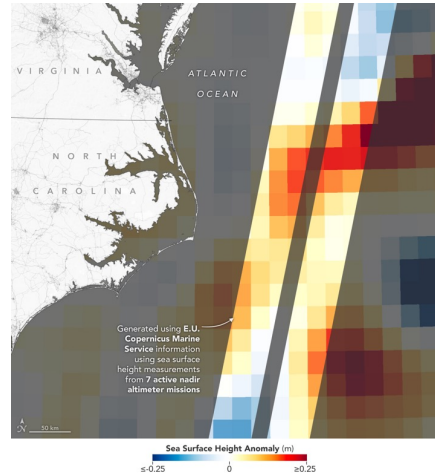


\* This is a SIMPLIFIED view!

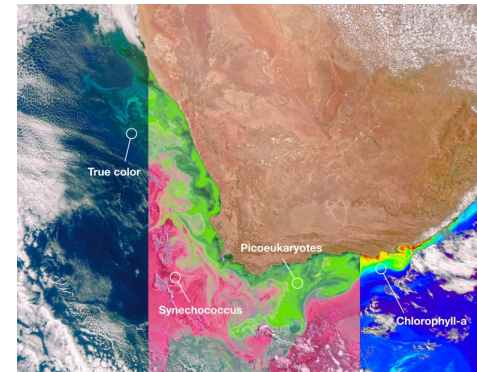
# Early Results from Some of our Newer Satellites



TEMPO



SWOT (compared to Precursor Missions)



PACE

# PREFIRE



PREFIRE launches were accomplished on May 25 and June 5, 2024 by Rocketlab from their launch facility in Mahia, New Zealand!

<https://prefire.ssec.wisc.edu/>



# Earth Venture Mission-3: INCUS

PI: Susan van den Heever, Colorado State University

*Addressing why convective storms, heavy precipitation and clouds occur exactly when and where they do*

## Three SmallSats

- JPL Ka-band radar with 5 beams (RainCube heritage)
- JPL cross-track scanning microwave radiometer (TEMPEST-D heritage)
- Tendeg deployable 1.6m Ka-band antenna
- Blue Canyon Technologies X-SAT Venus commercial bus



Colorado State University



**JPL**

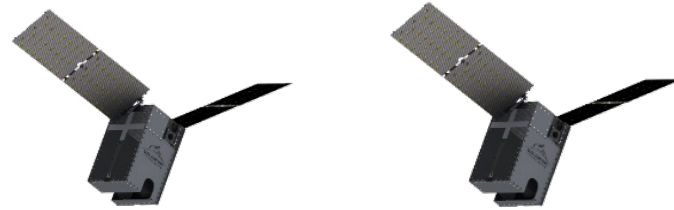
**TENDEG**  
Space Antennas And Deployables

# Polarized Submillimeter Ice-cloud Radiometer (PoISIR)

On May 22, 2023, NASA announced the selection of PoISIR as the sixth Earth Venture Instrument (EVI-6) investigation aimed at study of ice clouds to determine how and why they change throughout the day, which will provide crucial information about how to accurately simulate these high-altitude clouds in global climate models.

## Mission Overview

- The 2-year investigation will comprise of two identical 12 U CubeSats, each with dual-band radiometers: 683-GHz (QV & QH), 325/1.5-GHz (QV), 325/3.5-GHz (QV), 325/9.5-GHz (QV & QH)
- Low earth orbit between 35° and 51° inclination separated by 3-8 hours
- **Cost:** \$37M (FY24) Class-D mission with Launch provided by NASA Launch Services Program outside cost cap
- **Team:** Vanderbilt University, NASA/GSFC, University of Wisconsin, Wisconsin: Blue Canyon Technologies, Virginia Diodes Inc., NOAA, Université Paris-Saclay
- **Expected launch:** Not earlier than 2027



## Science Objectives

- Constrain seasonally influenced diurnal cycle of tropical ice water path (IWP) and particle diameter
- Determine the diurnal variability of ice clouds in the convective outflow areas
- Determine the relationship between shortwave and longwave radiative fluxes and the diurnal variability of ice clouds

# Earth System Observatory

CCP

**CLOUDS, CONVECTION  
AND PRECIPITATION**

Water and Energy in  
the Atmosphere

**SURFACE BIOLOGY  
AND GEOLOGY**

Earth Surface &  
Ecosystems

SBG

**AEROSOLS**

Particles in the  
Atmosphere

A

**SURFACE DEFORMATION  
AND CHANGE**

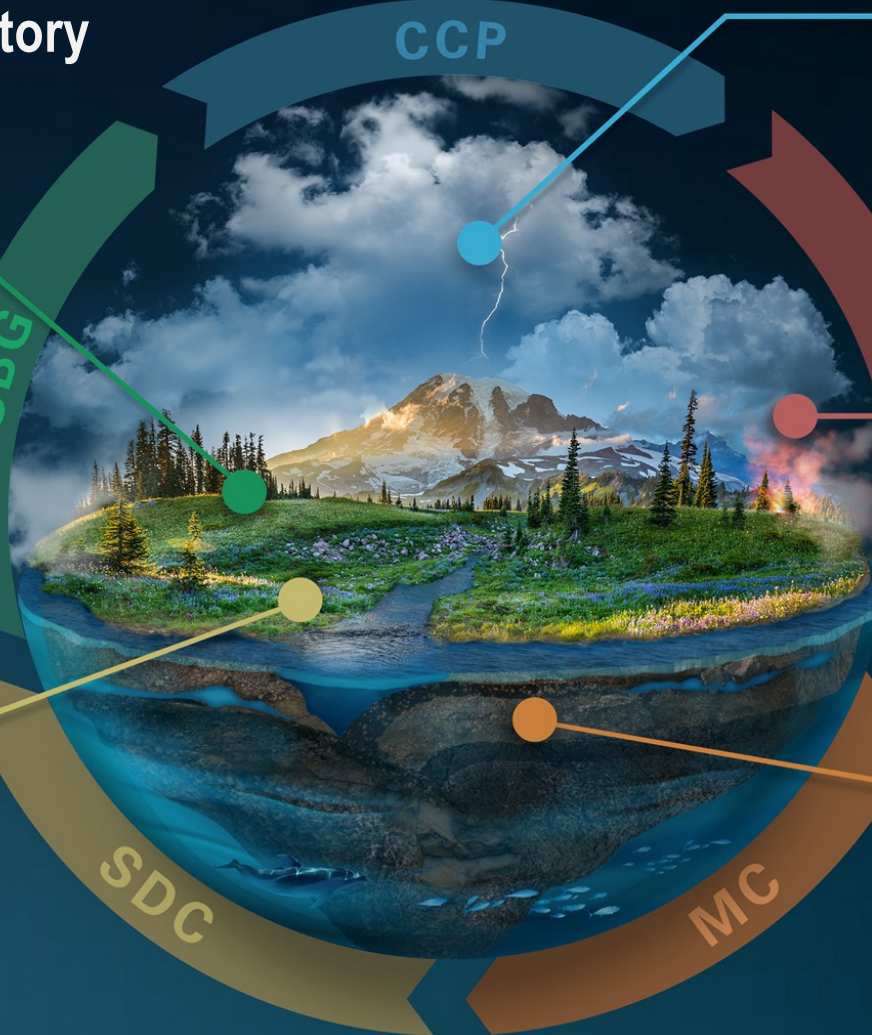
Earth Surface Dynamics

SDC

**MASS CHANGE**

Large-scale Mass  
Redistribution

MC



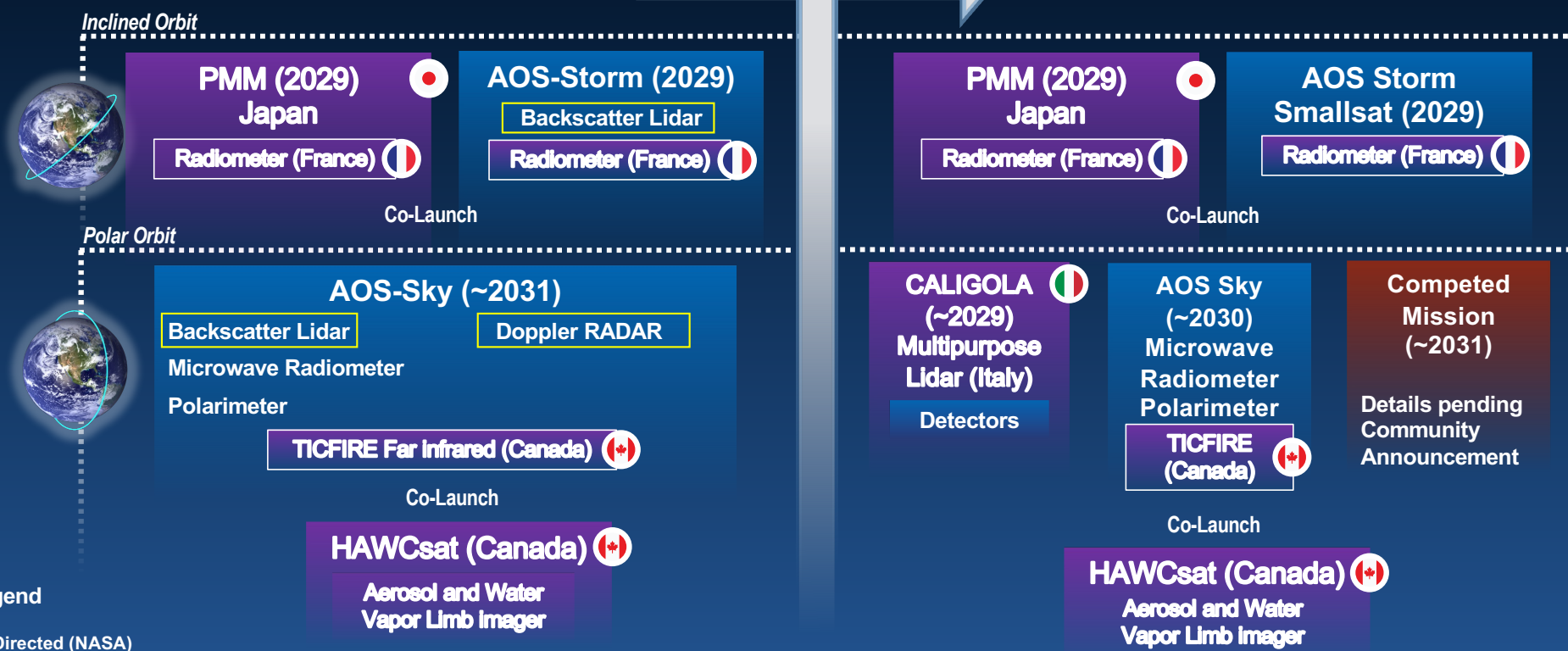
# Changes in the AOS Planned Acquisition under the Decouple, Partner and Compete Approach

Tightly Coupled Architecture

FROM

TO

Decoupled Architecture



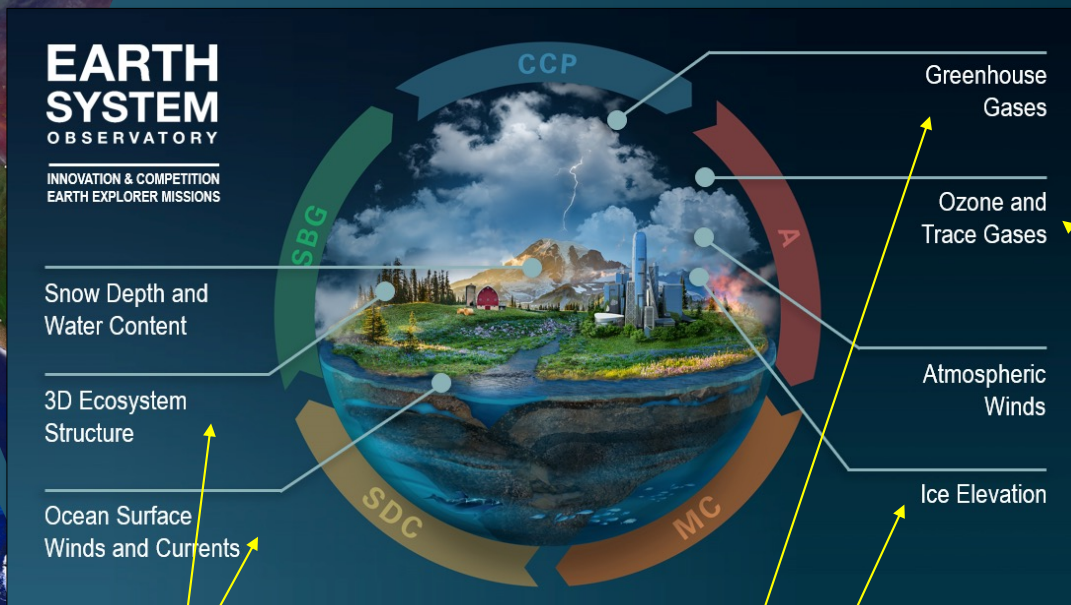
Legend

- Directed (NASA)
- Open Phase A Trade
- Partner Contribution
- Competed (NASA)

# Earth System Explorers (ESE)

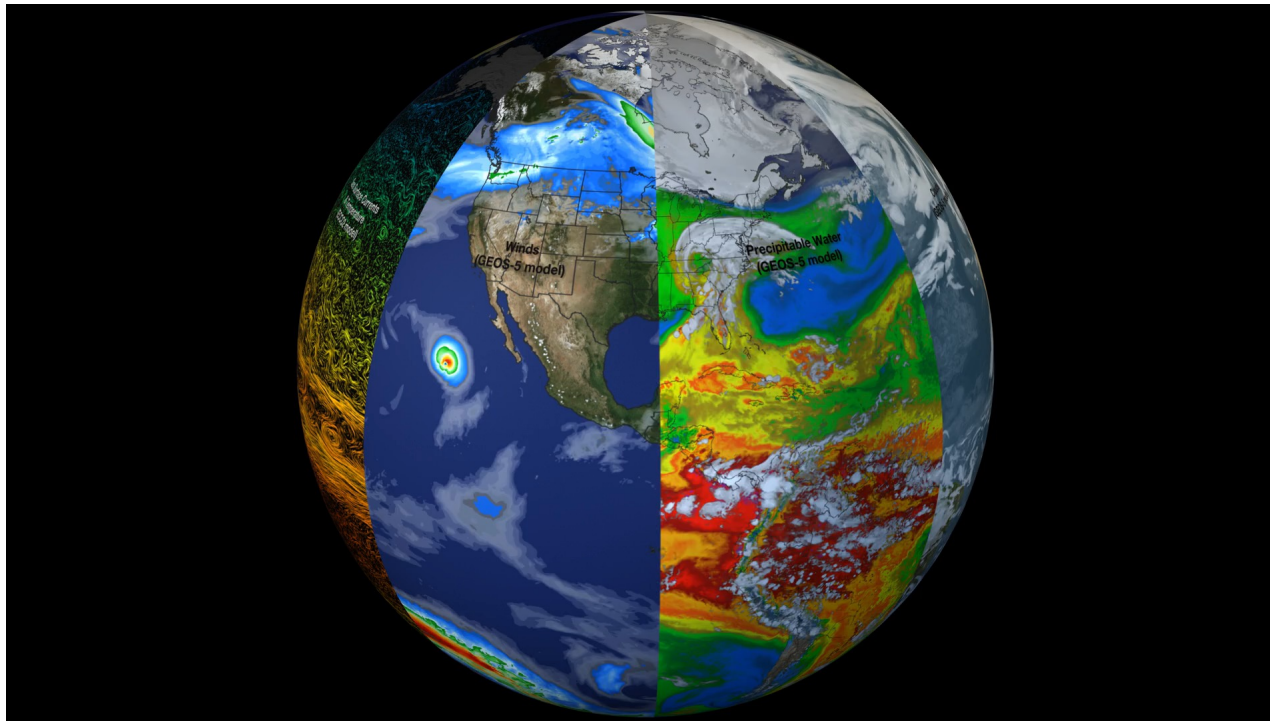
**EARTH  
SYSTEM**  
OBSERVATORY

- Draft Announcement of Opportunity (AO) released on Dec 6, 2022
- Final AO was released May 2, 2023
- PI-Managed Mission Cost (PIMMC) cap of \$310M (FY24 \$)
- NASA will provide launch vehicle services
- Two-step selection process
- Initial selection announced May 7, 2024:



The Stratosphere Troposphere Response using Infrared Vertically-Resolved Light Explorer (STRIVE)  
The Ocean Dynamics and Surface Exchange with the Atmosphere (ODYSEA)  
Earth Dynamics Geodetic Explorer (EDGE)  
The Carbon Investigation (Carbon-I)

# NASA Earth System Science



Atmospheric Composition  
Water and Energy Cycle  
Carbon Cycle and Ecosystems

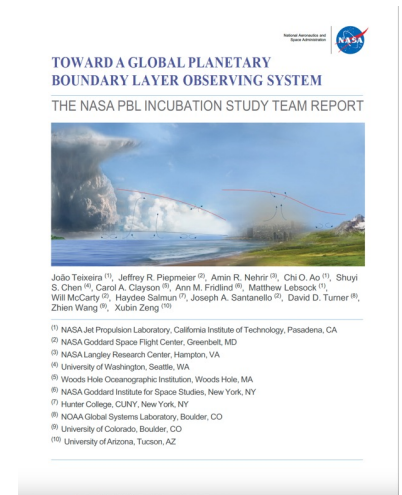
Earth Surface and Interior  
Weather and Atmospheric Dynamics  
Climate Variability and Change

NASA Scientific Visualization Studio [svs.gsfc.nasa.gov/30701](https://svs.gsfc.nasa.gov/30701)

# Research Opportunities for GEWEX-Related Activity at NASA\*

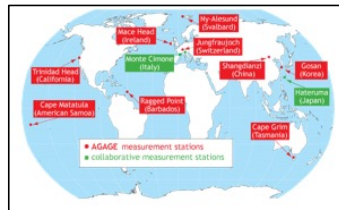
- Research and Analysis – Disciplinary Programs (only a few listed here!)
  - Terrestrial Hydrology
  - Radiation Sciences
  - Weather and Atmospheric Dynamics
  - Modeling, Analysis, and Prediction
- Research and Analysis – Interdisciplinary/Cross-Disciplinary Programs
  - Interdisciplinary Science
  - Remote Sensing Theory
  - Earth Venture Suborbital (Budget is in flight program but R&A runs solicitation)
- Competed Science Teams for Operating Missions
  - SMAP
  - CYGNSS
  - S-NPP/JPSS (including CERES)
  - SWOT/Other Altimetry
  - GRACE FO
  - GPM
- Earth Action (formerly Applied Sciences) (e.g., Water Resources)
- Technology (Instruments, Components, Information Systems, Cubesats)
- Decadal Survey Incubation (joint R&A/ESTO) – Planetary Boundary Layer

\* This is a simplified view – it doesn't include everything!

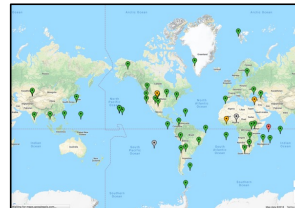


# Examples of NASA-Supported Ground Networks

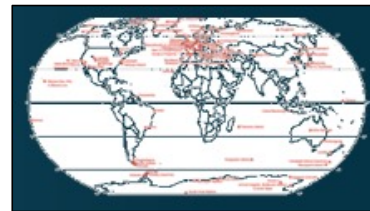
AGAGE



GGN



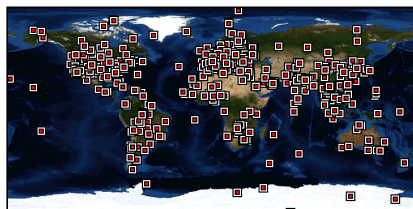
NDACC



NSGN



AERONET



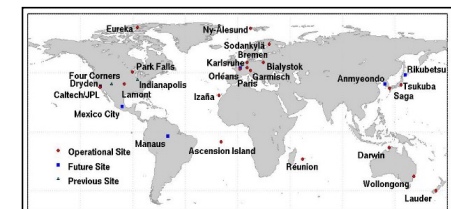
SHADOZ



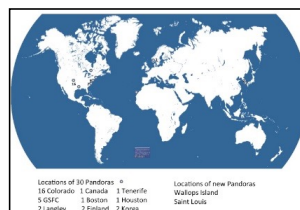
MPLNet



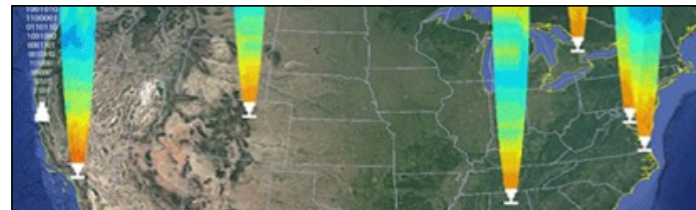
TCCON



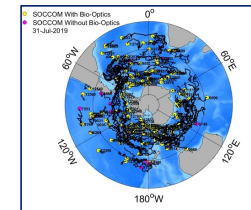
PANDORA



TOLNet



SOCCOM





# NASA Earth Science Division Airborne Fleet



DC-8's Final Return to AFRC –  
4/1/24 after ASIA AQ

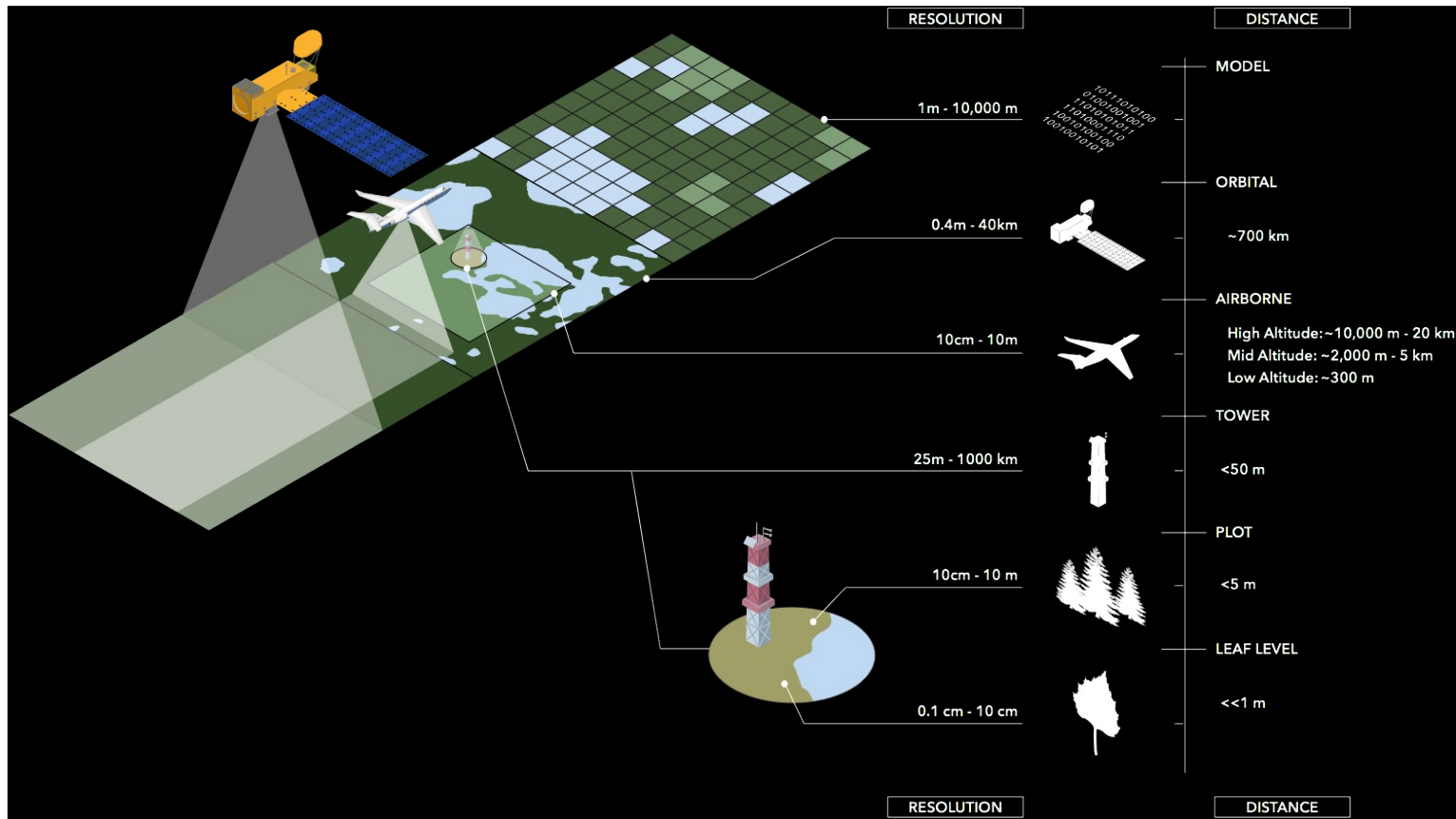


Newest Addition to Fleet – B-777  
(at LaRC) – will replace DC-8  
now that it's been retired!

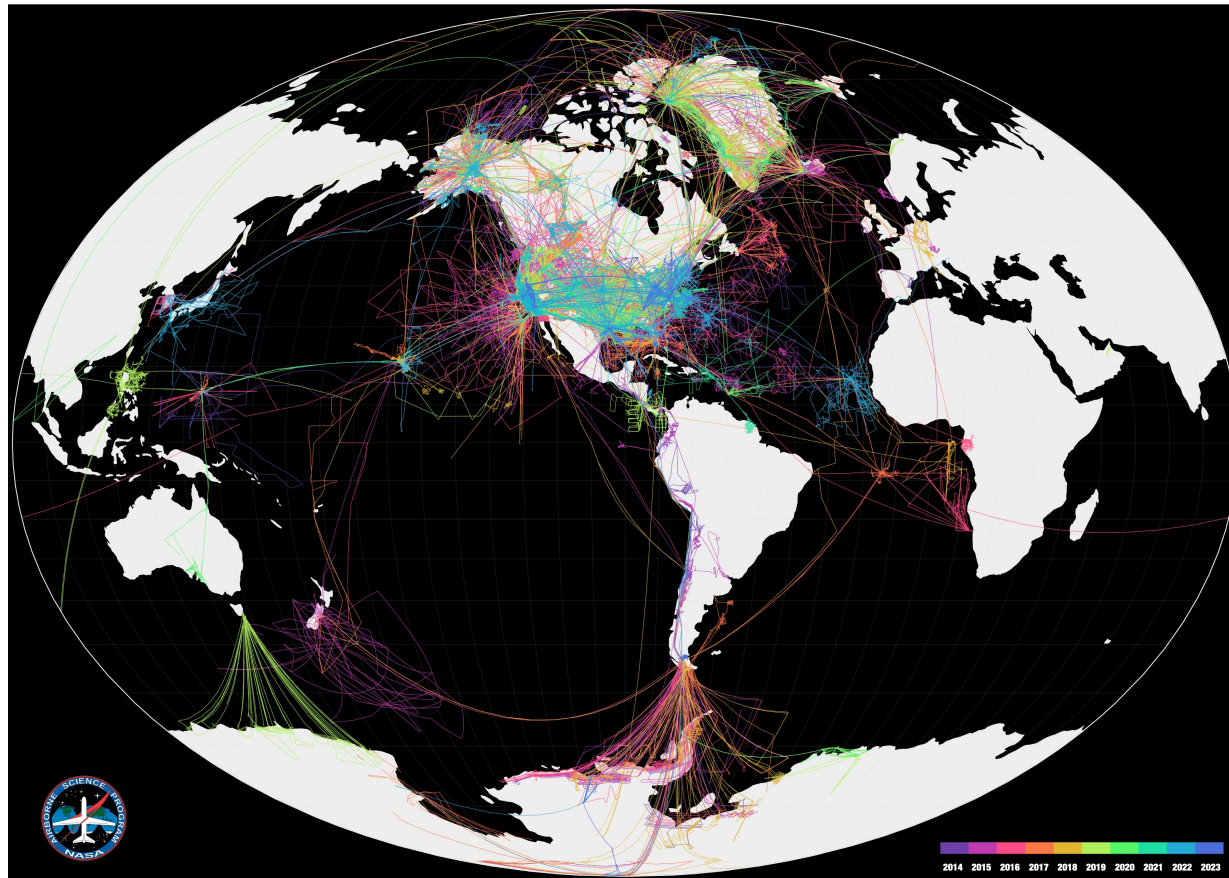
# What Airborne Science Means at NASA

- Airborne Science at NASA integrates unique capabilities in the following areas:
  - **Platforms:** airborne platforms that can fly instrument packages (from a single instrument to several dozen) to locations needed for the desired observations
  - **Sensors:** remote sensing and/or *in situ* sensors that can work individually or collectively to address science and/or technology questions and opportunities
  - **Systems:** data, information, and operational systems that enable data to be acquired, transmitted, shared, and to allow investigator interactions with crew to optimize flight trajectories
  - **People:** the human capital that allows airborne missions to be carried out safely and effectively in remote locations, frequently under harsh conditions with little indigenous local support; also the ability to design experiments/campaigns and turn acquired data into knowledge
  - **Opportunities:** program-directed and competitive solicitations for mission/campaign development and also instrument development/evolution; well-defined flight request approach for use of platforms/facility sensors
- The linkage among these is critical — especially the “marriage” between platforms and sensors (pods/viewing ports for remote sensing instruments, well-characterized inlets for *in situ* sensors)
- Airborne Science is fully integrated with space-based measurements, surface-based measurements and modeling into an “integrated whole” with involvement of all components included in planning/design

# Scaling Strategy for Field Campaigns



# NASA Airborne Science Flights – 2014-2023



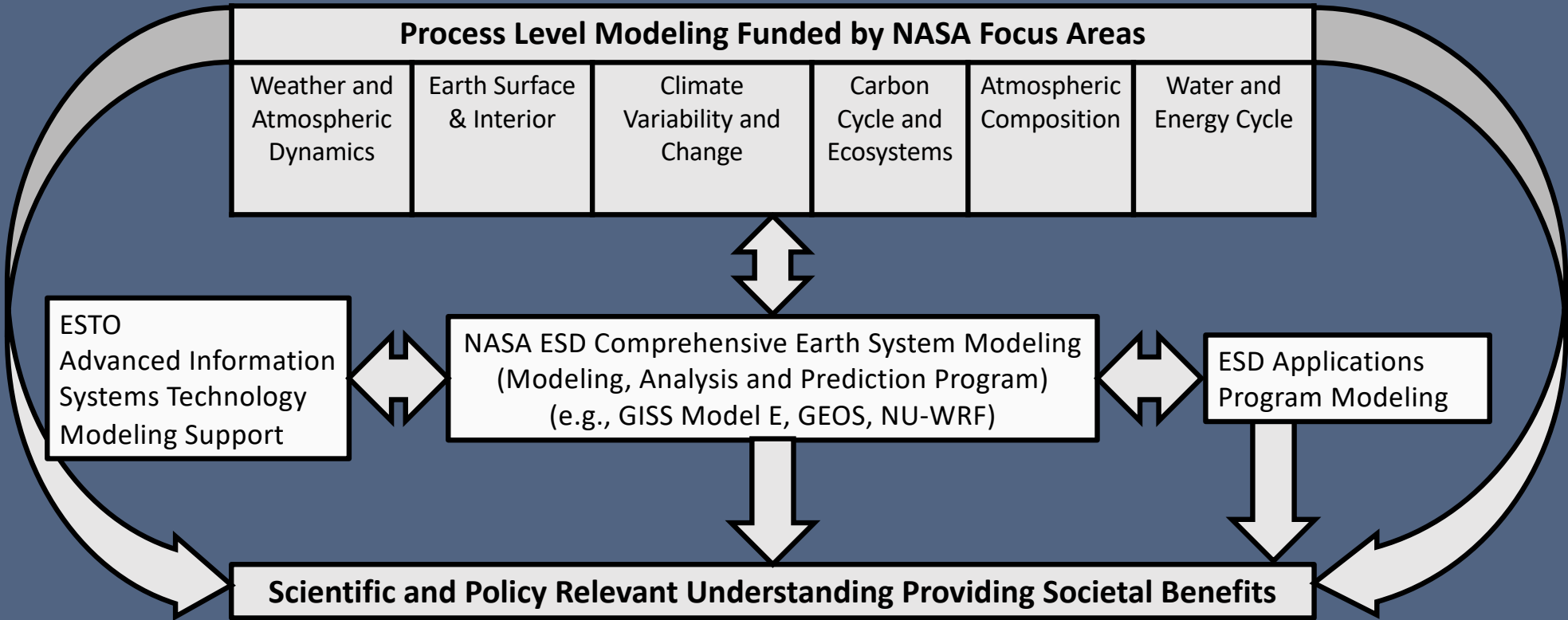
# Earth Venture Suborbital-4 Selected Mission Concepts

Mission	Focus Area	Location(s) Prop.	Platform(s) Prop.	Leadership Team	Size*
PYRocumulonimbus EXperiment (PYREX)	Weather and Atmospheric Dynamics	Palmdale, CA Boise, ID Cold Lake, Alberta	ER-2 WB-57 (or GV) (or perhaps all on B777)	PI: David A. Peterson, Naval Research Laboratory - Monterey, Mid-Career DPI: Neil Lareau, University of Nevada, Reno, Early Career DPI: Olga Kalashnikova, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Late-Career.	Big
Snow4Flow	Climate Variability and Change	Alaska, Arctic Canada, Greenland and Svalbard	DHC-6 Twin Otter DC3-T Basler DHC-4T Turbo Caribou	PI: John W. Holt, University of Arizona, Late-Career DPI: Lauren C. Andrews, NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Early-Career DPI: Joseph A. MacGregor, NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Mid-Career	Big
Landslide Climate Change Experiment	Earth Surface and Interior	California and Alaska	GIII	PI: Alexander Handwerker, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Early-Career DPI: Noah Finnegan, University of California, Santa Cruz, Mid-Career DPI: Seung-Bum Kim, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Late-Career	Small
Hemispheric Airborne Measurements of Air Quality (HAMAQ)	Atmospheric Composition	Mexico (Veracruz Aripot) South Korea (Osan Air Base) Italy (Aviano Air Base)	GV P-3B (Y2/3), B777 (Y4)	PI , James H. Crawford, NASA Langley Research Center, Late Career DPI - Laura Judd, NASA Langley Research Center, Early Career DPI - Brian McDonald, NOAA Chemical Sciences Laboratory, Early Career	Small
Nitrogen and Carbon Terrestrial Fluxes: Agriculture, Atmospheric Composition, and Ecosystems (NTERFAACE)	Atmospheric Composition	Palmdale, CA Lincoln, NE	P-3 or B777 B200, C-23 Sherpa, or King Air	PI: Glenn Wolfe, NASA GSFC, Mid-Career DPI: Emily Fischer, Colorado State University, Mid-Career DPI: Jeffrey Geddes, Boston University, Early Career	Small
FORTE: Arctic Coastlines – Frontlines Of Rapidly Transforming Ecosystems	Carbon Cycle and Ecosystems	Fairbanks, AK UAS from Deadhorse, AK	GV GIII (B200, Twin Otter) Drones	PI: Maria Tzortziou, City University of New York, Mid Career DPI: Antonio Mannino, NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Late Career DPI: J. Blake Clark, NASA GSFC/UMBC, Early Career	Small

\* Proposals selected as small will likely not utilize all locations and/or platforms



# NASA Earth Science Division Modeling Capability



# Key Types of International Engagement

## Observations

- Bilateral cooperation in missions and related science
- Multi-lateral organizationally-mediated cooperation
- Field work (airborne, balloon, surface, shipborne)
- Surface-based measurement networks

## Research, Applications, and Assessment

- Research: WCRP\*, Future Earth\*
- Applications: UN/SDGs, Disasters
- Assessment: IPCC, WMO/UNEP, IPBES, WOA, AMAP
- Internationally-Focused Opportunities

## Education and Capacity Building

- Education: GLOBE
- Capacity Building: SERVIR, ARSET, others

\* NASA supports GEWEX IPO, co-supports CliC IPO (with NSF), and AIMES (Future Earth) IPO, and co-supports GLP IPO (Future Earth, with NSF)



GLOBE 2023 Annual Meeting